

Process Management Interface for Exascale (PMIx) Standard

Version 3.2 (Draft)

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This document describes the Process Management Interface for Exascale (PMIx) Standard, version 3.2 (Draft).

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CHAPTER 1 Introduction

The Process Management Interface (PMI) has been used for quite some time as a means of exchanging wireup information needed for inter-process communication. Two versions (PMI-1 and PMI-2) have been released as part of the MPICH effort, with PMI-2 demonstrating better scaling properties than its PMI-1 predecessor. However, two significant challenges face the High Performance Computing (HPC) community as it continues to move towards machines capable of exaflop and higher performance levels:

- the physical scale of the machines, and the corresponding number of total processes they support, is expected to reach levels approaching 1 million processes executing across 100 thousand nodes. Prior methods for initiating applications relied on exchanging communication endpoint information between the processes, either directly or in some form of hierarchical collective operation. Regardless of the specific mechanism employed, the exchange across such large applications would consume considerable time, with estimates running in excess of 5-10 minutes; and
- whether it be hybrid applications that combine OpenMP threading operations with MPI, or application-steered workflow computations, the HPC community is experiencing an unprecedented wave of new approaches for computing at exascale levels. One common thread across the proposed methods is an increasing need for orchestration between the application and the system management software stack (SMS) comprising the scheduler (a.k.a. the workload manager (WLM)), the resource manager (RM), global file system, fabric, and other subsystems. The lack of available support for application-to-SMS integration has forced researchers to develop "virtual" environments that hide the SMS behind a customized abstraction layer, but this results in considerable duplication of effort and a lack of portability.

Process Management Interface - Exascale (PMIx) represents an attempt to resolve these questions by providing an extended version of the PMI definitions specifically designed to support clusters up to exascale and larger sizes. The overall objective of the project is not to branch the existing definitions – in fact, PMIx fully supports both of the existing PMI-1 and PMI-2 Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) – but rather to:

- a) add flexibility to the existing APIs by adding an array of key-value "attribute" pairs to each API signature that allows implementers to customize the behavior of the API as future needs emerge without having to alter or create new variants of it;
- b) add new APIs that provide extended capabilities such as asynchronous event notification plus dynamic resource allocation and management;

- c) establish a collaboration between SMS subsystem providers including resource manager, fabric, file system, and programming library developers to define integration points between the various subsystems as well as agreed upon definitions for associated APIs, attribute names, and data types;
 - d) form a standards-like body for the definitions; and
 - e) provide a reference implementation of the PMIx standard.
- Complete information about the PMIx standard and affiliated projects can be found at the PMIx
 web site: https://pmix.org

9 1.1 Charter

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- 10 The charter of the PMIx community is to:
- Define a set of agnostic APIs (not affiliated with any specific programming model or code base)
 to support interactions between application processes and the SMS.
- Develop an open source (non-copy-left licensed) standalone "reference" library implementation to facilitate adoption of the PMIx standard.
 - Retain transparent backward compatibility with the existing PMI-1 and PMI-2 definitions, any future PMI releases, and across all PMIx versions.
 - Support the "Instant On" initiative for rapid startup of applications at exascale and beyond.
 - Work with the HPC community to define and implement new APIs that support evolving programming model requirements for application interactions with the SMS.
- 20 Participation in the PMIx community is open to anyone, and not restricted to only code contributors21 to the reference implementation.

22 1.2 PMIx Standard Overview

23The PMIx Standard defines and describes the interface developed by the PMIx Reference24Implementation (PRI). Much of this document is specific to the PMIx Reference25Implementation (PRI)'s design and implementation. Specifically the standard describes the26functionality provided by the PRI, and what the PRI requires of the clients and resource27managers (RMs) that use it's interface.

28 1.2.1 Who should use the standard?

- 29 The PMIx Standard informs PMIx clients and RMs of the syntax and semantics of the PMIx APIs.
- PMIx clients (e.g., tools, Message Passing Environment (MPE) libraries) can use this standard to
 understand the set of attributes provided by various APIs of the PRI and their intended behavior.

 Additional information about the rationale for the selection of specific interfaces and attributes is also provided.

PMIx-enabled RMs can use this standard to understand the expected behavior required of them
when they support various interfaces/attributes. In addition, optional features and suggestions on
behavior are also included in the discussion to help guide RM design and implementation.

6 1.2.2 What is defined in the standard?

The PMIx Standard defines and describes the interface developed by the PMIx Reference
Implementation (PRI). It defines the set of attributes that the PRI supports; the set of attributes that are required of a RM to support, for a given interface; and the set of optional attributes that an RM
may choose to support, for a given interface.

11 1.2.3 What is not defined in the standard?

No standards body can require an implementer to support something in their standard, and PMIx is
no different in that regard. While an implementer of the PMIx library itself must at least include the
standard PMIx headers and instantiate each function, they are free to return "not supported" for any
function they choose not to implement.

- 16This also applies to the host environments. Resource managers and other system management stack17components retain the right to decide on support of a particular function. The PMIx community18continues to look at ways to assist SMS implementers in their decisions by highlighting functions19that are critical to basic application execution (e.g., **PMIx_Get**), while leaving flexibility for20tailoring a vendor's software for their target market segment.
- 21One area where this can become more complicated is regarding the attributes that provide22information to the client process and/or control the behavior of a PMIx standard API. For example,23the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute can be used to specify the time (in seconds) before the requested24operation should time out. The intent of this attribute is to allow the client to avoid "hanging" in a25request that takes longer than the client wishes to wait, or may never return (e.g., a PMIx_Fence26that a blocked participant never enters).
- If an application (for example) truly relies on the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute in a call to
 PMIx_Fence, it should set the required flag in the pmix_info_t for that attribute. This informs
 the library and its SMS host that it must return an immediate error if this attribute is not supported.
 By not setting the flag, the library and SMS host are allowed to treat the attribute as optional,
 ignoring it if support is not available.
- 32 It is therefore critical that users and application implementers:

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- a) consider whether or not a given attribute is required, marking it accordingly; and
- b) check the return status on all PMIx function calls to ensure support was present and that the request was accepted. Note that for non-blocking APIs, a return of PMIX_SUCCESS only indicates that the request had no obvious errors and is being processed the eventual callback will return the status of the requested operation itself.

1While a PMIx library implementer, or an SMS component server, may choose to support a2particular PMIx API, they are not required to support every attribute that might apply to it. This3would pose a significant barrier to entry for an implementer as there can be a broad range of4applicable attributes to a given API, at least some of which may rarely be used. The PMIx5community is attempting to help differentiate the attributes by indicating those that are generally6used (and therefore, of higher importance to support) vs those that a "complete implementation"7would support.

Note that an environment that does not include support for a particular attribute/API pair is not
"incomplete" or of lower quality than one that does include that support. Vendors must decide
where to invest their time based on the needs of their target markets, and it is perfectly reasonable
for them to perform cost/benefit decisions when considering what functions and attributes to
support.

13The flip side of that statement is also true: Users who find that their current vendor does not support14a function or attribute they require may raise that concern with their vendor and request that the15implementation be expanded. Alternatively, users may wish to utilize the PMIx-based Reference16RunTime Environment (PRRTE) as a "shim" between their application and the host environment as17it might provide the desired support until the vendor can respond. Finally, in the extreme, one can18exploit the portability of PMIx-based applications to change vendors.

19 1.2.4 General Guidance for PMIx Users and Implementors

The PMIx Standard defines the behavior of the PMIx Reference Implementation (PRI). A complete system harnessing the PMIx interface requires an agreement between the PMIx client, be it a tool or library, and the PMIx-enabled RM. The PRI acts as an intermediary between these two entities by providing a standard API for the exchange of requests and responses. The degree to which the PMIx client and the PMIx-enabled RM may interact needs to be defined by those developer communities. The PMIx standard can be used to define the specifics of this interaction.

- PMIx clients (e.g., tools, MPE libraries) may find that they depend only on a small subset of
 interfaces and attributes to work correctly. PMIx clients are strongly advised to define a document
 itemizing the PMIx interfaces and associated attributes that are required for correct operation, and
 are optional but recommended for full functionality. The PMIx standard cannot define this list for
 all given PMIx clients, but such a list is valuable to RMs desiring to support these clients.
- PMIx-enabled RMs may choose to implement a subset of the PMIx standard and/or define attributes
 beyond those defined herein. PMIx-enabled RMs are strongly advised to define a document
 itemizing the PMIx interfaces and associated attributes they support, with any annotations about
 behavior limitations. The PMIx standard cannot define this list for all given PMIx-enabled RMs,
 but such a list is valuable to PMIx clients desiring to support a broad range of PMIx-enabled RMs.

36 1.3 PMIx Architecture Overview

This section presents a brief overview of the PMIx Architecture [1]. Note that this is a conceptual
 model solely used to help guide the standards process — it does not represent a design requirement

on any PMIx implementation. Instead, the model is used by the PMIx community as a sounding board for evaluating proposed interfaces and avoid unintentionally imposing constraints on implementers. Built into the model are two guiding principles also reflected in the standard. First, PMIx operates in the mode of a *messenger*, and not a *doer* — i.e., the role of PMIx is to provide communication between the various participants, relaying requests and returning responses. The intent of the standard is not to suggest that PMIx itself actually perform any of the defined operations — this is left to the various SMS elements and/or the application. Any exceptions to that intent are left to the discretion of the particular implementation.

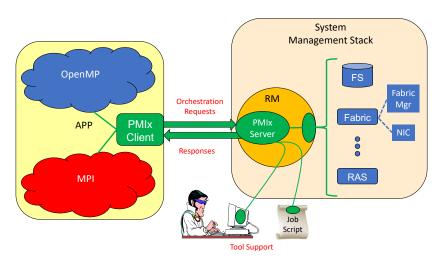


Figure 1.1.: PMIx-SMS Interactions

Thus, as the diagram in Fig. 1.1 shows, the application is built against a PMIx client library that
contains the client-side APIs, attribute definitions, and communication support for interacting with
the local PMIx server. Intra-process cross-library interactions are supported at the client level to
avoid unnecessary burdens on the server. Orchestration requests are sent to the local PMIx server,
which subsequently passes them to the host SMS (here represented by an RM daemon) using the
PMIx server callback functions the host SMS registered during PMIx_server_init. The host SMS
can indicate its lack of support for any operation by simply providing a NULL for the associated
callback function, or can create a function entry that returns not supported when called.

- 17The conceptual model places the burden of fulfilling the request on the host SMS. This includes18performing any inter-node communications, or interacting with other SMS elements. Thus, a client19request for a network traffic report does not go directly from the client to the Fabric Manager (FM),20but instead is relayed to the PMIx server, and then passed to the host SMS for execution. This21architecture reflects the second principle underlying the standard namely, that connectivity is to22be minimized by channeling all application interactions with the SMS through the local PMIx23server.
- 24 Recognizing the burden this places on SMS vendors, the PMIx community has included interfaces

- by which the host can request support from local SMS elements. Once the SMS has transferred the
 request to an appropriate location, a PMIx server interface can be used to pass the request between
 SMS subsystems. For example, a request for network traffic statistics can utilize the PMIx
 networking abstractions to retrieve the information from the FM. This reduces the portability and
 interoperability issues between the individual subsystems by transferring the burden of defining the
 interoperable interfaces from the SMS subsystems to the PMIx community, which continues to
 work with those providers to develop the necessary support.
- Tools, whether standalone or embedded in job scripts, are an exception to the communication rule
 and can connect to any PMIx server providing they are given adequate rendezvous information. The
 PMIx conceptual model views the collection of PMIx servers as a cloud-like conglomerate i.e.,
 orchestration and information requests can be given to any server regardless of location. However,
 tools frequently execute on locations that may not house an operating PMIx server e.g., a users
 notebook computer. Thus, tools need the ability to remotely connect to the PMIx server "cloud".
- 14The scope of the PMIx standard therefore spans the range of these interactions, between15client-and-SMS and between SMS subsystems. Note again that this does not impose a requirement16on any given PMIx implementation to cover the entire range implementers are free to return *not*
- 17 *supported* from any PMIx function.

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18 1.3.1 The PMIx Reference Implementation (PRI)

The PMIx community has committed to providing a complete, reference implementation of each version of the standard. Note that the definition of the PMIx Standard is not contingent upon use of the PMIx Reference Implementation (PRI) — any implementation that supports the defined APIs is a PMIx Standard compliant implementation. The PRI is provided solely for the following purposes:

• Validation of the standard.

No proposed change and/or extension to the PMIx standard is accepted without an accompanying prototype implementation in the PRI. This ensures that the proposal has undergone at least some minimal level of scrutiny and testing before being considered.

• Ease of adoption.

The PRI is designed to be particularly easy for resource managers (and the SMS in general) to adopt, thus facilitating a rapid uptake into that community for application portability. Both client and server PMIx libraries are included, along with examples of client usage and server-side integration. A list of supported environments and versions is maintained on the PMIx web site https://pmix.org/support/faq/what-apis-are-supported-on-my-rm/

The PRI does provide some internal implementations that lie outside the scope of the PMIx standard. This includes several convenience macros as well as support for consolidating collectives for optimization purposes (e.g., the PMIx server aggregates all local **PMIx_Fence** calls before passing them to the SMS for global execution). In a few additional cases, the PMIx community (in partnership with the SMS subsystem providers) have determined that a base level of support for a given operation can best be portably provided by including it in the PRI. 1Instructions for downloading, and installing the PRI are available on the community's web site2https://pmix.org/code/getting-the-reference-implementation/.The PRI targets support for the Linux3operating system. A reasonable effort is made to support all major, modern Linux distributions;4however, validation is limited to the most recent 2-3 releases of RedHat Enterprise Linux (RHEL),5Fedora, CentOS, and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES). In addition, development support is6maintained for Mac OSX. Production support for vendor-specific operating systems is included as7provided by the vendor.

8 1.3.2 The PMIx Reference RunTime Environment (PRRTE)

9 The PMIx community has also released PRRTE — i.e., a runtime environment containing the 10 reference implementation and capable of operating within a host SMS. PRRTE provides an easy 11 way of exploring PMIx capabilities and testing PMIx-based applications outside of a PMIx-enabled 12 environment by providing a "shim" between the application and the host environment that includes 13 full support for the PRI. The intent of PRRTE is not to replace any existing production 14 environment, but rather to enable developers to work on systems that do not yet feature a 15 PMIx-enabled host SMS or one that lacks a PMIx feature of interest. Instructions for downloading, 16 installing, and using PRRTE are available on the community's web site 17 https://pmix.org/code/getting-the-pmix-reference-server/

18 1.4 Organization of this document

19	The remainder of this document is structured as follows:
20	• Introduction and Overview in Chapter 1 on page 1
21	• Terms and Conventions in Chapter 2 on page 13
22	• Data Structures and Types in Chapter 3 on page 18
23	• PMIx Initialization and Finalization in Chapter 4 on page 99
24	• Key/Value Management in Chapter 5 on page 112
25	• Process Management in Chapter 6 on page 141
26	• Job Management in Chapter 7 on page 166
27	• Event Notification in Chapter 8 on page 196
28	• Data Packing and Unpacking in Chapter 9 on page 205
29	• PMIx Server Specific Interfaces in Chapter 11 on page 220

1.5 Version 1.0: June 12, 2015

The PMIx version 1.0 *ad hoc* standard was defined in the PMIx Reference Implementation (PRI) header files as part of the PRI v1.0.0 release prior to the creation of the formal PMIx 2.0 standard. Below are a summary listing of the interfaces defined in the 1.0 headers.

Client APIs

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6	- PMIx_Init, PMIx_Initialized, PMIx_Abort, PMIx_Finalize
7	- PMIx_Put, PMIx_Commit,
8	- PMIx_Fence, PMIx_Fence_nb
9	- PMIx_Get, PMIx_Get_nb
10	- PMIx_Publish, PMIx_Publish_nb
11	- PMIx_Lookup, PMIx_Lookup
12	- PMIx_Unpublish, PMIx_Unpublish_nb
13	- PMIx_Spawn, PMIx_Spawn_nb
14	- PMIx_Connect, PMIx_Connect_nb
15	- PMIx_Disconnect, PMIx_Disconnect_nb
16	- PMIx_Resolve_nodes, PMIx_Resolve_peers
17	• Server APIs
18	- PMIx_server_init, PMIx_server_finalize
19	- PMIx_generate_regex, PMIx_generate_ppn
20	- PMIx_server_register_nspace, PMIx_server_deregister_nspace
21	- PMIx_server_register_client, PMIx_server_deregister_client
22	- PMIx_server_setup_fork, PMIx_server_dmodex_request
23	Common APIs
24	- PMIx_Get_version, PMIx_Store_internal, PMIx_Error_string
25	 PMIx_Register_errhandler, PMIx_Deregister_errhandler, PMIx_Notify_error
26	The PMIx_Init API was subsequently modified in the PRI release v1.1.0.

27 1.6 Version 2.0: Sept. 2018

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The following APIs were introduced in v2.0 of the PMIx Standard:

1	• Client APIs
2	- PMIx_Query_info_nb, PMIx_Log_nb
3 4	- PMIx_Allocation_request_nb, PMIx_Job_control_nb, PMIx_Process_monitor_nb, PMIx_Heartbeat
5	• Server APIs
6	- PMIx_server_setup_application, PMIx_server_setup_local_support
7	• Tool APIs
8	- PMIx_tool_init, PMIx_tool_finalize
9	Common APIs
10	- PMIx_Register_event_handler, PMIx_Deregister_event_handler
11	- PMIx_Notify_event
12	- PMIx_Proc_state_string, PMIx_Scope_string
13	- PMIx_Persistence_string, PMIx_Data_range_string
14	- PMIx_Info_directives_string, PMIx_Data_type_string
15	- PMIx_Alloc_directive_string
16	- PMIx_Data_pack, PMIx_Data_unpack, PMIx_Data_copy
17	- PMIx_Data_print, PMIx_Data_copy_payload
18 19 20 21	The PMIx_Init API was modified in v2.0 of the standard from its <i>ad hoc</i> v1.0 signature to include passing of a pmix_info_t array for flexibility and "future-proofing" of the API. In addition, the PMIx_Notify_error, PMIx_Register_errhandler, and PMIx_Deregister_errhandler APIs were replaced.

22 1.7 Version 2.1: Dec. 2018

- The v2.1 update includes clarifications and corrections from the v2.0 document, plus addition of examples:
 Clarify description of PMIx_Connect and PMIx_Disconnect APIs.
 Explain that values for the PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO are environment-dependent
 Identify the namespace/rank values required for retrieving attribute-associated information using the PMIx_Get API
 Provide definitions for session, job, application, and other terms used throughout the
 - document

- Clarify definitions of **PMIX_UNIV_SIZE** versus **PMIX_JOB_SIZE**
 - Clarify server module function return values
 - Provide examples of the use of **PMIx_Get** for retrieval of information
 - Clarify the use of **PMIx_Get** versus **PMIx_Query_info_nb**
 - Clarify return values for non-blocking APIs and emphasize that callback functions must not be invoked prior to return from the API
 - Provide detailed example for construction of the **PMIx_server_register_nspace** input information array
 - Define information levels (e.g., **session** vs **job**) and associated attributes for both storing and retrieving values
 - Clarify roles of PMIx server library and host environment for collective operations
- Clarify definition of **PMIX_UNIV_SIZE**

13 **1.8 Version 2.2: Jan 2019**

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- 14 The v2.2 update includes the following clarifications and corrections from the v2.1 document:
 - Direct modex upcall function (**pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t**) cannot complete atomically as the API cannot return the requested information except via the provided callback function
 - Add missing pmix_data_array_t definition and support macros
 - Add a rule divider between implementer and host environment required attributes for clarity
 - Add PMIX_QUERY_QUALIFIERS_CREATE macro to simplify creation of pmix_query_t qualifiers
 - Add **PMIX_APP_INFO_CREATE** macro to simplify creation of **pmix_app_t** directives
 - Add flag and **PMIX_INFO_IS_END** macro for marking and detecting the end of a **pmix_info_t** array
 - Clarify the allowed hierarchical nesting of the **PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY**, **PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY**, and associated attributes

27 1.9 Version 3.0: Dec. 2018

- 28 The following APIs were introduced in v3.0 of the PMIx Standard:
- Client APIs
 - PMIx_Log, PMIx_Job_control

1	- PMIx_Allocation_request, PMIx_Process_monitor
2	- PMIx_Get_credential, PMIx_Validate_credential
3	• Server APIs
4	- PMIx_server_IOF_deliver
5	- PMIx_server_collect_inventory, PMIx_server_deliver_inventory
6	• Tool APIs
7	- PMIx_IOF_pull, PMIx_IOF_push, PMIx_IOF_deregister
8	- PMIx_tool_connect_to_server
9	Common APIs
10	- PMIx_IOF_channel_string
11	The document added a chapter on security credentials, a new section for Input/Output (IO)
12	forwarding to the Process Management chapter, and a few blocking forms of previously-existing
13	non-blocking APIs. Attributes supporting the new APIs were introduced, as well as additional
14	attributes for a few existing functions.

16	The v3.1 update includes clarifications and corrections from the v3.0 document:
17 18 19	• Direct modex upcall function (pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t) cannot complete atomically as the API cannot return the requested information except via the provided callback function
20	• Fix typo in name of PMIX_FWD_STDDIAG attribute
21	• Correctly identify the information retrieval and storage attributes as "new" to v3 of the standard
22	 Add missing pmix_data_array_t definition and support macros
23	• Add a rule divider between implementer and host environment required attributes for clarity
24 25	• Add PMIX_QUERY_QUALIFIERS_CREATE macro to simplify creation of pmix_query_t qualifiers
26	 Add PMIX_APP_INFO_CREATE macro to simplify creation of pmix_app_t directives
27 28	• Add new attributes to specify the level of information being requested where ambiguity may exist (see 3.4.11)
29 30	• Add new attributes to assemble information by its level for storage where ambiguity may exist (see 3.4.12)

- Add flag and **PMIX_INFO_IS_END** macro for marking and detecting the end of a **pmix_info_t** array
 - Clarify that **PMIX_NUM_SLOTS** is duplicative of (a) **PMIX_UNIV_SIZE** when used at the **session** level and (b) **PMIX_MAX_PROCS** when used at the **job** and **application** levels, but leave it in for backward compatibility.
 - Clarify difference between **PMIX_JOB_SIZE** and **PMIX_MAX_PROCS**
- Clarify that **PMIx_server_setup_application** must be called per-job instead of per-application as the name implies. Unfortunately, this is a historical artifact. Note that both **PMIX_NODE_MAP** and **PMIX_PROC_MAP** must be included as input in the *info* array provided to that function. Further descriptive explanation of the "instant on" procedure will be provided in the next version of the PMIx Standard.
 - Clarify how the PMIx server expects data passed to the host by <u>pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t</u> should be aggregated across nodes, and provide a code snippet example

15 1.11 Version 3.2: Sept. 2020

- 16 The v3.2 update includes clarifications and corrections from the v3.1 document:
 - Correct an error in the **PMIx_Allocation_request** function signature, and clarify the allocation ID attributes
 - Rename the **PMIX_ALLOC_ID** attribute to **PMIX_ALLOC_REQ_ID** to clarify that this is a string the user provides as a means to identify their request to query status
 - Add a new **PMIX_ALLOC_ID** attribute that contains the identifier (provided by the host environment) for the resulting allocation which can later be used to reference the allocated resources in, for example, a call to **PMIx_Spawn**
 - Update the **PMIx_generate_regex** and **PMIx_generate_ppn** descriptions to clarify that the output from these generator functions may not be a NULL-terminated string, but instead could be a byte array of arbitrary binary content.
 - Add a new **PMIX_REGEX** constant that represents a regular expression data type.

CHAPTER 2 PMIx Terms and Conventions

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The PMIx Standard has adopted the widespread use of key-value *attributes* to add flexibility to the functionality expressed in the existing APIs. Accordingly, the community has chosen to require that the definition of each standard API include the passing of an array of attributes. These provide a means of customizing the behavior of the API as future needs emerge without having to alter or create new variants of it. In addition, attributes provide a mechanism by which researchers can easily explore new approaches to a given operation without having to modify the API itself.

The PMIx community has further adopted a policy that modification of existing released APIs will only be permitted under extreme circumstances. In its effort to avoid introduction of any such backward incompatibility, the community has avoided the definitions of large numbers of APIs that each focus on a narrow scope of functionality, and instead relied on the definition of fewer generic APIs that include arrays of directives for "tuning" the function's behavior. Thus, modifications to the PMIx standard increasingly consist of the definition of new attributes along with a description of the APIs to which they relate and the expected behavior when used with those APIs.

- 14One area where this can become more complicated relates to the attributes that provide directives to15the client process and/or control the behavior of a PMIx standard API. For example, the16PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute can be used to specify the time (in seconds) before the requested17operation should time out. The intent of this attribute is to allow the client to avoid hanging in a18request that takes longer than the client wishes to wait, or may never return (e.g., a PMIx_Fence19that a blocked participant never enters).
- If an application truly relies on the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute in a call to **PMIx_Fence**, it should set the *required* flag in the **pmix_info_t** for that attribute. This informs the library and its SMS host that it must return an immediate error if this attribute is not supported. By not setting the flag, the library and SMS host are allowed to treat the attribute as optional, silently ignoring it if support is not available.

Advice to users ·

It is critical that users and application developers consider whether or not a given attribute is required (marking it accordingly) and always check the return status on all PMIx function calls to ensure support was present and that the request was accepted. Note that for non-blocking APIs, a return of **PMIX_SUCCESS** only indicates that the request had no obvious errors and is being processed. The eventual callback will return the status of the requested operation itself. While a PMIx library implementer, or an SMS component server, may choose to support a particular PMIx API, they are not required to support every attribute that might apply to it. This would pose a significant barrier to entry for an implementer as there can be a broad range of applicable attributes to a given API, at least some of which may rarely be used in a specific market area. The PMIx community is attempting to help differentiate the attributes by indicating in the standard those that are generally used (and therefore, of higher importance to support) versus those that a "complete implementation" would support.

In addition, the document refers to the following entities and process stages when describing use-cases or operations involving PMIx:

- *session* refers to an allocated set of resources assigned to a particular user by the system WLM. Historically, HPC sessions have consisted of a static allocation of resources i.e., a block of resources are assigned to a user in response to a specific request and managed as a unified collection. However, this is changing in response to the growing use of dynamic programming models that require on-the-fly allocation and release of system resources. Accordingly, the term *session* in this document refers to the current block of assigned resources and is a potentially dynamic entity.
- *slot* refers to an allocated entry for a process. WLMs frequently allocate entire nodes to a *session*, but can also be configured to define the maximum number of processes that can simultaneously be executed on each node. This often corresponds to the number of hardware Processing Units (PUs) (typically cores, but can also be defined as hardware threads) on the node. However, the correlation between hardware PUs and slot allocations strictly depends upon system configuration.
- *job* refers to a set of one or more *applications* executed as a single invocation by the user within a session. For example, "*mpiexec -n 1 app1 : -n 2 app2*" is considered a single Multiple Program Multiple Data (MPMD) job containing two applications.
- *namespace* refers to a character string value assigned by the RM to a *job*. All *applications* executed as part of that *job* share the same *namespace*. The *namespace* assigned to each *job* must be unique within the scope of the governing RM.
- *application* refers to a single executable (binary, script, etc.) member of a *job*. Applications consist of one or more *processes*, either operating independently or in parallel at any given time during their execution.
- *rank* refers to the numerical location (starting from zero) of a process within the defined scope. Thus, global rank is the rank of a process within its *job*, while *application rank* is the rank of that process within its *application*.
- *workflow* refers to an orchestrated execution plan frequently spanning multiple *jobs* carried out under the control of a *workflow manager* process. An example workflow might first execute a computational job to generate the flow of liquid through a complex cavity, followed by a visualization job that takes the output of the first job as its input to produce an image output.

1 2 3	• <i>resource manager</i> is used in a generic sense to represent the system that will host the PMIx server library. This could be a vendor's RM, a programming library's RunTime Environment (RTE), or some other agent.
4 5	• <i>host environment</i> is used interchangeably with <i>resource manager</i> to refer to the process hosting the PMIx server library.
6 7 8 9	This document borrows freely from other standards (most notably from the Message Passing Interface (MPI) and OpenMP standards) in its use of notation and conventions in an attempt to reduce confusion. The following sections provide an overview of the conventions used throughout the PMIx Standard document.
10 2.	1 Notational Conventions
11 12	Some sections of this document describe programming language specific examples or APIs. Text that applies only to programs for which the base language is C is shown as follows:
13	C specific text
14	int foo = 42;
15 16	Some text is for information only, and is not part of the normative specification. These take several forms, described in their examples below:
17	Note: General text
	▲ ▼ Rationale
18 19 20	Throughout this document, the rationale for the design choices made in the interface specification is set off in this section. Some readers may wish to skip these sections, while readers interested in interface design may want to read them carefully.
	Advice to users
21 22 23	Throughout this document, material aimed at users and that illustrates usage is set off in this section. Some readers may wish to skip these sections, while readers interested in programming with the PMIx API may want to read them carefully.

Advice to PMIx library implementers ——

Throughout this document, material that is primarily commentary to PMIx library implementers is set off in this section. Some readers may wish to skip these sections, while readers interested in PMIx implementations may want to read them carefully.

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

Throughout this document, material that is primarily commentary aimed at host environments (e.g., RMs and RTEs) providing support for the PMIx server library is set off in this section. Some readers may wish to skip these sections, while readers interested in integrating PMIx servers into their environment may want to read them carefully.

8 2.2 Semantics

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The following terms will be taken to mean:

- *shall, must* and *will* indicate that the specified behavior is *required* of all conforming implementations
- *should* and *may* indicate behaviors that a complete implementation would include, but are not required of all conforming implementations

4 2.3 Naming Conventions

15	The PMIX standard has adopted the following conventions:
16	• PMIx constants and attributes are prefixed with PMIX .
17	• Structures and type definitions are prefixed with pmix .
18	• Underscores are used to separate words in a function or variable name.
19 20	• Lowercase letters are used in PMIx client APIs except for the PMIx prefix (noted below) and the first letter of the word following it. For example, PMIx_Get_version .
21 22	 PMIx server and tool APIs are all lower case letters following the prefix - e.g., PMIx_server_register_nspace.
23	• The PMIx _ prefix is used to denote functions.
24	• The pmix _ prefix is used to denote function pointer and type definitions.
25 26	Users should not use the PMIX , PMIX , or pmix prefixes in their applications or libraries so as to avoid symbol conflicts with current and later versions of the PMIX standard and implementations

such as the PRI.

1 2.4 Procedure Conventions

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While the current PMIx Reference Implementation (PRI) is solely based on the C programming language, it is not the intent of the PMIx Standard to preclude the use of other languages. Accordingly, the procedure specifications in the PMIx Standard are written in a language-independent syntax with the arguments marked as IN, OUT, or INOUT. The meanings of these are:

- IN: The call may use the input value but does not update the argument from the perspective of the caller at any time during the calls execution,
 - OUT: The call may update the argument but does not use its input value
- INOUT: The call may both use and update the argument.

11 2.5 Standard vs Reference Implementation

12The *PMIx Standard* is implementation independent. The *PMIx Reference Implementation* (PRI) is13one implementation of the Standard and the PMIx community strives to ensure that it fully14implements the Standard. Given its role as the community's testbed and its widespread use, this15document cites the attributes supported by the PRI for each API where relevant by marking them in16red. This is not meant to imply nor confer any special role to the PRI with respect to the Standard17itself, but instead to provide a convenience to users of the Standard and PRI.

Similarly, the *PMIx Reference RunTime Environment* (PRRTE) is provided by the community to
 enable users operating in non-PMIx environments to develop and execute PMIx-enabled
 applications and tools. Attributes supported by the PRRTE are marked in green.

CHAPTER 3 Data Structures and Types

This chapter defines PMIx standard data structures (along with macros for convenient use), types, and constants. These apply to all consumers of the PMIx interface. Where necessary for clarification, the description of, for example, an attribute may be copied from this chapter into a section where it is used.

A PMIx implementation may define additional attributes beyond those specified in this document.

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

Structures, types, and macros in the PMIx Standard are defined in terms of the C-programming language. Implementers wishing to support other languages should provide the equivalent definitions in a language-appropriate manner.

If a PMIx implementation chooses to define additional attributes they should avoid using the **PMIX** prefix in their name or starting the attribute string with a *pmix* prefix. This helps the end user distinguish between what is defined by the PMIx standard and what is specific to that PMIx implementation, and avoids potential conflicts with attributes defined by the standard.

Advice to users —

Use of increment/decrement operations on indices inside PMIx macros is discouraged due to unpredictable behavior. For example, the following sequence:

```
PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&array[n++], "mykey", &mystring, PMIX_STRING);
PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&array[n++], "mykey2", &myint, PMIX_INT);
```

will load the given key-values into incorrect locations if the macro is implemented as:

```
define PMIX_INFO_LOAD(m, k, v, t) 
    do {
        if (NULL != (k)) {
            pmix_strncpy((m)->key, (k), PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN); \
            }
            (m)->flags = 0; 
            pmix_value_load(&((m)->value), (v), (t)); \
            while (0)
```

since the index is cited more than once in the macro. The PMIx standard only governs the existence and syntax of macros - it does not specify their implementation. Given the freedom of implementation, a safer call sequence might be as follows:

```
1
           PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&array[n], "mykey", &mystring, PMIX_STRING);
2
           ++n;
3
           PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&array[n], "mykey2", &myint, PMIX_INT);
4
           ++n;
```

3.1 **Constants** 5

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6 PMIx defines a few values that are used throughout the standard to set the size of fixed arrays or as a means of identifying values with special meaning. The community makes every attempt to 8 minimize the number of such definitions. The constants defined in this section may be used before 9 calling any PMIx library initialization routine. Additional constants associated with specific data 10 structures or types are defined in the section describing that data structure or type.

11	PMIX_MAX_NSLEN Maximum namespace string length as an integer.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
12	PMIX_MAX_NSLEN should have a minimum value of 63 characters. Namespace arrays in PMIx
13	defined structures must reserve a space of size PMIX_MAX_NSLEN+1 to allow room for the NULL
14	terminator
15	PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN Maximum key string length as an integer.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
16	PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN should have a minimum value of 63 characters. Key arrays in PMIx defined
17	structures must reserve a space of size PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN +1 to allow room for the NULL
18	terminator

3.1.1 PMIx Error Constants 1

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2 The **pmix_status_t** structure is an **int** type for return status.

The tables shown in this section define the possible values for **pmix** status t. PMIx errors are required to always be negative, with 0 reserved for **PMIX_SUCCESS**. Values in the list that were deprecated in later standards are denoted as such. Values added to the list in this version of the standard are shown in magenta.

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

A PMIx implementation must define all of the constants defined in this section, even if they will never return the specific value to the caller.

Advice to users ——

Other than **PMIX_SUCCESS** (which is required to be zero), the actual value of any PMIx error 9 10 constant is left to the PMIx library implementer. Thus, users are advised to always refer to constant by name, and not a specific implementation's value, for portability between implementations and 11 12 compatibility across library versions.

3.1.1.1 General Error Constants

13 14 These are general constants originally defined in versions 1 and 2 of the PMIx Standard. PMIX SUCCESS Success 15 16 PMIX ERROR General Error 17 Silent error PMIX ERR SILENT 18 PMIX ERR DEBUGGER RELEASE Error in debugger release 19 PMIX ERR PROC RESTART Fault tolerance: Error in process restart 20 Fault tolerance: Error in process checkpoint PMIX ERR PROC CHECKPOINT 21 PMIX ERR PROC MIGRATE Fault tolerance: Error in process migration 22 PMIX_ERR_PROC_ABORTED Process was aborted Process is already requested to abort 23 PMIX ERR PROC REQUESTED ABORT PMIX ERR_PROC_ABORTING 24 Process is being aborted 25 PMIX ERR SERVER FAILED REQUEST Failed to connect to the server 26 PMIX EXISTS Requested operation would overwrite an existing value 27 PMIX ERR INVALID CRED Invalid security credentials 28 Connection handshake failed PMIX ERR HANDSHAKE FAILED 29 PMIX_ERR_READY_FOR_HANDSHAKE Ready for handshake PMIX ERR WOULD BLOCK Operation would block 30 31 PMIX ERR UNKNOWN DATA TYPE Unknown data type 32 Process not found PMIX_ERR_PROC_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND 33 PMIX ERR TYPE MISMATCH Invalid type 34 PMIX ERR UNPACK INADEQUATE SPACE Inadequate space to unpack data

1	PMIX_ERR_UNPACK_FAILURE Unpack failed
2	PMIX_ERR_PACK_FAILURE Pack failed
3	PMIX_ERR_PACK_MISMATCH Pack mismatch
4	PMIX_ERR_NO_PERMISSIONS No permissions
5	PMIX_ERR_TIMEOUT Timeout expired
6	PMIX_ERR_UNREACH Unreachable
7	PMIX_ERR_IN_ERRNO Error defined in errno
8	PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM Bad parameter
9	PMIX_ERR_RESOURCE_BUSY Resource busy
10	PMIX_ERR_OUT_OF_RESOURCE Resource exhausted
11	PMIX_ERR_DATA_VALUE_NOT_FOUND Data value not found
12	PMIX_ERR_INIT Error during initialization
13	PMIX_ERR_NOMEM Out of memory
14	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_ARG Invalid argument
15	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_KEY Invalid key
16	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_KEY_LENGTH Invalid key length
17	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_VAL Invalid value
18	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_VAL_LENGTH Invalid value length
19	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_LENGTH Invalid argument length
20	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_NUM_ARGS Invalid number of arguments
21	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_ARGS Invalid arguments
22	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_NUM_PARSED Invalid number parsed
23	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_KEYVALP Invalid key/value pair
24	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_SIZE Invalid size
25	PMIX_ERR_INVALID_NAMESPACE Invalid namespace
26	PMIX_ERR_SERVER_NOT_AVAIL Server is not available
27	PMIX_ERR_NOT_FOUND Not found
28	PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED Not supported
29	PMIX_ERR_NOT_IMPLEMENTED Not implemented
30	PMIX_ERR_COMM_FAILURE Communication failure
31	PMIX_ERR_UNPACK_READ_PAST_END_OF_BUFFER Unpacking past the end of the buffer
32	provided
33	PMIX_ERR_LOST_CONNECTION_TO_SERVER Lost connection to server
34	PMIX_ERR_LOST_PEER_CONNECTION Lost connection to peer
35	PMIX_ERR_LOST_CONNECTION_TO_CLIENT Lost connection to client
36	PMIX_QUERY_PARTIAL_SUCCESS Query partial success (used by query system)
37	PMIX_NOTIFY_ALLOC_COMPLETE Notify that allocation is complete
38	PMIX_JCTRL_CHECKPOINT Job control: Monitored by PMIx client to trigger checkpoint
39	operation
40	PMIX_JCTRL_CHECKPOINT_COMPLETE Job control: Sent by PMIx client and monitored
41	by PMIx server to notify that requested checkpoint operation has completed.
42	PMIX_JCTRL_PREEMPT_ALERT Job control: Monitored by PMIx client to detect an RM
43	intending to preempt the job.

1		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_ALERT Job monitoring: Heartbeat alert
2		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_ALERT Job monitoring: File alert
3		PMIX_PROC_TERMINATED Process terminated - can be either normal or abnormal
4		termination
5		PMIX_ERR_INVALID_TERMINATION Process terminated without calling
6		PMIx_Finalize , or was a member of an assemblage formed via PMIx_Connect and
7		terminated or called PMIx_Finalize without first calling PMIx_Disconnect (or its
8		non-blocking form) from that assemblage.
9	3.1.1.2	Operational Error Constants
10		PMIX_ERR_EVENT_REGISTRATION Error in event registration
11		PMIX_ERR_JOB_TERMINATED Error job terminated
12		PMIX_ERR_UPDATE_ENDPOINTS Error updating endpoints
13		PMIX_MODEL_DECLARED Model declared
14		PMIX_GDS_ACTION_COMPLETE The global data storage (GDS) action has completed
15		PMIX_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION The requested operation is supported by the
16		implementation and host environment, but fails to meet a requirement (e.g., requesting to
17		disconnect from processes without first connecting to them).
18		PMIX_PROC_HAS_CONNECTED A tool or client has connected to the PMIx server
19		PMIX_CONNECT_REQUESTED Connection has been requested by a PMIx-based tool
20		PMIX_MODEL_RESOURCES Resource usage by a programming model has changed
21		PMIX_OPENMP_PARALLEL_ENTERED An OpenMP parallel code region has been entered
22		PMIX_OPENMP_PARALLEL_EXITED An OpenMP parallel code region has completed
23		PMIX LAUNCH DIRECTIVE Launcher directives have been received from a PMIx-enabled
24		tool
25		PMIX_LAUNCHER_READY Application launcher (e.g., mpiexec) is ready to receive directives
26		from a PMIx-enabled tool
27		PMIX_OPERATION_IN_PROGRESS A requested operation is already in proigress
28		PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED The requested operation was performed atomically - no
29		callback function will be executed
		• •
30	3.1.1.3	System error constants
31		PMIX_ERR_NODE_DOWN Node down
32		PMIX ERR NODE OFFLINE Node is marked as offline
33		PMIX_ERR_SYS_OTHER Mark the beginning of a dedicated range of constants for system
34		event reporting.
	0 1 1 1	Front handlen annen annetenta
35	3.1.1.4	Event handler error constants
36		PMIX_EVENT_NO_ACTION_TAKEN Event handler: No action taken
37		PMIX_EVENT_PARTIAL_ACTION_TAKEN Event handler: Partial action taken
38		PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_DEFERRED Event handler: Action deferred
39		PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_COMPLETE Event handler: Action complete

1 3.1.1.5 User-Defined Error Constants

- PMIx establishes an error code boundary for constants defined in the PMIx standard. Negative
 values larger than this (and any positive values greater than zero) are guaranteed not to conflict with
 PMIx values.
- 5 PMIX_EXTERNAL_ERR_BASE A starting point for user-level defined error constants.
 6 Negative values lower than this are guaranteed not to conflict with PMIx values. Definitions
 7 should always be based on the PMIX_EXTERNAL_ERR_BASE constant and not a specific
 8 value as the value of the constant may change.

9 3.1.2 Macros for use with PMIx constants

10 3.1.2.1 Detect system event constant

11 Test a given error constant to see if it falls within the dedicated range of constants for system event 12 reporting.

PMIx v2.2	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
13	PMIX_SYSTEM_EVENT (a)
	C
14	IN a
15	Error constant to be checked (pmix_status_t)
16	Returns true if the provided values falls within the dedicated range of constants for system event

16 Returns **true** if the provided values falls within the dedicated range of constants 17 reporting

18 3.2 Data Types

This section defines various data types used by the PMIx APIs. The version of the standard inwhich a particular data type was introduced is shown in the margin.

21 3.2.1 Key Structure

 22
 The pmix_key_t structure is a statically defined character array of length

 23
 PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN+1, thus supporting keys of maximum length PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN while

 24
 preserving space for a mandatory NULL terminator.

 PMIX_W2 0
 C

PMIx v2.0

25 typedef char pmix_key_t[PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN+1];

26 Characters in the key must be standard alphanumeric values supported by common utilities such as 27 *strcmp*.

С

Advice to users 1 References to keys in PMIx v1 rwere defined simply as an array of characters of size 2 PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN+1. The pmix_key_t type definition was introduced in version 2 of the 3 standard. The two definitions are code-compatible and thus do not represent a break in backward 4 compatibility. 5 Passing a pmix_key_t value to the standard sizeof utility can result in compiler warnings of 6 incorrect returned value. Users are advised to avoid using sizeof(pmix_key_t) and instead rely on 7 the PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN constant.

8 3.2.1.1 Key support macro

9	Compare the key in a pmix_info_t to a given value
PMIx v3.0) • C
10	PMIX_CHECK_KEY(a, b)
	C
11	IN a
12	Pointer to the structure whose key is to be checked (pointer to pmix_info_t)
13	INь
14	String value to be compared against (char*)
15	Returns true if the key matches the given value

16 3.2.2 Namespace Structure

17	The pmix_nspace_t structure is a statically defined character array of length		
18	PMIX_MAX_NSLEN+1, thus supporting namespaces of maximum length PMIX_MAX_NSLEN		
19	while preserving space for a mandatory NULL terminator.		
PMIx v2.0	• C • • •		
20	<pre>typedef char pmix_nspace_t[PMIX_MAX_NSLEN+1];</pre>		
	C		

Characters in the namespace must be standard alphanumeric values supported by common utilities
 such as *strcmp*.

Advice to users References to namespace values in PMIx v1 rwere defined simply as an array of characters of size PMIX_MAX_NSLEN+1. The pmix_nspace_t type definition was introduced in version 2 of the standard. The two definitions are code-compatible and thus do not represent a break in backward compatibility. Passing a pmix_nspace_t value to the standard *sizeof* utility can result in compiler warnings of incorrect returned value. Users are advised to avoid using *sizeof(pmix_nspace_t)* and instead rely on the PMIX_MAX_NSLEN constant.

8 3.2.2.1 Namespace support macro

9	Compare the string in a pmix_nspace_t to a given value			
PMIx v3.0	• C•			
10	PMIX_CHECK_NSPACE(a, b)			
	C			
11	IN a			
12	Pointer to the structure whose value is to be checked (pointer to pmix_nspace_t)			
13	IN b			
14	String value to be compared against (char*)			
15	Returns true if the namespace matches the given value			

16 3.2.3 Rank Structure

24

25

26

27

28

The **pmix** rank t structure is a **uint32** t type for rank values.

PMIx v1.0	•	С	•
18	typedef uint32_t pmix_rank_t;		
		C	N.

The following constants can be used to set a variable of the type pmix_rank_t. All definitions
 were introduced in version 1 of the standard unless otherwise marked. Valid rank values start at
 zero.
 PMIX_RANK_UNDEF A value to request job-level data where the information itself is not
 associated with any specific rank, or when passing a pmix proc t identifier to an

- associated with any specific rank, or when passing a **pmix_proc_t** identifier to an operation that only references the namespace field of that structure.
- **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** A value to indicate that the user wants the data for the given key from every rank that posted that key.
- **PMIX_RANK_LOCAL_NODE** Special rank value used to define groups of ranks. This constant defines the group of all ranks on a local node.

1	PMIX_RANK_LOCAL_PEERS Special rank value used to define groups of rankss. This
2	constant defines the group of all ranks on a local node within the same namespace as the
3	current process.
4	PMIX_RANK_INVALID An invalid rank value.
5	PMIX_RANK_VALID Define an upper boundary for valid rank values.

6 3.2.4 Process Structure

7 The pmix_proc_t structure is used to identify a single process in the PMIx universe. It contains
8 a reference to the namespace and the pmix_rank_t within that namespace.

13 3.2.5 Process structure support macros

14 The following macros are provided to support the **pmix_proc_t** structure.

15 3.2.5.1 Initialize the pmix_proc_t structure

- 16 PMIX_PROC_CONSTRUCT
- 17 Initialize the **pmix_proc_t** fields

m

- PMIx v1.0
- 18 PMIX_PROC_CONSTRUCT (m)

IN

T

- 19
- 20

Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to **pmix proc t**)

С

С

21 3.2.5.2 Destruct the pmix_proc_t structure

There is nothing to release here as the fields in **pmix_proc_t** are all declared *static*. However, the macro is provided for symmetry in the code and for future-proofing should some allocated field be included some day.

1	3.2.5.3	Create a pmix_proc_t array
2		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_proc_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C•
3		PMIX_PROC_CREATE (m, n)
4 5 6 7		<pre>INOUT m Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_proc_t structures shall be stored (handle) IN n Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)</pre>
8	3.2.5.4	Free apmix_proc_t array
9		Release an array of pmix_proc_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C•
10		PMIX_PROC_FREE (m, n)
11 12 13 14		<pre>IN m Pointer to the array of pmix_proc_t structures (handle) IN n Number of structures in the array (size_t)</pre>
15	3.2.5.5	Load apmix_proc_t structure
16		Load values into a pmix_proc_t
	PMIx v2.0	C
17		PMIX_PROC_LOAD (m, n, r)
18		IN m
19 20		Pointer to the structure to be loaded (pointer to pmix_proc_t) IN n
20 21		Namespace to be loaded (pmix_nspace_t)
22		IN r
23		Rank to be assigned (pmix_rank_t)

1 3.2.5.6 Compare identifiers

0.2.3.0	Compare identifiers	
2	Compare two pmix_proc_t identifiers	
PMIx v3.0	• C•	
3	PMIX_CHECK_PROCID(a, b)	
4	IN a	
5	Pointer to a structure whose ID is to be compared (pointer to pmix_proc_t)	
6	IN b	
7	Pointer to a structure whose ID is to be compared (pointer to pmix_proc_t)	
8	Returns true if the two structures contain matching namespaces and:	
9	• the ranks are the same value	
10	• one of the ranks is PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD	
11 3.2.6	Process State Structure	
12 <i>PMIx v2.0</i> 13 14	The pmix_proc_state_t structure is a uint8_t type for process state values. The following constants can be used to set a variable of the type pmix_proc_state_t . All values were originally defined in version 2 of the standard unless otherwise marked.	
	Advice to users	
15	The fine-grained nature of the following constants may exceed the ability of an RM to provide	
16	updated process state values during the process lifetime. This is particularly true of states in the	
17	launch process, and for short-lived processes.	
18	PMIX_PROC_STATE_UNDEF Undefined process state	
19	PMIX_PROC_STATE_PREPPED Process is ready to be launched	
20	PMIX_PROC_STATE_LAUNCH_UNDERWAY Process launch is underway	
21	PMIX_PROC_STATE_RESTART Process is ready for restart	
22	PMIX_PROC_STATE_TERMINATE Process is marked for termination	
23	PMIX_PROC_STATE_RUNNING Process has been locally fork 'ed by the RM	
24	PMIX_PROC_STATE_CONNECTED Process has connected to PMIx server	
25	PMIX_PROC_STATE_UNTERMINATED Define a "boundary" between the terminated states	
26	and PMIX_PROC_STATE_CONNECTED so users can easily and quickly determine if a	
27	process is still running or not. Any value less than this constant means that the process has not	
28	terminated.	
29	PMIX_PROC_STATE_TERMINATED Process has terminated and is no longer running	
30	PMIX_PROC_STATE_ERROR Define a boundary so users can easily and quickly determine if	
31	a process abnormally terminated. Any value above this constant means that the process has	
32	terminated abnormally.	

1	PMIX_PROC_STATE_KILLED_BY_CMD Process was killed by a command
2	PMIX_PROC_STATE_ABORTED Process was aborted by a call to PMIx_Abort
3	PMIX_PROC_STATE_FAILED_TO_START Process failed to start
4	PMIX_PROC_STATE_ABORTED_BY_SIG Process aborted by a signal
5	PMIX_PROC_STATE_TERM_WO_SYNC Process exited without calling PMIx_Finalize
6	PMIX_PROC_STATE_COMM_FAILED Process communication has failed
7	PMIX_PROC_STATE_CALLED_ABORT Process called PMIx_Abort
8	PMIX_PROC_STATE_MIGRATING Process failed and is waiting for resources before
9	restarting
10	PMIX_PROC_STATE_CANNOT_RESTART Process failed and cannot be restarted
11	PMIX_PROC_STATE_TERM_NON_ZERO Process exited with a non-zero status
12	PMIX_PROC_STATE_FAILED_TO_LAUNCH Unable to launch process

13 3.2.7 Process Information Structure

14 The **pmix_proc_info_t** structure defines a set of information about a specific process 15 including it's name, location, and state.

```
С
  PMIx v2.0
16
            typedef struct pmix_proc_info {
                /** Process structure */
17
18
                pmix_proc_t proc;
                /** Hostname where process resides */
19
20
                char *hostname;
                /** Name of the executable */
21
22
                char *executable_name;
23
                /** Process ID on the host */
24
                pid t pid;
25
                /** Exit code of the process. Default: 0 */
26
                int exit code;
                /** Current state of the process */
27
                pmix proc state t state;
28
29
            } pmix_proc_info_t;
                                              C
```

30 3.2.8 Process Information Structure support macros

31

The following macros are provided to support the **pmix_proc_info_t** structure.

1	3.2.8.1	Initialize the pmix_proc_info_t structure
2		Initialize the pmix_proc_info_t fields
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
3		PMIX_PROC_INFO_CONSTRUCT (m)
		C
4		IN m
5		Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_proc_info_t)
6	3.2.8.2	Destruct the pmix_proc_info_t structure
7		Destruct the pmix_proc_info_t fields
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
8		PMIX_PROC_INFO_DESTRUCT (m)
		• C
9		IN m
10		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_proc_info_t)
11	3.2.8.3	Create a pmix_proc_info_t array
12		Allocate and initialize a pmix_proc_info_t array
12	PMIx v2.0	
13	PMIX V2.0	PMIX_PROC_INFO_CREATE (m, n)
15		
		INOUT m
14 15		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_proc_info_t structures shall be stored
16		(handle)
17		IN n
18		Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
19	3.2.8.4	Free apmix_proc_info_t array
20		Release an array of pmix_proc_info_t structures
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
21		PMIX_PROC_INFO_FREE(m, n)
		• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
22		IN m
23		Pointer to the array of pmix_proc_info_t structures (handle)
24		IN n
25		Number of structures in the array (size_t)

1 3.2.9 Scope of Put Data

The **pmix_scope_t** structure is a **uint8_t** type that defines the scope for data passed to 2 PMIx v1.03 **PMIx_Put**. The following constants can be used to set a variable of the type **pmix_scope_t**. 4 All definitions were introduced in version 1 of the standard unless otherwise marked. 5 Specific implementations may support different scope values, but all implementations must support 6 at least **PMIX_GLOBAL**. If a scope value is not supported, then the **PMIX_Put** call must return 7 PMIX ERR NOT SUPPORTED. 8 PMIX SCOPE UNDEF Undefined scope 9 The data is intended only for other application processes on the same node. PMIX LOCAL 10 Data marked in this way will not be included in data packages sent to remote requestors — 11 i.e., it is only available to processes on the local node. 12 PMIX REMOTE The data is intended solely for applications processes on remote nodes. Data 13 marked in this way will not be shared with other processes on the same node — i.e., it is only 14 available to processes on remote nodes. 15 PMIX GLOBAL The data is to be shared with all other requesting processes, regardless of 16 location. 17 PMIx v2.0 PMIX INTERNAL The data is intended solely for this process and is not shared with other 18 processes.

19 3.2.10 Range of Published Data

20*PMIx v1.0*The **pmix_data_range_t** structure is a **uint8_t** type that defines a range for data *published*21via functions other than **PMIx_Put** - e.g., the **PMIx_Publish** API. The following constants can22be used to set a variable of the type **pmix_data_range_t**. Several values were initially defined23in version 1 of the standard but subsequently renamed and other values added in version 2. Thus, all24values shown below are as they were defined in version 2 except where noted.

25 PMIX RANGE UNDEF Undefined range 26 PMIX RANGE RM Data is intended for the host resource manager. 27 PMIX_RANGE_LOCAL Data is only available to processes on the local node. 28 PMIX RANGE NAMESPACE Data is only available to processes in the same namespace. 29 PMIX_RANGE_SESSION Data is only available to all processes in the session. 30 PMIX_RANGE_GLOBAL Data is available to all processes. 31 PMIX RANGE CUSTOM Range is specified in the **pmix** info t associated with this call. 32 Data is only available to this process. PMIX RANGE PROC LOCAL 33 Invalid value PMIX RANGE INVALID Advice to users 34 The names of the **pmix_data_range_t** values changed between version 1 and version 2 of the 35 standard, thereby breaking backward compatibility

1 3.2.11 Data Persistence Structure

2 PMIx v1.0	The pmix_persistence_t structure is a uint8_t type that defines the policy for data
3	published by clients via the PMIx_Publish API. The following constants can be used to set a
4	variable of the type pmix_persistence_t . All definitions were introduced in version 1 of the
5	standard unless otherwise marked.
6	PMIX_PERSIST_INDEF Retain data until specifically deleted.
7	PMIX_PERSIST_FIRST_READ Retain data until the first access, then the data is deleted.
8	PMIX_PERSIST_PROC Retain data until the publishing process terminates.
9	PMIX_PERSIST_APP Retain data until the application terminates.
10	PMIX_PERSIST_SESSION Retain data until the session/allocation terminates.
11	PMIX_PERSIST_INVALID Invalid value

12 3.2.12 Data Array Structure

			C	
	PMIx v2.0		0	
13		typedef struct pmix_data_array		
14		<pre>pmix_data_type_t type;</pre>		
15		size_t size;		
16		<pre>void *array;</pre>		
17		<pre>pmix_data_array_t;</pre>		
			C	
			0	

18 The pmix_data_array_t structure is used to pass arrays of related values. Any PMIx data
 19 type (including complex structures) can be included in the array.

20 3.2.13 Data array structure support macros

21 The following macros are provided to support the **pmix_data_array_t** structure.

22 3.2.13.1 Initialize the pmix_data_array_t structure

23 Initialize the **pmix_data_array_t** fields, allocating memory for the array itself.

PMIx v2.2		C
24	PMIX	L_DATA_ARRAY_CONSTRUCT (m, n, t)
0.5		C
25	IN	m
26]	Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)
27	IN	n
28]	Number of elements in the array (size_t)
29	IN	t
30]	PMIx data type for the array elements (pmix_data_type_t)

1	3.2.13.2	Destruct the <pre>pmix_data_array_t structure</pre>
2		Destruct the pmix_data_array_t fields, releasing the array's memory.
	PMIx v2.2	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3		PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_DESTRUCT (m)
4 5		IN m Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)
6	3.2.13.3	Create and initialize a pmix_data_array_t object
7 8		Allocate and initialize a pmix_data_array_t structure and initialize it, allocating memory for the array itself as well.
	PMIx v2.2	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9		<pre>PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_CREATE(m, n, t) C</pre>
10		INOUT m
11		Address where the pointer to the pmix_data_array_t structure shall be stored (handle)
12		IN n
13		Number of elements in the array (size_t)
14 15		IN t PMIx data type for the array elements (pmix_data_type_t)
16	3.2.13.4	Free apmix_data_array_t object
17		Release a pmix_data_array_t structure, including releasing the array's memory.
	PMIx v2.2	
18		PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_FREE (m)
19 20		IN m Pointer to the pmix_data_array_t structure (handle)

3.2.14 Value Structure 1

The **pmix_value_t** structure is used to represent the value passed to **PMIx_Put** and retrieved 2 by **PMIx_Get**, as well as many of the other PMIx functions. 3

A collection of values may be specified under a single key by passing a pmix_value_t 4 containing an array of type **pmix_data_array_t**, with each array element containing its own 5 object. All members shown below were introduced in version 1 of the standard unless otherwise 6 7 marked. С

PMIx v10

1 101100 0 11.0		
8	typedef struct pmix_value {	
9	<pre>pmix_data_type_t type;</pre>	
10	union {	
11	bool flag;	
12	uint8_t byte;	
13	char *string;	
14	size_t size;	
15	<pre>pid_t pid;</pre>	
16	int integer;	
17	<pre>int8_t int8;</pre>	
18	<pre>int16_t int16;</pre>	
19	<pre>int32_t int32;</pre>	
20	<pre>int64_t int64;</pre>	
21	unsigned int uint;	
22	uint8_t uint8;	
23	<pre>uint16_t uint16;</pre>	
24	<pre>uint32_t uint32;</pre>	
25	uint64_t uint64;	
26	float fval;	
27	double dval;	
28	struct timeval tv;	
29	<pre>time_t time;</pre>	// version 2.0
30	<pre>pmix_status_t status;</pre>	// version 2.0
31	<pre>pmix_rank_t rank;</pre>	// version 2.0
32	<pre>pmix_proc_t *proc;</pre>	// version 2.0
33	<pre>pmix_byte_object_t bo;</pre>	
34	<pre>pmix_persistence_t persist;</pre>	
35	<pre>pmix_scope_t scope;</pre>	// version 2.0
36	<pre>pmix_data_range_t range;</pre>	// version 2.0
37	<pre>pmix_proc_state_t state;</pre>	// version 2.0
38	<pre>pmix_proc_info_t *pinfo;</pre>	// version 2.0
39	pmix_data_array_t *darray;	// version 2.0
40	<pre>void *ptr;</pre>	// version 2.0
41	<pre>pmix_alloc_directive_t adir;</pre>	// version 2.0

} data;
} pmix_value_t;

1 2

3	3.2.15	Value structure support macros
4		The following macros are provided to support the pmix_value_t structure.
5	3.2.15.1	Initialize the pmix value t structure
6 7	PMIx v1.0	Initialize the pmix_value_t fields PMIX_VALUE_CONSTRUCT (m) C
8 9		<pre>IN m Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_value_t)</pre>
10	3.2.15.2	Destruct the <pre>pmix_value_t structure</pre>
11 12	PMIx v1.0	Destruct the pmix_value_t fields PMIX_VALUE_DESTRUCT (m)
		C
13 14		<pre>IN m Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_value_t)</pre>
15	3.2.15.3	Create a pmix_value_t array
16		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_value_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C •
17		PMIX_VALUE_CREATE (m, n)
18 19 20 21		<pre>INOUT m Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_value_t structures shall be stored (handle) IN n Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)</pre>

С

1	3.2.15.4	Free apmix_value_t array	
2		Release an array of pmix_value_t structures	
	PMIx v1.0	• C	
3		PMIX_VALUE_FREE (m, n)	
4		IN m	
5		Pointer to the array of pmix_value_t structures (handle)	
6		IN n	
7		Number of structures in the array (size_t)	
8	3.2.15.5	Load a value structure	
9		Summary	
10		Load data into a pmix_value_t structure.	
	PMIx v2.0	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
11		PMIX_VALUE_LOAD(v, d, t);	
12		IN v	
13		The pmix_value_t into which the data is to be loaded (pointer to pmix_value_t)	
14			
15 16		Pointer to the data value to be loaded (handle)	
17		Type of the provided data value (pmix_data_type_t)	
18		Description	
10		This macro simplifies the loading of data into a pmix_value_t by correctly assigning values to	
20		the structure's fields.	
		Advice to users	
21 22		The data will be copied into the pmix_value_t - thus, any data stored in the source value can be modified or free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro has completed.	

2		Summary
3		Unload data from a pmix_value_t structure.
	PMIx v2.2	C
4	1 1111 12.2	
4		PMIX_VALUE_UNLOAD(r, v, d, t);
		C
5		OUT r
6		Status code indicating result of the operation pmix_status_t
7		IN v
8		The pmix_value_t from which the data is to be unloaded (pointer to pmix_value_t)
9		INOUT d
10		Pointer to the location where the data value is to be returned (handle)
11		INOUT t
12		Pointer to return the data type of the unloaded value (handle)
13		Description
14		This macro simplifies the unloading of data from a pmix_value_t .
		Advice to users
		Advice to users
15		Memory will be allocated and the data will be in the pmix_value_t returned - the source
16		<pre>pmix_value_t will not be altered.</pre>
17	3.2.15.7	Transfer data between <pre>pmix_value_t structures</pre>
18		Summary
19		Transfer the data value between two pmix_value_t structures.
	PMIx v2.0	• •
20		<pre>PMIX_VALUE_XFER(r, d, s);</pre>
		C
21		OUT r
22		Status code indicating success or failure of the transfer (pmix_status_t)
23		IN d
24		Pointer to the pmix_value_t destination (handle)
25		IN s
26		Pointer to the pmix_value_t source (handle)

1 3.2.15.6 Unload a pmix_value_t structure

1 2 3		Description This macro simplifies the transfer of data between two pmix_value_t structures, ensuring that all fields are properly copied.	
U		Advice to users	
4 5		The data will be copied into the destination pmix_value_t - thus, any data stored in the source value can be modified or free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro has completed.	
6	3.2.15.8	Retrieve a numerical value from a pmix_value_t	
7		Retrieve a numerical value from a pmix_value_t structure	
	PMIx v3.0	• C • • •	
8		<pre>PMIX_VALUE_GET_NUMBER(s, m, n, t) C</pre>	
9		OUT s	
10 11		Status code for the request (pmix_status_t)	
12		Pointer to thepmix_value_t structure (handle)	
13		OUT n	
14 15		Variable to be set to the value (match expected type)	
16		Type of number expected in <i>m</i> (pmix_data_type_t)	
17 18 19		Sets the provided variable equal to the numerical value contained in the given pmix_value_t , returning success if the data type of the value matches the expected type and PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM if it doesn't	
20	3.2.16	Info Structure	
21		The pmix_info_t structure defines a key/value pair with associated directive. All fields were	
22		defined in version 1.0 unless otherwise marked.	
	PMIx v1.0	C	
23		<pre>typedef struct pmix_info_t {</pre>	
24 25		<pre>pmix_key_t key; pmix_info_directives_t flags; // version 2.0</pre>	
25 26		pmix_rnio_directives_t rrags, // version 2.0 pmix_value_t value;	
27		} pmix_info_t;	
		C	

1 3.2.17 Info structure support macros

2		The following macros are provided to support the pmix_info_t structure.
3	3.2.17.1	Initialize the pmix_info_t structure
4		Initialize the pmix_info_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	• C•
5		PMIX_INFO_CONSTRUCT (m)
		C
6		IN m
7		Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_info_t)
8	3.2.17.2	Destruct the <pre>pmix_info_t structure</pre>
9		Destruct the pmix_info_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	C
10		PMIX_INFO_DESTRUCT (m)
		C
11		IN m
12		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_info_t)
13	3.2.17.3	Create a pmix_info_t array
14		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_info_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	C
15		PMIX_INFO_CREATE(m, n)
		C
16		INOUT m
17		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_info_t structures shall be stored (handle) IN n
18 19		IN n Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
20	3.2.17.4	Free apmix_info_t array
21		Release an array of pmix_info_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	C
22	1 WIL VI.U	PMIX INFO FREE (m, n)
00		IN m
23 24		IN m Pointer to the array of pmix_info_t structures (handle)
25		IN n
26		Number of structures in the array (size_t)

		C
PM	Ix v1.0	•
2		<pre>PMIX_INFO_LOAD(v, k, d, t);</pre>
		C
3		IN v
4		Pointer to the pmix_info_t into which the key and data are to be loaded (pointer to
5		pmix_info_t)
6		IN k
7		String key to be loaded - must be less than or equal to PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN in length
8		(handle)
9		IN d
10		Pointer to the data value to be loaded (handle)
11		IN t
12		Type of the provided data value (pmix_data_type_t)
13		This macro simplifies the loading of key and data into a pmix_info_t by correctly assigning
14		values to the structure's fields.
		Advice to users
15		Dath law and data will be applied into the projection for the three the law and any data stand in the
15 16		Both key and data will be copied into the pmix_info_t - thus, the key and any data stored in the source value can be modified or free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro has
17		completed.
17		
18 3.	2.17.6	Copy data between pmix_info_t structures
19		Copy all data (including key, value, and directives) between two pmix_info_t structures.
DM	Ix v2.0	
	IX V2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20		PMIX_INFO_XFER(d, s);
		C
21		IN a
22		Pointer to the destination pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
23		IN s
24		Pointer to the source pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
25		This macro simplifies the transfer of data between twopmix_info_t structures.
		Advice to users
26		All data (including key, value, and directives) will be copied into the destination pmix_info_t -
27		thus, the source pmix_info_t may be free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro
28		has completed.
-•		

1 3.2.17.5 Load key and value data into a pmix_info_t

1 3.2.17.7 Test a boolean pmix_info_t

2	A special macro for checking if a boolean pmix_info_t is true
<i>PMIx v2.0</i>	PMIX INFO TRUE (m)
0	
4 5	IN m Pointer to a pmix_info_t structure (handle)
6	A pmix_info_t structure is considered to be of type PMIX_BOOL and value true if:
7	• the structure reports a type of PMIX_UNDEF , or
8	• the structure reports a type of PMIX_BOOL and the data flag is true
9 3.2.18	Info Type Directives
10 <i>PMIx v2.0</i> 11 12	The pmix_info_directives_t structure is a uint32_t type that defines the behavior of command directives via pmix_info_t arrays. By default, the values in the pmix_info_t array passed to a PMIx are <i>optional</i> .
	Advice to users
13 14 15 16	A PMIx implementation or PMIx-enabled RM may ignore any pmix_info_t value passed to a PMIx API if it is not explicitly marked as PMIX_INFO_REQD . This is because the values specified default to optional, meaning they can be ignored. This may lead to unexpected behavior if the user is relying on the behavior specified by the pmix_info_t value. If the user relies on the behavior

defined by the pmix_info_t then they must set the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag using the
 PMIX_INFO_REQUIRED macro.

Advice to PMIx library implementers –

19The top 16-bits of the pmix_info_directives_t are reserved for internal use by PMIx20library implementers - the PMIx standard will *not* specify their intent, leaving them for customized21use by implementers. Implementers are advised to use the provided PMIX_INFO_IS_REQUIRED22macro for testing this flag, and must return PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED as soon as possible to23the caller if the required behavior is not supported.

1 2		The following constants were introduced in version 2.0 (unless otherwise marked) and can be used to set a variable of the type pmix_info_directives_t .
3		PMIX_INFO_REQD The behavior defined in the pmix_info_t array is required, and not
4		optional. This is a bit-mask value.
5 6		PMIX_INFO_ARRAY_END Mark that this pmix_info_t struct is at the end of an array created by the PMIX_INFO_CREATE macro. This is a bit-mask value.
0		Advice to PMIx server hosts
7 8 9		Host environments are advised to use the provided PMIX_INFO_IS_REQUIRED macro for testing this flag and must return PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED as soon as possible to the caller if the required behavior is not supported.
10	3.2.19	Info Directive support macros
11		The following macros are provided to support the setting and testing of pmix_info_t directives.
12	3.2.19.1	Mark an info structure as required
13		Summary
14		Set the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag in a pmix_info_t structure.
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
15		PMIX_INFO_REQUIRED(info);
		• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
16		IN info
17		Pointer to the pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
18		This macro simplifies the setting of the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag in pmix_info_t structures.
19	3.2.19.2	Mark an info structure as optional
20		Summary
21		Unsets the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag in a pmix_info_t structure.
	PMIx v3.0	• C
22		<pre>PMIX_INFO_OPTIONAL(info);</pre>
23		IN info
24		Pointer to the pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
25		This macro simplifies marking a pmix_info_t structure as <i>optional</i> .

2		Summary
3		Test the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag in a pmix_info_t structure, returning true if the flag is set.
	PMIx v2.0	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4		PMIX_INFO_IS_REQUIRED(info);
		• C
5		IN info
6		Pointer to the pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
7		This macro simplifies the testing of the required flag in pmix_info_t structures.
8	3.2.19.4	Test an info structure for optional directive
9		Summary
10		Test a pmix_info_t structure, returning true if the structure is <i>optional</i> .
	PMIx v2.0	• C • • •
11		PMIX_INFO_IS_OPTIONAL(info);
		• C
12 13		IN info Pointer to the pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
14 15		Test the PMIX_INFO_REQD flag in a pmix_info_t structure, returning true if the flag is <i>not</i> set.
16	3.2.19.5	Test an info structure for end of array directive
17		Summary
18		Test a pmix_info_t structure, returning true if the structure is at the end of an array created by
19		the PMIX_INFO_CREATE macro.
	PMIx v2.2	0
20		<pre>PMIX_INFO_IS_END(info);</pre> C
21 22		IN info Pointer to the pmix_info_t (pointer to pmix_info_t)
23		This macro simplifies the testing of the end-of-array flag in pmix_info_t structures.

1 3.2.19.3 Test an info structure for *required* directive

1 3.2.20 Job Allocation Directives

The **pmix_alloc_directive_t** structure is a **uint8_t** type that defines the behavior of 2 PMIx v2.03 allocation requests. The following constants can be used to set a variable of the type 4 pmix_alloc_directive_t. All definitions were introduced in version 2 of the standard unless otherwise marked. 5 6 PMIX ALLOC NEW A new allocation is being requested. The resulting allocation will be 7 disjoint (i.e., not connected in a job sense) from the requesting allocation. 8 Extend the existing allocation, either in time or as additional PMIX ALLOC EXTEND 9 resources. 10 PMIX ALLOC RELEASE Release part of the existing allocation. Attributes in the 11 accompanying **pmix** info t array may be used to specify permanent release of the 12 identified resources, or "lending" of those resources for some period of time. 13 PMIX ALLOC REAQUIRE Reacquire resources that were previously "lent" back to the 14 scheduler. 15 PMIX_ALLOC_EXTERNAL A value boundary above which implementers are free to define 16 their own directive values.

17 3.2.21 IO Forwarding Channels

18 *PMIx v3.0* The **pmix_iof_channel_t** structure is a **uint16_t** type that defines a set of bit-mask flags for specifying IO forwarding channels. These can be bitwise OR'd together to reference multiple channels.

21	PMIX_FWD_NO_CHANNELS Forward no channels
22	PMIX_FWD_STDIN_CHANNEL Forward stdin
23	PMIX_FWD_STDOUT_CHANNEL Forward stdout
24	PMIX_FWD_STDERR_CHANNEL Forward stderr
25	PMIX_FWD_STDDIAG_CHANNEL Forward stddiag, if available
26	PMIX_FWD_ALL_CHANNELS Forward all available channels

27 3.2.22 Environmental Variable Structure

28 *PMIx v3.0* Define a structure for specifying environment variable modifications. Standard environment
 29 variables (e.g., **PATH**, **LD_LIBRARY_PATH**, and **LD_PRELOAD**) take multiple arguments
 30 separated by delimiters. Unfortunately, the delimiters depend upon the variable itself - some use
 31 semi-colons, some colons, etc. Thus, the operation requires not only the name of the variable to be
 32 modified and the value to be inserted, but also the separator to be used when composing the
 33 agregate value.

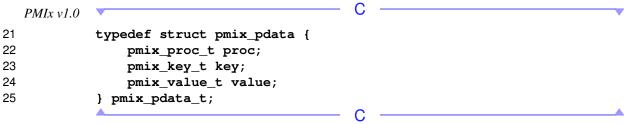
	•	C	_
1	typedef struct		
2	char *envar;		
3	char *value;		
4	char separator;		
5	<pre>pmix_envar_t;</pre>		
	A	C	

6 3.2.23 Environmental variable support macros

7		The following macros are provided to support the pmix_envar_t structure.
8	3.2.23.1	Initialize the pmix_envar_t structure
9		Initialize the pmix_envar_t fields
	PMIx v3.0	• C
10		PMIX ENVAR CONSTRUCT (m)
		C
11		IN m
12		Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_envar_t)
13	3.2.23.2	Destruct the <pre>pmix_envar_t structure</pre>
14		Clear the pmix_envar_t fields
	PMIx v3.0	• C
15		PMIX_ENVAR_DESTRUCT (m)
		C
16		IN m
17		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_envar_t)
18	3.2.23.3	Create a pmix_envar_t array
19		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_envar_t structures
	PMIx v3.0	<u> </u>
20	1 1/11/ 1/3.0	PMIX ENVAR CREATE(m, n)
20		
21 22		INOUT m Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_envar_t structures shall be stored (handle)
22		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_envar_t structures shall be stored (handle) IN n
24		Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)

1 3.2.23.4 Free apmix_envar_t array

2		Release an array of pmix_envar_t structures
	PMIx v3.0	• C • • •
3		PMIX_ENVAR_FREE(m, n)
4 5 6 7		 IN m Pointer to the array of pmix_envar_t structures (handle) IN n Number of structures in the array (size_t)
8	3.2.23.5	Load apmix_envar_t structure
9	PMIx v2.0	Load values into a pmix_envar_t C
10		PMIX_ENVAR_LOAD(m, e, v, s)
11 12		<pre>IN m Pointer to the structure to be loaded (pointer to pmix_envar_t)</pre>
13 14		IN e Environmental variable name (char*)
15 16		IN v Value of variable (char*)
17 18		IN v Separator character (char)
19	3.2.24	Lookup Returned Data Structure
20		The pmix_pdata_t structure is used by PMIx_Lookup to describe the data being accessed.



26 3.2.25 Lookup data structure support macros

27

The following macros are provided to support the **pmix_pdata_t** structure.

1	3.2.25.1	Initialize the pmix_pdata_t structure
2		Initialize the pmix_pdata_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	• C • • •
3		PMIX_PDATA_CONSTRUCT (m)
		C
4 5		IN m Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_pdata_t)
6	3.2.25.2	Destruct the pmix_pdata_t structure
7		Destruct the pmix_pdata_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	C
8		PMIX_PDATA_DESTRUCT (m)
•		C
9		IN m
10		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_pdata_t)
11	3.2.25.3	Create a pmix_pdata_t array
12		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_pdata_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C • • •
13		PMIX_PDATA_CREATE(m, n)
		• C
14		INOUT m
15		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_pdata_t structures shall be stored (handle)
16 17		IN n Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
17		
18	3.2.25.4	Free apmix_pdata_t array
19		Release an array of pmix_pdata_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	C
20		PMIX_PDATA_FREE(m, n)
		C
21		IN m
22		Pointer to the array of pmix_pdata_t structures (handle)
23 24		IN n Number of structures in the array (size_t)
<u>~</u> _		Tumber of survey in the array (SIZE_C)

1 3.2.25.5 Load a lookup data structure

2	Summary	
3	Load key, process identifier, and data value into a pmix_pdata_t structure.	
PMIx v1.0	C	
4	PMIX_PDATA_LOAD(m, p, k, d, t);	
5	IN m	
6	Pointer to the pmix_pdata_t structure into which the key and data are to be loaded	
7	(pointer to pmix_pdata_t)	
8	IN p	
9	Pointer to the pmix_proc_t structure containing the identifier of the process being	
10	referenced (pointer to pmix_proc_t)	
11	IN k	
12	String key to be loaded - must be less than or equal to PMIX_MAX_KEYLEN in length	
13	(handle)	
14	IN d	
15	Pointer to the data value to be loaded (handle)	
16	IN t	
17	Type of the provided data value (pmix_data_type_t)	
18	This macro simplifies the loading of key, process identifier, and data into a pmix_proc_t by	
19	correctly assigning values to the structure's fields.	
	Advice to users	
20	Key, process identifier, and data will all be copied into the pmix_pdata_t - thus, the source	
21	information can be modified or free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro has	
22	completed.	

1 3.2.25.6 Transfer a lookup data structure

2	Summary	
3	Transfer key, process identifier, and data value between two pmix_pdata_t structures.	
PMIx v2.0	• C•	
4	PMIX_PDATA_XFER(d, s);	
	C	
5	IN a	
6	Pointer to the destination pmix_pdata_t (pointer to pmix_pdata_t)	
7	IN s	
8	Pointer to the source pmix_pdata_t (pointer to pmix_pdata_t)	
9	This macro simplifies the transfer of key and data between twopmix_pdata_t structures.	
	Advice to users	
10	Key, process identifier, and data will all be copied into the destination pmix_pdata_t - thus, the	
11	source pmix_pdata_t may free'd without affecting the copied data once the macro has	
12	completed.	

13 3.2.26 Application Structure

14 15	The pmix_app_t structure describes the application context for the PMIx_Spawn and PMIx_Spawn_nb operations.
PMIx v1.0	• C
16	typedef struct pmix_app {
17	/** Executable */
18	char *cmd;
19	<pre>/** Argument set, NULL terminated */</pre>
20	char **argv;
21	<pre>/** Environment set, NULL terminated */</pre>
22	char **env;
23	<pre>/** Current working directory */</pre>
24	char *cwd;
25	<pre>/** Maximum processes with this profile */</pre>
26	int maxprocs;
27	<pre>/** Array of info keys describing this application*/</pre>
28	<pre>pmix_info_t *info;</pre>
29	/** Number of info keys in 'info' array */
30	<pre>size_t ninfo;</pre>
31	<pre>} pmix_app_t;</pre>
	• C

1 3.2.27 App structure support macros

2		The following macros are provided to support the pmix_app_t structure.
3	3.2.27.1	Initialize the <pre>pmix_app_t</pre> structure
4		Initialize the pmix_app_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	• C • • •
5		PMIX_APP_CONSTRUCT (m)
		C
6 7		<pre>IN m Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_app_t)</pre>
8	3.2.27.2	Destruct the pmix_app_t structure
9		Destruct the pmix_app_t fields
	PMIx v1.0	• C • •
10		PMIX_APP_DESTRUCT (m)
		C
11		IN m
12		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_app_t)
13	3.2.27.3	Create a pmix_app_t array
14		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_app_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C • • •
15		PMIX_APP_CREATE(m, n)
		C
16		INOUT m
17 18		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_app_t structures shall be stored (handle)
19		Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
20	3.2.27.4	Free apmix_app_t array
21		Release an array of pmix_app_t structures
	PMIx v1.0	• C
22		PMIX_APP_FREE (m, n)
23		IN m
24		Pointer to the array of pmix_app_t structures (handle)
25		IN n
26		Number of structures in the array (size_t)

1 3.2.27.5 Create the pmix_info_t array of application directives

2 3 <i>PMIx v2.2</i>		ate an array of pmix_info_t structures for passing application-level directives, updating the <i>b</i> field of the pmix_app_t structure.
4	PMI	IX_APP_INFO_CREATE (m, n)
5	IN	m
6		Pointer to the pmix_app_t structure (handle)
7	IN	n
8		Number of directives to be allocated (size t)

9 3.2.28 Query Structure

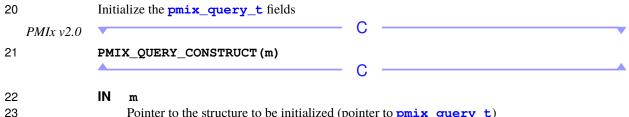
The **pmix_query_t** structure is used by **PMIx_Query_info_nb** to describe a single query 10 operation. 11

PMIx v2.0		C
12	typedef struct pmix_query {	
13	char **keys;	
14	<pre>pmix_info_t *qualifiers;</pre>	
15	<pre>size_t nqual;</pre>	
16	<pre>} pmix_query_t;</pre>	

3.2.29 Query structure support macros 17

The following macros are provided to support the **pmix_query_t** structure. 18

3.2.29.1 Initialize the pmix_query_t structure 19



Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to **pmix_query_t**)

•		Doordor the parts_query_c ordorate
2		Destruct the pmix_query_t fields
	PMIx v2.0	C
3		PMIX_QUERY_DESTRUCT (m)
		• <u> </u>
4		IN m Delinter to the structure to be destructed (resinter to provide any to)
5		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_query_t)
6	3.2.29.3	Create a pmix_query_t array
7		Allocate and initialize an array of pmix_query_t structures
	PMIx v2.0	C
~	1 WIIX V2.0	
8		PMIX_QUERY_CREATE (m, n)
		U
9		INOUT m
10		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_query_t structures shall be stored (handle)
11		IN n
12		Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
13	3.2.29.4	Free a pmix_query_t array
14		Release an array of pmix_query_t structures
	DML	C
	PMIx v2.0	
15		PMIX_QUERY_FREE(m, n)
		C
16		IN m
17		Pointer to the array of pmix_query_t structures (handle)
18		IN n
19		Number of structures in the array (size_t)
20	3.2.29.5	Create the <pre>pmix_info_t</pre> array of query qualifiers
21		Create an array of pmix_info_t structures for passing query qualifiers, updating the <i>nqual</i> field
22		of the pmix_query_t structure.
	PMIx v2.2	C
23		PMIX_QUERY_QUALIFIERS_CREATE(m, n)
20		
<u>.</u>		-
24		IN m Delater to the projection to structure (headle)
25		Pointer to the pmix_query_t structure (handle)
26 27		IN n Number of qualifiers to be allocated (size_t)
21		Number of quarters to be anotated (SIZE_C)

1 3.2.29.2 Destruct the pmix_query_t structure

1 3.3 Packing/Unpacking Types & Structures

2 This section defines types and structures used to pack and unpack data passed through the PMIx3 API.

4 3.3.1 Byte Object Type

5		The pmix_byte_object_t structure describes a raw byte sequence.
	PMIx v1.0	• C•
6 7 8 9		<pre>typedef struct pmix_byte_object { char *bytes; size_t size; } pmix_byte_object_t;</pre>
		C
10	3.3.2	Byte object support macros
11		The following macros support the pmix_byte_object_t structure.
12	3.3.2.1	Initialize the pmix_byte_object_t structure
13		Initialize the pmix_byte_object_t fields
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
14		PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT_CONSTRUCT (m)
15 16		IN m Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_byte_object_t)
17	3.3.2.2	Destruct the pmix_byte_object_t structure
18		Clear the pmix_byte_object_t fields
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
19		PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT_DESTRUCT (m)
20		IN m
21		Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_byte_object_t)

1	3.3.2.3	Create a pmix_byte_object_t structure
2		Allocate and intitialize an array of pmix_byte_object_t structures
	PMIx v2.0	C
3		PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT_CREATE (m, n)
4		INOUT m
5 6		Address where the pointer to the array of pmix_byte_object_t structures shall be stored (handle)
7		IN n
8		Number of structures to be allocated (size_t)
9	3.3.2.4	Free a pmix_byte_object_t array
10		Release an array of pmix_byte_object_t structures
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
11		PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT_FREE (m, n)
12		IN m
13		Pointer to the array of pmix_byte_object_t structures (handle)
14		IN n
15		Number of structures in the array (size_t)
16	3.3.2.5	Load apmix_byte_object_t structure
17		Load values into a pmix_byte_object_t
	PMIx v2.0	• C•
18		PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT_LOAD(b, d, s)
		C
19		IN b
20		Pointer to the structure to be loaded (pointer to pmix_byte_object_t)
21		IN d
22		Pointer to the data to be loaded (char*)
23 24		IN s Number of bytes in the data array (size_t)

1 3.3.3 Data Array Structure

2		The pmix_data_array_t structure defines a	n array data structure.
	PMIx v2.0	•	C
3 4 5 6 7		<pre>typedef struct pmix_data_array { pmix_data_type_t type; size_t size; void *array; } pmix_data_array_t;</pre>	
8	3.3.4	Data array support macros	C

 10 3.3.4.1 Initialize a pmix_data_array_t structure 11 Initialize the pmix_data_array_t fields, allocating memory for the array of the indicate PMIx v2.2 	
<i>PMIx v2.2</i> C	ed type.
12 PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_CONSTRUCT (m, n, t)	
13 IN m	
14 Pointer to the structure to be initialized (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)	
15 IN n	
16 Number of elements in the array (size_t)	
17 IN t	
18 PMIx data type of the array elements (pmix_data_type_t)	
19 3.3.4.2 Destruct a pmix_data_array_t structure	
20 Destruct the pmix_data_array_t , releasing the memory in the array.	
<i>PMIx v2.2</i>	•
21 PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_CONSTRUCT (m)	
• C	
22 IN m	
23 Pointer to the structure to be destructed (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)	

	• •-
2 3	Allocate memory for the pmix_data_array_t object itself, and then allocate memory for the array of the indicated type.
PMIx v2.2	• C•
4	PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_CREATE(m, n, t)
5	INOUT m
6	Variable to be set to the address of the structure (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)
7	IN n
8 9	Number of elements in the array (size_t) IN t
10	PMIx data type of the array elements (pmix_data_type_t)
11 3.3.4.4	Free a pmix_data_array_t structure
12	Release the memory in the array, and then release the pmix_data_array_t object itself.
PMIx v2.2	• C•
13	PMIX_DATA_ARRAY_FREE (m)
	C
14	IN m
15	Pointer to the structure to be released (pointer to pmix_data_array_t)

16 3.3.5 Generalized Data Types Used for Packing/Unpacking

3.3.4.3 Create a pmix data array t structure

1

The pmix_data_type_t structure is a uint16_t type for identifying the data type for
 packing/unpacking purposes. New data type values introduced in this version of the Standard are
 shown in magenta.

— Advice to PMIx library implementers —

20The following constants can be used to set a variable of the type pmix_data_type_t. Data21types in the PMIx Standard are defined in terms of the C-programming language. Implementers22wishing to support other languages should provide the equivalent definitions in a23language-appropriate manner. Additionally, a PMIx implementation may choose to add additional24types.

1	PMIX_UNDEF Undefined
2	PMIX_BOOLBoolean (converted to/from native true/false) (bool)
3	PMIX_BYTE A byte of data (uint8_t)
4	PMIX_STRING NULL terminated string (char*)
5	PMIX_SIZE Size_t
6	PMIX_PID Operating process identifier (PID) (pid_t)
7	PMIX_INT Integer (int)
8	PMIX_INT8 8-byte integer (int8_t)
9	PMIX_INT16 16-byte integer (int16_t)
10	PMIX_INT32 32-byte integer (int32_t)
11	PMIX_INT64 64-byte integer (int64_t)
12	PMIX_UINT Unsigned integer (unsigned int)
13	PMIX_UINT8 Unsigned 8-byte integer (uint8_t)
14	PMIX_UINT16 Unsigned 16-byte integer (uint16_t)
15	PMIX_UINT32 Unsigned 32-byte integer (uint32_t)
16	PMIX_UINT64 Unsigned 64-byte integer (uint64_t)
17	PMIX_FLOAT Float (float)
18	PMIX_DOUBLE Double (double)
19	PMIX_TIMEVAL Time value (struct timeval)
20	PMIX_TIME Time (time_t)
21	PMIX_STATUS Status code pmix_status_t
22	PMIX_VALUE Value (pmix_value_t)
23	PMIX_PROC Process (pmix_proc_t)
24	PMIX_APP Application context
25	PMIX_INFO Info object
26	PMIX_PDATA Pointer to data
27	PMIX_BUFFER Buffer
28	PMIX_BYTE_OBJECT Byte object (pmix_byte_object_t)
29	PMIX_KVAL Key/value pair
30	PMIX_MODEX (Deprecated in PMIx 2.0) Modex
31	PMIX_PERSIST Persistance (pmix_persistence_t)
32	PMIX_POINTER Pointer to an object (void *)
33	PMIX_SCOPE Scope (pmix_scope_t)
34	PMIX_DATA_RANGE Range for data (pmix_data_range_t)
35	PMIX_COMMAND PMIx command code (used internally)
36	<pre>PMIX_INFO_DIRECTIVES Directives flag for pmix_info_t</pre>
37	(pmix_info_directives_t)
38	PMIX_DATA_TYPE Data type code (pmix_data_type_t)
39	PMIX_PROC_STATE Process state (pmix_proc_state_t)
40	PMIX_PROC_INFOProcess information (pmix_proc_info_t)
41	PMIX_DATA_ARRAY Data array (pmix_data_array_t)

```
1
                                   Process rank (pmix_rank_t)
             PMIX_PROC_RANK
2
             PMIX QUERY
                              Ouery structure (pmix query t)
                                             String compressed with zlib (char*)
3
             PMIX COMPRESSED STRING
4
                                          Allocation directive (pmix_alloc_directive_t)
             PMIX ALLOC DIRECTIVE
5
             PMIX IOF CHANNEL
                                     Input/output forwarding channel (pmix iof channel t)
6
             PMIX ENVAR
                              Environmental variable structure (pmix envar t)
7
                              Regular expressions - can be a valid NULL-terminated string or an arbitrary
             PMIX REGEX
8
                  array of bytes
```

9 3.4 Reserved attributes

- 10The PMIx standard defines a relatively small set of APIs and the caller may customize the behavior11of the API by passing one or more attributes to that API. Additionally, attributes may be keys12passed to PMIx_Get calls to access the specified values from the system.
- Each attribute is represented by a *key* string, and a type for the associated *value*. This section
 defines a set of **reserved** keys which are prefixed with **pmix**. to designate them as PMIx standard
 reserved keys. All definitions were introduced in version 1 of the standard unless otherwise marked.
- Applications or associated libraries (e.g., MPI) may choose to define additional attributes. The attributes defined in this section are of the system and job as opposed to the attributes that the application (or associated libraries) might choose to expose. Due to this extensibility the
 PMIx_Get API will return PMIX_ERR_NOT_FOUND if the provided *key* cannot be found.
- Attributes added in this version of the standard are shown in *magenta* to distinguish them from
 those defined in prior versions, which are shown in *black*. Deprecated attributes are shown in *green*and will be removed in future versions of the standard.

```
23 PMIX_ATTR_UNDEF NULL (NULL)
```

24

Constant representing an undefined attribute.

25 3.4.1 Initialization attributes

These attributes are defined to assist the caller with initialization by passing them into the appropriate initialization API - thus, they are not typically accessed via the **PMIx_Get** API.

```
28
              PMIX EVENT_BASE "pmix.evbase" (struct event_base *)
29
                    Pointer to libevent<sup>1</sup> event_base to use in place of the internal progress thread.
              PMIX SERVER TOOL SUPPORT "pmix.srvr.tool" (bool)
30
31
                    The host RM wants to declare itself as willing to accept tool connection requests.
32
              PMIX SERVER REMOTE CONNECTIONS "pmix.srvr.remote" (bool)
33
                    Allow connections from remote tools. Forces the PMIx server to not exclusively use
34
                    loopback device.
              PMIX_SERVER_SYSTEM_SUPPORT "pmix.srvr.sys" (bool)
35
```

¹http://libevent.org/

The host RM wants to declare itself as being the local system server for PMIx connection requests.

PMIX_SERVER_TMPDIR "pmix.srvr.tmpdir" (char*)

Top-level temporary directory for all client processes connected to this server, and where the PMIx server will place its tool rendezvous point and contact information.

- PMIX_SYSTEM_TMPDIR "pmix.sys.tmpdir" (char*)
 Temporary directory for this system, and where a PMIx server that declares itself to be a
 system-level server will place a tool rendezvous point and contact information.
- **PMIX_SERVER_ENABLE_MONITORING** "pmix.srv.monitor" (bool) Enable PMIx internal monitoring by the PMIx server.
- **PMIX_SERVER_NSPACE** "**pmix.srv.nspace**" (**char***) Name of the namespace to use for this PMIx server.

```
PMIX_SERVER_GATEWAY "pmix.srv.gway" (bool)
```

Server is acting as a gateway for PMIx requests that cannot be serviced on backend nodes (e.g., logging to email)

18 3.4.2 Tool-related attributes

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19These attributes are defined to assist PMIx-enabled tools to connect with the PMIx server by20passing them into the PMIx_tool_init API - thus, they are not typically accessed via the21PMIx_Get API.

22	PMIX_TOOL_NSPACE "pmix.tool.nspace" (char*)
23	Name of the namespace to use for this tool.
24	PMIX_TOOL_RANK "pmix.tool.rank" (uint32_t)
25	Rank of this tool.
26	PMIX_SERVER_PIDINFO "pmix.srvr.pidinfo" (pid_t)
27	PID of the target PMIx server for a tool.
28	PMIX_CONNECT_TO_SYSTEM "pmix.cnct.sys" (bool)
29	The requestor requires that a connection be made only to a local, system-level PMIx server.
30	PMIX_CONNECT_SYSTEM_FIRST "pmix.cnct.sys.first" (bool)
31	Preferentially, look for a system-level PMIx server first.
32	PMIX_SERVER_URI "pmix.srvr.uri" (char*)
33	uniform resource identifier (URI) of the PMIx server to be contacted.
34	PMIX_SERVER_HOSTNAME "pmix.srvr.host" (char*)
35	Host where target PMIx server is located.
36	PMIX_CONNECT_MAX_RETRIES "pmix.tool.mretries" (uint32_t)
37	Maximum number of times to try to connect to PMIx server.
38	PMIX_CONNECT_RETRY_DELAY "pmix.tool.retry" (uint32_t)
39	Time in seconds between connection attempts to a PMIx server.
40	PMIX_TOOL_DO_NOT_CONNECT "pmix.tool.nocon" (bool)
41	The tool wants to use internal PMIx support, but does not want to connect to a PMIx server.

 5 3.4.3 Identification attributes 6 These attributes are defined to identify a process and it's associated PMIx-enabled lift not typically accessed via the PMIx_Get API, and thus are not associated with a part 8 PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) 9 Effective user id. 10 PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) 11 Effective group id. 12 PMIX_DSTPATH "pmix.dstpath" (char*) 13 Path to shared memory data storage (dstore) files. 14 PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*) 15 PMIX version of contractor. 16 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool) 17 The requesting process is a PMIx tool. 18 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) 19 The requesting process is a PMIx client. 20 3.4.4 Programming model attributes 	
 not typically accessed via the PMIx_Get API, and thus are not associated with a par PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id. PMIX_DSTPATH "pmix.dstpath" (char*) Path to shared memory data storage (dstore) files. PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*) PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool) The requesting process is a PMIx tool. PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) The requesting process is a PMIx client. 	
 9 Effective user id. 10 PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) 11 Effective group id. 12 PMIX_DSTPATH "pmix.dstpath" (char*) 13 Path to shared memory data storage (dstore) files. 14 PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*) 15 PMIX version of contractor. 16 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool) 17 The requesting process is a PMIx tool. 18 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) 19 The requesting process is a PMIx client. 	
11Effective group id.12PMIX_DSTPATH "pmix.dstpath" (char*)13Path to shared memory data storage (dstore) files.14PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*)15PMIX version of contractor.16PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool)17The requesting process is a PMIx tool.18PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool)19The requesting process is a PMIx client.	
 Path to shared memory data storage (dstore) files. PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*) PMIX version of contractor. PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool) The requesting process is a PMIx tool. PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) The requesting process is a PMIx client. 	
14 PMIX_VERSION_INFO "pmix.version" (char*) 15 PMIx version of contractor. 16 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool) 17 The requesting process is a PMIx tool. 18 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) 19 The requesting process is a PMIx client.	
16PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool)17The requesting process is a PMIx tool.18PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool)19The requesting process is a PMIx client.	
 18 PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool) 19 The requesting process is a PMIx client. 	
20 3.4.4 Programming model attributes	
21 These attributes are associated with programming models.	
 PMIX_PROGRAMMING_MODEL "pmix.pgm.model" (char*) Programming model being initialized (e.g., "MPI" or "OpenMP") 	
24 PMIX_MODEL_LIBRARY_NAME "pmix.mdl.name" (char*) 25 Programming model implementation ID (e.g., "OpenMPI" or "MPICH")	
 PMIX_MODEL_LIBRARY_VERSION "pmix.mld.vrs" (char*) Programming model version string (e.g., "2.1.1") 	
28 PMIX_THREADING_MODEL "pmix.threads" (char*)	
29 Threading model used (e.g., "pthreads") 30 PMIX_MODEL_NUM_THREADS "pmix.mdl.nthrds" (uint64_t)	
31Number of active threads being used by the model32PMIX_MODEL_NUM_CPUS "pmix.mdl.ncpu" (uint64_t)	
33 Number of cpus being used by the model 34 PMIX_MODEL_CPU_TYPE "pmix.mdl.cputype" (char*)	
35Granularity - "hwthread", "core", etc.36PMIX_MODEL_PHASE_NAME"pmix.mdl.phase" (char*)	
 User-assigned name for a phase in the application execution (e.g., "cfd reductions PMIX_MODEL_PHASE_TYPE "pmix.mdl.ptype" (char*) Therefore has been applied for the line of the line line of the line of the line line of the line of the line of	tion")
 39 Type of phase being executed (e.g., "matrix multiply") 60 PMIx Standard – Version 3.2 (Draft) – <i>Created on August 25, 2020</i> 	

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PMIX_MODEL_AFFINITY_POLICY "pmix.mdl.tap" (char*)

Thread affinity policy - e.g.: "master" (thread co-located with master thread), "close" (thread located on cpu close to master thread), "spread" (threads load-balanced across available cpus)

4 3.4.5 UNIX socket rendezvous socket attributes

These attributes are used to describe a UNIX socket for rendezvous with the local RM by passing them into the relevant initialization API - thus, they are not typically accessed via the **PMIx_Get** API.

PMIX_USOCK_DISABLE "pmix.usock.disable" (bool)

Disable legacy UNIX socket (usock) support

PMIX_SOCKET_MODE "pmix.sockmode" (uint32_t)

POSIX *mode_t* (9 bits valid)

PMIX_SINGLE_LISTENER "pmix.sing.listnr" (bool)

Use only one rendezvous socket, letting priorities and/or environment parameters select the active transport.

15 3.4.6 TCP connection attributes

These attributes are used to describe a TCP socket for rendezvous with the local RM by passing
 them into the relevant initialization API - thus, they are not typically accessed via the PMIx_Get
 API.

19	PMIX_TCP_REPORT_URI "pmix.tcp.repuri" (char*)
20	If provided, directs that the TCP URI be reported and indicates the desired method of
21	reporting: $'-'$ for stdout, $'+'$ for stderr, or filename.
22	PMIX_TCP_URI "pmix.tcp.uri" (char*)
23	The URI of the PMIx server to connect to, or a file name containing it in the form of
24	file: <name containing="" file="" it="" of="">.</name>
25	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_INCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifinclude" (char*)</pre>
26	Comma-delimited list of devices and/or Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation to
27	include when establishing the TCP connection.
28	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_EXCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifexclude" (char*)</pre>
29	Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to exclude when establishing the
30	TCP connection.
31	PMIX_TCP_IPV4_PORT "pmix.tcp.ipv4" (int)
32	The IPv4 port to be used.
33	PMIX_TCP_IPV6_PORT "pmix.tcp.ipv6" (int)
34	The IPv6 port to be used.
35	PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV4 "pmix.tcp.disipv4" (bool)
36	Set to true to disable IPv4 family of addresses.
37	PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV6 "pmix.tcp.disipv6" (bool)
38	Set to true to disable IPv6 family of addresses.

1 3.4.7 Global Data Storage (GDS) attributes

- These attributes are used to define the behavior of the GDS used to manage key/value pairs by passing them into the relevant initialization API thus, they are not typically accessed via the **PMIx_Get** API.
 - **PMIX_GDS_MODULE** "**pmix.gds.mod**" (**char***) Comma-delimited string of desired modules.

7 3.4.8 General process-level attributes

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8 These attributes are used to define process attributes and are referenced by their process rank.

9	<pre>PMIX_CPUSET "pmix.cpuset" (char*)</pre>
10	hwloc ² bitmap to be applied to the process upon launch.
11	PMIX_CREDENTIAL "pmix.cred" (char*)
12	Security credential assigned to the process.
13	PMIX_SPAWNED "pmix.spawned" (bool)
14	true if this process resulted from a call to PMIx_Spawn .

PMIX_ARCH "**pmix.arch**" (**uint32_t**) Architecture flag.

17 3.4.9 Scratch directory attributes

 18
 These attributes are used to define an application scratch directory and are referenced using the

 19
 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD rank.

```
20 PMIX_TMPDIR "pmix.tmpdir" (char*)
```

Full path to the top-level temporary directory assigned to the session.

PMIX_NSDIR "pmix.nsdir" (char*)

Full path to the temporary directory assigned to the namespace, under **PMIX_TMPDIR**.

PMIX_PROCDIR "pmix.pdir" (char*)

Full path to the subdirectory under **PMIX_NSDIR** assigned to the process.

PMIX_TDIR_RMCLEAN "pmix.tdir.rmclean" (bool)

Resource Manager will clean session directories

28 3.4.10 Relative Rank Descriptive Attributes

These attributes are used to describe information about relative ranks as assigned by the RM, and
 thus are referenced using the process rank except where noted.

```
      31
      PMIX_CLUSTER_ID "pmix.clid" (char*)

      32
      A string name for the cluster this proc is executing on
```

33 PMIX_PROCID "pmix.procid" (pmix_proc_t)
 34 Process identifier

Frocess identifier

²https://www.open-mpi.org/projects/hwloc/

1	PMIX_NSPACE "pmix.nspace" (char*)
2	Namespace of the job.
3	PMIX_JOBID "pmix.jobid" (char*)
4	Job identifier assigned by the scheduler.
5	PMIX_APPNUM "pmix.appnum" (uint32_t)
6	Application number within the job.
7	PMIX_RANK "pmix.rank" (pmix_rank_t)
8	Process rank within the job.
9	PMIX_GLOBAL_RANK "pmix.grank" (pmix_rank_t)
10	Process rank spanning across all jobs in this session.
11	PMIX_APP_RANK "pmix.apprank" (pmix_rank_t)
12	Process rank within this application.
13	PMIX_NPROC_OFFSET "pmix.offset" (pmix_rank_t)
14	Starting global rank of this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
15	PMIX_LOCAL_RANK "pmix.lrank" (uint16_t)
16	Local rank on this node within this job.
17	PMIX_NODE_RANK "pmix.nrank" (uint16_t)
18	Process rank on this node spanning all jobs.
19	<pre>PMIX_LOCALLDR "pmix.lldr" (pmix_rank_t)</pre>
20	Lowest rank on this node within this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
21	PMIX_APPLDR "pmix.aldr" (pmix_rank_t)
22	Lowest rank in this application within this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
23	PMIX_PROC_PID "pmix.ppid" (pid_t)
24	PID of specified process.
25	PMIX_SESSION_ID "pmix.session.id" (uint32_t)
26	Session identifier - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
27	<pre>PMIX_NODE_LIST "pmix.nlist" (char*)</pre>
28	Comma-delimited list of nodes running processes for the specified namespace - referenced
29	using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
30	<pre>PMIX_ALLOCATED_NODELIST "pmix.alist" (char*)</pre>
31	Comma-delimited list of all nodes in this allocation regardless of whether or not they
32	currently host processes - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
33	PMIX_HOSTNAME "pmix.hname" (char*)
34	Name of the host where the specified process is running.
35	PMIX_NODEID "pmix.nodeid" (uint32_t)
36	Node identifier where the specified process is located, expressed as the node's index
37	(beginning at zero) in the array resulting from expansion of the PMIX_NODE_MAP regular
38	expression for the job
39	<pre>PMIX_LOCAL_PEERS "pmix.lpeers" (char*)</pre>
40	Comma-delimited list of ranks on this node within the specified namespace - referenced
41	using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
42	PMIX_LOCAL_PROCS "pmix.lprocs" (pmix_proc_t array)

1		Array of pmix_proc_t of all processes on the specified node - referenced using
2		PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
3		PMIX_LOCAL_CPUSETS "pmix.lcpus" (char*)
4		Colon-delimited cpusets of local peers within the specified namespace - referenced using
5		PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
6		PMIX_PROC_URI "pmix.puri" (char*)
7		URI containing contact information for a given process.
8		PMIX_LOCALITY "pmix.loc" (uint16_t)
9		Relative locality of the specified process to the requestor.
10		<pre>PMIX_PARENT_ID "pmix.parent" (pmix_proc_t)</pre>
11		Process identifier of the parent process of the calling process.
12		PMIX_EXIT_CODE "pmix.exit.code" (int)
13		Exit code returned when process terminated
14	3.4.11	Information retrieval attributes
15		The following attributes are used to specify the level of information (e.g., session , job , or
16		application) being requested where ambiguity may exist - see 5.1.5 for examples of their use.
17		<pre>PMIX_SESSION_INFO "pmix.ssn.info" (bool)</pre>
18		Return information about the specified session. If information about a session other than the
19		one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a
20		PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute identifying the desired target.
21		<pre>PMIX_JOB_INFO "pmix.job.info" (bool)</pre>
22		Return information about the specified job or namespace. If information about a job or
23		namespace other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute
24		array must contain a PMIX_JOBID or PMIX_NSPACE attribute identifying the desired
25		target. Similarly, if information is requested about a job or namespace in a session other than
26		the one containing the requesting process, then an attribute identifying the target session
27		must be provided.
28		<pre>PMIX_APP_INFO "pmix.app.info" (bool)</pre>
29		Return information about the specified application. If information about an application other
30		than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must

contain a **PMIX_APPNUM** attribute identifying the desired target. Similarly, if information is

requesting process, then attributes identifying the target job and/or session must be provided.

Return information about the specified node. If information about a node other than the one

containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain either the

requested about an application in a job or session other than the one containing the

PMIX_NODEID or **PMIX_HOSTNAME** attribute identifying the desired target.

PMIX_NODE_INFO "pmix.node.info" (bool)

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1 3.4.12 Information storage attributes

2 3	The following attributes are used to assemble information by its level (e.g., session , job , or application) for storage where ambiguity may exist - see 11.1.3.1 for examples of their use.
4	PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY "pmix.ssn.arr" (pmix_data_array_t)
5	Provide an array of pmix_info_t containing session-level information. The
6	PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute is required to be included in the array.
7	<pre>PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY "pmix.job.arr" (pmix_data_array_t)</pre>
8	Provide an array of pmix_info_t containing job-level information. The
9	PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute of the session containing the job is required to be
10	included in the array whenever the PMIx server library may host multiple sessions (e.g.,
11	when executing with a host RM daemon). As information is registered one job (aka
12	namespace) at a time via the PMIx_server_register_nspace API, there is no
13	requirement that the array contain either the PMIX_NSPACE or PMIX_JOBID attributes
14	when used in that context (though either or both of them may be included). At least one of
15	the job identifiers must be provided in all other contexts where the job being referenced is
16	ambiguous.
17	<pre>PMIX_APP_INFO_ARRAY "pmix.app.arr" (pmix_data_array_t)</pre>
18	Provide an array of pmix_info_t containing app-level information. The PMIX_NSPACE
19	or PMIX_JOBID attributes of the job containing the application, plus its PMIX_APPNUM
20	attribute, are must to be included in the array when the array is not included as part of a call
21	to PMIx_server_register_nspace - i.e., when the job containing the application is
22	ambiguous. The job identification is otherwise optional.
23	<pre>PMIX_NODE_INFO_ARRAY "pmix.node.arr" (pmix_data_array_t)</pre>
24	Provide an array of pmix_info_t containing node-level information. At a minimum,
25	either the PMIX_NODEID or PMIX_HOSTNAME attribute is required to be included in the
26	array, though both may be included.
27	Note that these assemblages can be used hierarchically:
28 29	• a PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY might contain multiple PMIX_APP_INFO_ARRAY elements, each describing values for a specific application within the job
30	• a PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY could contain a PMIX_NODE_INFO_ARRAY for each node
31	hosting processes from that job, each array describing job-level values for that node
01	
32	 a PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY might contain multiple PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY
33	elements, each describing a job executing within the session. Each job array could, in turn,
34	contain both application and node arrays, thus providing a complete picture of the active
35	operations within the allocation
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
36	PMIx implementations must be capable of properly parsing and storing any hierarchical depth of
37	information arrays. The resulting stored values are must to be accessible via both PMIx_Get and
38	PMIx_Query_info_nb APIs, assuming appropriate directives are provided by the caller.

3.4.13 Size information attributes

2 3	These attributes are used to describe the size of various dimensions of the PMIx universe - all are referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
4	<pre>PMIX_UNIV_SIZE "pmix.univ.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
5	Number of allocated slots in a session - each slot may or may not be occupied by an
6	executing process. Note that this attribute is the equivalent to the combination of
7	PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY with the PMIX_MAX_PROCS entry in the array - it is
8	included in the Standard for historical reasons.
9	<pre>PMIX_JOB_SIZE "pmix.job.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
10	Total number of processes in this job across all contained applications. Note that this value
11	can be different from PMIX_MAX_PROCS . For example, users may choose to subdivide an
12	allocation (running several jobs in parallel within it), and dynamic programming models may
13	support adding and removing processes from a running job on-they-fly. In the latter case,
14	PMIx events must be used to notify processes within the job that the job size has changed.
15	<pre>PMIX_JOB_NUM_APPS "pmix.job.napps" (uint32_t)</pre>
16	Number of applications in this job.
17	<pre>PMIX_APP_SIZE "pmix.app.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
18	Number of processes in this application.
19	<pre>PMIX_LOCAL_SIZE "pmix.local.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
20	Number of processes in this job or application on this node.
21	<pre>PMIX_NODE_SIZE "pmix.node.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
22	Number of processes across all jobs on this node.
23	<pre>PMIX_MAX_PROCS "pmix.max.size" (uint32_t)</pre>
24	Maximum number of processes that can be executed in this context (session, namespace,
25	application, or node). Typically, this is a constraint imposed by a scheduler or by user
26	settings in a hostfile or other resource description.
27	PMIX_NUM_SLOTS "pmix.num.slots" (uint32_t)
28	Number of slots allocated in this context (session, namespace, application, or node). Note
29	that this attribute is the equivalent to PMIX_MAX_PROCS used in the corresponding context
30	- it is included in the Standard for historical reasons.
31	<pre>PMIX_NUM_NODES "pmix.num.nodes" (uint32_t)</pre>
32	Number of nodes in this session, or that are currently executing processes from the
33	associated namespace or application.

1 3.4.14 Memory information attributes

2 3		These attributes are used to describe memory available and used in the system - all are referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD .
4 5		PMIX_AVAIL_PHYS_MEMORY " pmix.pmem " (uint64_t) Total available physical memory on this node.
6		PMIX_DAEMON_MEMORY "pmix.dmn.mem" (float)
7		Megabytes of memory currently used by the RM daemon.
8		PMIX_CLIENT_AVG_MEMORY "pmix.cl.mem.avg" (float)
9		Average Megabytes of memory used by client processes.
10	3.4.15	Topology information attributes
11		These attributes are used to describe topology information in the PMIx universe - all are referenced
12		using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD except where noted.
13		PMIX_NET_TOPO "pmix.ntopo" (char*)
14		eXtensible Markup Language (XML) representation of the network topology.
15		PMIX_LOCAL_TOPO "pmix.ltopo" (char*)
16		XML representation of local node topology.
17		PMIX_TOPOLOGY "pmix.topo" (hwloc_topology_t)
18		Pointer to the PMIx client's internal hwloc topology object.
19		<pre>PMIX_TOPOLOGY_XML "pmix.topo.xml" (char*)</pre>
20		XML-based description of topology
21		<pre>PMIX_TOPOLOGY_FILE "pmix.topo.file" (char*)</pre>
22		Full path to file containing XML topology description
23		PMIX_TOPOLOGY_SIGNATURE "pmix.toposig" (char*)
24		Topology signature string.
25		PMIX_LOCALITY_STRING "pmix.locstr" (char*)
26		String describing a process's bound location - referenced using the process's rank. The string
27		is of the form:
28		NM%s:SK%s:L3%s:L2%s:L1%s:CR%s:HT%s
29		Where the $\$s$ is replaced with an integer index or inclusive range for hwloc. NM identifies
30		the numa node(s). SK identifies the socket(s). L3 identifies the L3 cache(s). L2 identifies the
31		L2 cache(s). L1 identifies the L1 cache(s). CR identifies the cores(s). HT identifies the
32		hardware thread(s). If your architecture does not have the specified hardware designation
33		then it can be omitted from the signature.
34		For example: NM0: SK0: L30-4: L20-4: L10-4: CR0-4: HT0-39 .
35		This means numa node 0, socket 0, L3 caches 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, L2 caches 0–4, L1 caches
36		0-4, cores 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and hardware threads 0-39.
37		PMIX_HWLOC_SHMEM_ADDR "pmix.hwlocaddr" (size_t)
38		Address of the HWLOC shared memory segment.
39		PMIX_HWLOC_SHMEM_SIZE "pmix.hwlocsize" (size_t)
40		Size of the HWLOC shared memory segment.

1		PMIX_HWLOC_SHMEM_FILE "pmix.hwlocfile" (char*)
2		Path to the HWLOC shared memory file.
3		PMIX_HWLOC_XML_V1 "pmix.hwlocxml1" (char*)
4		XML representation of local topology using HWLOC's v1.x format.
5		PMIX_HWLOC_XML_V2 "pmix.hwlocxml2" (char*)
6		XML representation of local topology using HWLOC's v2.x format.
7		PMIX_HWLOC_SHARE_TOPO "pmix.hwlocsh" (bool)
8		Share the HWLOC topology via shared memory
9		PMIX_HWLOC_HOLE_KIND "pmix.hwlocholek" (char*)
10		Kind of VM "hole" HWLOC should use for shared memory
11	3.4.16	Request-related attributes
12		These attributes are used to influence the behavior of various PMIx operations - they do not
13		represent values accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
14		PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool)
15		Collect data and return it at the end of the operation.
16		PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)
17		Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in
18		error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
19		the target process from ever exposing its data.
20		PMIX_IMMEDIATE "pmix.immediate" (bool)
21		Specified operation should immediately return an error from the PMIx server if the requested
22		data cannot be found - do not request it from the host RM.
23		PMIX_WAIT "pmix.wait" (int)
24		Caller requests that the PMIx server wait until at least the specified number of values are
25		found (0 indicates all and is the default).
26		PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*)
27		Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not
28		impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the
29		acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to
30		check their host environment for supported values.
31		<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool)</pre>
32		If true , indicates that the requested choice of algorithm is mandatory.
33		PMIX_NOTIFY_COMPLETION "pmix.notecomp" (bool)
34		Notify the parent process upon termination of child job.
35		<pre>PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t)</pre>
36		Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
37		PMIX_PERSISTENCE "pmix.persist" (pmix_persistence_t)
38		Value for calls to PMIx_Publish .
39		PMIX_DATA_SCOPE "pmix.scope" (pmix_scope_t)
40		Scope of the data to be found in a PMIx_Get call.
41		PMIX_OPTIONAL "pmix.optional" (bool)

1		Look only in the client's local data store for the requested value - do not request data from
2		the PMIx server if not found.
3		PMIX_EMBED_BARRIER "pmix.embed.barrier" (bool)
4		Execute a blocking fence operation before executing the specified operation. For example, PMIX_Finalize does not include an internal barrier operation by default. This attribute
5 6		would direct PMIx_Finalize to execute a barrier as part of the finalize operation.
7		PMIX_JOB_TERM_STATUS "pmix.job.term.status" (pmix_status_t)
8		Status to be returned upon job termination.
9		PMIX_PROC_STATE_STATUS "pmix.proc.state" (pmix_proc_state_t)
10		Process state
11	3.4.17	Server-to-PMIx library attributes
12		Attributes used by the host environment to pass data to its PMIx server library. The data will then
13		be parsed and provided to the local PMIx clients. These attributes are all referenced using
14		PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD except where noted.
15		PMIX_REGISTER_NODATA "pmix.reg.nodata" (bool)
16		Registration is for this namespace only, do not copy job data - this attribute is not accessed
17		using the PMIx_Get
18		PMIX_PROC_DATA "pmix.pdata" (pmix_data_array_t)
19		Array of process data. Starts with rank, then contains more data.
20		<pre>PMIX_NODE_MAP "pmix.nmap" (char*)</pre>
21		Regular expression of nodes - see 11.1.3.1 for an explanation of its generation.
22		PMIX_PROC_MAP "pmix.pmap" (char*)
23		Regular expression describing processes on each node - see 11.1.3.1 for an explanation of its
24		generation.
25		PMIX_ANL_MAP "pmix.anlmap" (char*)
26		Process mapping in Argonne National Laboratory's PMI-1/PMI-2 notation.
27		PMIX_APP_MAP_TYPE "pmix.apmap.type" (char*)
28		Type of mapping used to layout the application (e.g., cyclic).
29		<pre>PMIX_APP_MAP_REGEX "pmix.apmap.regex" (char*)</pre>
30		Regular expression describing the result of the process mapping.
31	3.4.18	Server-to-Client attributes
32		Attributes used internally to communicate data from the PMIx server to the PMIx client - they do
33		not represent values accessed using the PMIx Get API.

33 not represent values accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
34 PMIX_PROC_BLOB "pmix.pblob" (pmix_byte_object_t)
35 Packed blob of process data.
36 PMIX_MAP_BLOB "pmix.mblob" (pmix_byte_object_t)
37 Packed blob of process location.

3.4.19 Event handler registration and notification attributes

2 3	Attributes to support event registration and notification - they are values passed to the event registration and notification APIs and therefore are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
4	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_NAME "pmix.evname" (char*)
5	String name identifying this handler.
6 7	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_FIRST "pmix.evfirst" (bool)
	Invoke this event handler before any other handlers.
8	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_LAST "pmix.evlast" (bool)
9	Invoke this event handler after all other handlers have been called.
10	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_FIRST_IN_CATEGORY "pmix.evfirstcat" (bool)
11	Invoke this event handler before any other handlers in this category.
12	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_LAST_IN_CATEGORY "pmix.evlastcat" (bool)
13	Invoke this event handler after all other handlers in this category have been called.
14	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_BEFORE "pmix.evbefore" (char*)
15	Put this event handler immediately before the one specified in the (char*) value.
16	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_AFTER "pmix.evafter" (char*)</pre>
17	Put this event handler immediately after the one specified in the (char*) value.
18	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_PREPEND "pmix.evprepend" (bool)
19	Prepend this handler to the precedence list within its category.
20	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_APPEND "pmix.evappend" (bool)</pre>
21	Append this handler to the precedence list within its category.
22	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_CUSTOM_RANGE "pmix.evrange" (pmix_data_array_t*)</pre>
23	Array of pmix_proc_t defining range of event notification.
24	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROC "pmix.evproc" (pmix_proc_t)</pre>
25	The single process that was affected.
26	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROCS "pmix.evaffected" (pmix_data_array_t*)</pre>
27	Array of pmix_proc_t defining affected processes.
28	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_NON_DEFAULT "pmix.evnondef" (bool)</pre>
29	Event is not to be delivered to default event handlers.
30	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_RETURN_OBJECT "pmix.evobject" (void *)</pre>
31	Object to be returned whenever the registered callback function cbfunc is invoked. The
32	object will only be returned to the process that registered it.
33	PMIX_EVENT_DO_NOT_CACHE "pmix.evnocache" (bool)
34	Instruct the PMIx server not to cache the event.
35	PMIX_EVENT_SILENT_TERMINATION "pmix.evsilentterm" (bool)
36	Do not generate an event when this job normally terminates.
37	PMIX_EVENT_PROXY "pmix.evproxy" (pmix_proc_t*)
38	PMIx server that sourced the event
39	PMIX_EVENT_TEXT_MESSAGE " pmix.evtext " (char *)
40	Text message suitable for output by recipient - e.g., describing the cause of the event

1 3.4.20 Fault tolerance attributes

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2		Attributes to support fault tolerance behaviors - they are values passed to the event notification API
3		and therefore are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
4		PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_SESSION "pmix.evterm.sess" (bool)
5		The RM intends to terminate this session.
6		PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_JOB "pmix.evterm.job" (bool)
7		The RM intends to terminate this job.
8		PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_NODE "pmix.evterm.node" (bool)
9		The RM intends to terminate all processes on this node.
10		PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_PROC "pmix.evterm.proc" (bool)
11		The RM intends to terminate just this process.
12		PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_TIMEOUT "pmix.evtimeout" (int)
13		The time in seconds before the RM will execute error response.
14		PMIX_EVENT_NO_TERMINATION "pmix.evnoterm" (bool)
15		Indicates that the handler has satisfactorily handled the event and believes termination of the
16		application is not required.
17		PMIX_EVENT_WANT_TERMINATION "pmix.evterm" (bool)
18		Indicates that the handler has determined that the application should be terminated
19	3.4.21	Spawn attributes
20		Attributes used to describe PMIx_Spawn behavior - they are values passed to the PMIx_Spawn
21		API and therefore are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API when used in that context. However,
22		some of the attributes defined in this section can be provided by the host environment for other
23		purposes - e.g., the environment might provide the PMIX_MAPPER attribute in the job-related
24		information so that an application can use PMIx_Get to discover the layout algorithm used for

information so that an application can use **PMIx_Get** to discover the layout algorithm used for determining process locations. Multi-use attributes and their respective access reference rank are denoted below.

PMIX_PERSONALITY "pmix.pers" (char*)
Name of personality to use.
PMIX_HOST "pmix.host" (char*)
Comma-delimited list of hosts to use for spawned processes.
PMIX_HOSTFILE "pmix.hostfile" (char*)
Hostfile to use for spawned processes.
<pre>PMIX_ADD_HOST "pmix.addhost" (char*)</pre>
Comma-delimited list of hosts to add to the allocation.
<pre>PMIX_ADD_HOSTFILE "pmix.addhostfile" (char*)</pre>
Hostfile listing hosts to add to existing allocation.
<pre>PMIX_PREFIX "pmix.prefix" (char*)</pre>
Prefix to use for starting spawned processes.
<pre>PMIX_WDIR "pmix.wdir" (char*)</pre>
Working directory for spawned processes.

Mapping mechanism to use for placing spawned processes - when accessed using PMIX_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping mechanism used for the provided namespace. PMIX_DISPLAY_MAP "pmix.dispmap" (bool) Display process mapping upon spawn. PMIX_PPR "pmix.ppr" (char*) Number of processes to spawn on each identified resource. PMIX_PRPR "pmix.mapby" (char*) Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the provided namespace PMIX_RANKBY "pmix.rankby" (char*) Process making policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN "pmix.bindto" (char*) PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN "pmix.preloadbin" (bool) PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN "pmix.preloadbin" (bool) PMIX_PRELOAD_FILES "pmix.preloadbin" (bool) PMIX_PRELOAD_FILES "pmix.stdin" (uint32_t) Spawned process rank that is to receive stdin. PMIX_FON_STDDIT "GT "pmix.stdin" (uint32_t) Spawned	1	PMIX_MAPPER "pmix.mapper" (char*)
4 mechanism used for the provided namespace. 5 PMIX_DISPLAY_MAP "pmix.dispmap" (bool) 6 Display process mapping upon spawn. 7 PMIX_PPR "pmix.nppr" (char*) 8 Number of processes to spawn on each identified resource. 9 PMIX_MAPBY "pmix.mapby" (char*) 10 Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIX_Get, use the 11 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the 13 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the ranking algorithm used for the 14 Process marking policy - when accessed using PMIX_Get, use the 15 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding algorithm used for the 16 provided namespace 17 PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) 18 Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIX_Get, use the 19 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace 11 Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIX_Get, use the 19 PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace 11 PMIX_BINDTO	2	Mapping mechanism to use for placing spawned processes - when accessed using
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42 the "comm_world" of the parent process.		
	43	PMIX_SET_SESSION_CWD "pmix.ssncwd" (bool)

1	Set the application's current working directory to the session working directory assigned by
2	the RM - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the
3	rank to discover the session working directory assigned to the provided namespace
4	PMIX_TAG_OUTPUT "pmix.tagout" (bool)
5	Tag application output with the identity of the source process.
6	PMIX_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT "pmix.tsout" (bool)
7	Timestamp output from applications.
8	PMIX_MERGE_STDERR_STDOUT "pmix.mergeerrout" (bool)
9	Merge stdout and stderr streams from application processes.
10	<pre>PMIX_OUTPUT_TO_FILE "pmix.outfile" (char*)</pre>
11	Output application output to the specified file.
12	PMIX_INDEX_ARGV "pmix.indxargv" (bool)
13	Mark the argv with the rank of the process.
14	PMIX_CPUS_PER_PROC "pmix.cpuperproc" (uint32_t)
15	Number of cpus to assign to each rank - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the
16	PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpus/process assigned to the
17	provided namespace
18	PMIX_NO_PROCS_ON_HEAD "pmix.nolocal" (bool)
19	Do not place processes on the head node.
20	PMIX_NO_OVERSUBSCRIBE "pmix.noover" (bool)
21	Do not oversubscribe the cpus.
22	PMIX_REPORT_BINDINGS "pmix.repbind" (bool)
23	Report bindings of the individual processes.
24	<pre>PMIX_CPU_LIST "pmix.cpulist" (char*)</pre>
25	List of cpus to use for this job - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the
26	PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpu list used for the provided
27	namespace
28	PMIX_JOB_RECOVERABLE "pmix.recover" (bool)
29	Application supports recoverable operations.
30	PMIX_JOB_CONTINUOUS "pmix.continuous" (bool)
31	Application is continuous, all failed processes should be immediately restarted.
32	<pre>PMIX_MAX_RESTARTS "pmix.maxrestarts" (uint32_t)</pre>
33	Maximum number of times to restart a job - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the
34	PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the max restarts for the provided
35	namespace
36	<pre>PMIX_SPAWN_TOOL "pmix.spwn.tool" (bool)</pre>
37	Indicate that the job being spawned is a tool

38 3.4.22 Query attributes

- Attributes used to describe PMIx_Query_info_nb behavior these are values passed to the
 PMIx_Query_info_nb API and therefore are not passed to the PMIx_Get API.
- 41 PMIX_QUERY_REFRESH_CACHE "pmix.qry.rfsh" (bool)

1		Retrieve updated information from server.
2		PMIX_QUERY_NAMESPACES "pmix.qry.ns" (char*)
3		Request a comma-delimited list of active namespaces.
4		PMIX_QUERY_JOB_STATUS "pmix.qry.jst" (pmix_status_t)
5		Status of a specified, currently executing job.
6		PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_LIST "pmix.qry.qlst" (char*)
7		Request a comma-delimited list of scheduler queues.
8		PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_STATUS "pmix.qry.qst" (TBD)
9		Status of a specified scheduler queue.
10		<pre>PMIX_QUERY_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.ptable" (char*)</pre>
11		Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns
12		(pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t .
13		<pre>PMIX_QUERY_LOCAL_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.lptable" (char*)</pre>
14		Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns
15		(pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t for processes in job on same
16		node.
17		PMIX_QUERY_AUTHORIZATIONS "pmix.qry.auths" (bool)
18		Return operations the PMIx tool is authorized to perform.
19		PMIX_QUERY_SPAWN_SUPPORT "pmix.qry.spawn" (bool)
20		Return a comma-delimited list of supported spawn attributes.
21		PMIX_QUERY_DEBUG_SUPPORT "pmix.qry.debug" (bool)
22		Return a comma-delimited list of supported debug attributes.
23		PMIX_QUERY_MEMORY_USAGE "pmix.qry.mem" (bool)
24		Return information on memory usage for the processes indicated in the qualifiers.
25		PMIX_QUERY_LOCAL_ONLY "pmix.qry.local" (bool)
26		Constrain the query to local information only.
27		PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_AVG "pmix.qry.avg" (bool)
28		Report only average values for sampled information.
29		PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_MINMAX "pmix.qry.minmax" (bool)
30		Report minimum and maximum values.
31		PMIX_QUERY_ALLOC_STATUS "pmix.query.alloc" (char*)
32		String identifier of the allocation whose status is being requested.
33		PMIX_TIME_REMAINING "pmix.time.remaining" (char*)
34		Query number of seconds (uint32_t) remaining in allocation for the specified namespace.
35	3.4.23	Log attributes
36		Attributes used to describe PMIx_Log_nb behavior - these are values passed to the
37		PMIx_Log_nb API and therefore are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API.

- PMIX_LOG_SOURCE "pmix.log.source" (pmix_proc_t*) ID of source of the log request PMIX_LOG_STDERR "pmix.log.stderr" (char*)
 - Log string to **stderr**.

<pre>PMIX_LOG_STDOUT "pmix.log.stdout" (char*) Log string to stdout.</pre>
PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG "pmix.log.syslog" (char*)
Log data to syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority. Will log to global syslog if available,
otherwise to local syslog
<pre>PMIX_LOG_LOCAL_SYSLOG "pmix.log.lsys" (char*)</pre>
Log data to local syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority.
<pre>PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_SYSLOG "pmix.log.gsys" (char*)</pre>
Forward data to system "gateway" and log msg to that syslog Defaults to ERROR priority.
<pre>PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG_PRI "pmix.log.syspri" (int)</pre>
Syslog priority level
<pre>PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP "pmix.log.tstmp" (time_t)</pre>
Timestamp for log report
<pre>PMIX_LOG_GENERATE_TIMESTAMP "pmix.log.gtstmp" (bool)</pre>
Generate timestamp for log
<pre>PMIX_LOG_TAG_OUTPUT "pmix.log.tag" (bool)</pre>
Label the output stream with the channel name (e.g., "stdout")
PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT "pmix.log.tsout" (bool)
Print timestamp in output string
PMIX_LOG_XML_OUTPUT "pmix.log.xml" (bool)
Print the output stream in XML format
PMIX_LOG_ONCE "pmix.log.once" (bool)
Only log this once with whichever channel can first support it, taking the channels in priority
order
PMIX_LOG_MSG "pmix.log.msg" (pmix_byte_object_t)
Message blob to be sent somewhere.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL "pmix.log.email" (pmix_data_array_t)
Log via email based on pmix_info_t containing directives.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_ADDR "pmix.log.emaddr" (char*)
Comma-delimited list of email addresses that are to receive the message.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SENDER_ADDR "pmix.log.emfaddr" (char*)
Return email address of sender
<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SUBJECT "pmix.log.emsub" (char*)</pre>
Subject line for email.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_MSG "pmix.log.emmsg" (char*)
Message to be included in email.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SERVER "pmix.log.esrvr" (char*)
Hostname (or IP address) of estmp server
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SRVR_PORT "pmix.log.esrvrprt" (int32_t)
Port the email server is listening to
PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_DATASTORE "pmix.log.gstore" (bool)
Store the log data in a global data store (e.g., database)
PMIX_LOG_JOB_RECORD "pmix.log.jrec" (bool)

1

Log the provided information to the host environment's job record

2 3.4.24 Debugger attributes

3	Attributes used to assist debuggers - these are values that can be passed to the PMIx_Spawn or
4	PMIx_Init APIs. Some may be accessed using the PMIx_Get API with the
5	PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD rank.
6	<pre>PMIX_DEBUG_STOP_ON_EXEC "pmix.dbg.exec" (bool)</pre>
7	Passed to PMIx_Spawn to indicate that the specified application is being spawned under
8	debugger, and that the launcher is to pause the resulting application processes on first
9	instruction for debugger attach.
10	PMIX_DEBUG_STOP_IN_INIT "pmix.dbg.init" (bool)
11	Passed to PMIx_Spawn to indicate that the specified application is being spawned under
12	debugger, and that the PMIx client library is to pause the resulting application processes
13	during PMIx_Init until debugger attach and release.
14	PMIX_DEBUG_WAIT_FOR_NOTIFY "pmix.dbg.notify" (bool)
15	Passed to PMIx_Spawn to indicate that the specified application is being spawned under
16	debugger, and that the resulting application processes are to pause at some
17	application-determined location until debugger attach and release.
18	<pre>PMIX_DEBUG_JOB "pmix.dbg.job" (char*)</pre>
19	Namespace of the job to be debugged - provided to the debugger upon launch.
20	PMIX_DEBUG_WAITING_FOR_NOTIFY "pmix.dbg.waiting" (bool)
21	Job to be debugged is waiting for a release - this is not a value accessed using the
22	PMIx_Get API.
23	<pre>PMIX_DEBUG_JOB_DIRECTIVES "pmix.dbg.jdirs" (pmix_data_array_t*)</pre>
24	Array of job-level directives
25	<pre>PMIX_DEBUG_APP_DIRECTIVES "pmix.dbg.adirs" (pmix_data_array_t*)</pre>
26	Array of app-level directives

27 3.4.25 Resource manager attributes

Attributes used to describe the RM - these are values assigned by the host environment and accessed using the **PMIx_Get** API. The value of the provided namespace is unimportant but should be given as the namespace of the requesting process and a rank of **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** used to indicate that the information will be found with the job-level information.

```
32PMIX_RM_NAME "pmix.rm.name" (char*)33String name of the RM.34PMIX_RM_VERSION "pmix.rm.version" (char*)35RM version string.
```

1 3.4.26 Environment variable attributes

2 3	Attributes used to adjust environment variables - these are values passed to the PMIx_Spawn API and are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
4	<pre>PMIX_SET_ENVAR "pmix.envar.set" (pmix_envar_t*)</pre>
5	Set the envar to the given value, overwriting any pre-existing one
6	PMIX UNSET ENVAR "pmix.envar.unset" (char*)

0	IMIN_ONDEL_ENVIRCE PREFX. CITAT: UNDEC (CITAT*)
7	Unset the environment variable specified in the string.
8	<pre>PMIX_ADD_ENVAR "pmix.envar.add" (pmix_envar_t*)</pre>
9	Add the environment variable, but do not overwrite any pre-existing one
10	<pre>PMIX_PREPEND_ENVAR "pmix.envar.prepnd" (pmix_envar_t*)</pre>
11	Prepend the given value to the specified environmental value using the given

character, creating the variable if it doesn't already exist

PMIX_APPEND_ENVAR "pmix.envar.appnd" (pmix_envar_t*)

Append the given value to the specified environmental value using the given separator character, creating the variable if it doesn't already exist

3.4.27 Job Allocation attributes 16

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17	Attributes used to describe the job allocation - these are values passed to and/or returned by the
18	PMIx_Allocation_request_nb and PMIx_Allocation_request APIs and are not
19	accessed using the PMIx Get API

PMIX_ALLOC_REQ_ID "pmix.alloc.regid" (char*)

User-provided string identifier for this allocation request which can later be used to query status of the request.

PMIX ALLOC ID "pmix.alloc.id" (char*)

A string identifier (provided by the host environment) for the resulting allocation which can later be used to reference the allocated resources in, for example, a call to **PMIx** Spawn.

PMIX ALLOC NUM NODES "pmix.alloc.nnodes" (uint64 t) The number of nodes. PMIX_ALLOC_NODE_LIST "pmix.alloc.nlist" (char*)

Regular expression of the specific nodes.

- PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPUS "pmix.alloc.ncpus" (uint64_t) Number of cpus.
- PMIX ALLOC NUM CPU LIST "pmix.alloc.ncpulist" (char*) Regular expression of the number of cpus for each node.
- PMIX ALLOC CPU LIST "pmix.alloc.cpulist" (char*) Regular expression of the specific cpus indicating the cpus involved.
- PMIX_ALLOC_MEM_SIZE "pmix.alloc.msize" (float) Number of Megabytes.
- PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK "pmix.alloc.net" (array)

separator

1	Array of pmix_info_t describing requested network resources. This must include at
2	least: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID, PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE, and
3	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS , plus whatever other descriptors are desired.
4	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID "pmix.alloc.netid" (char*)</pre>
5	The key to be used when accessing this requested network allocation. The allocation will be
6	returned/stored as a pmix_data_array_t of pmix_info_t indexed by this key and
7	containing at least one entry with the same key and the allocated resource description. The
8	type of the included value depends upon the network support. For example, a TCP allocation
9	might consist of a comma-delimited string of socket ranges such as
10	"32000-32100,33005,38123-38146". Additional entries will consist of any provided
11	resource request directives, along with their assigned values. Examples include:
12	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE - the type of resources provided;
13	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE - if applicable, what plane the resources were assigned
14	from; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS - the assigned QoS; PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH -
15	the allocated bandwidth; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY - a security key for the
16	requested network allocation. NOTE: the assigned values may differ from those requested,
17	especially if PMIX_INFO_REQD was not set in the request.
18	PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH "pmix.alloc.bw" (float)
19	Mbits/sec.
20	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS "pmix.alloc.netqos" (char*)</pre>
21	Quality of service level.
22	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_TIME "pmix.alloc.time" (uint32_t)</pre>
23	Time in seconds.
24	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE "pmix.alloc.nettype" (char*)</pre>
25	Type of desired transport (e.g., "tcp", "udp")
26	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE "pmix.alloc.netplane" (char*)</pre>
27	ID string for the NIC (aka <i>plane</i>) to be used for this allocation (e.g., CIDR for Ethernet)
28	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS "pmix.alloc.endpts" (size_t)</pre>
29	Number of endpoints to allocate per process
30	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS_NODE "pmix.alloc.endpts.nd" (size_t)</pre>
31	Number of endpoints to allocate per node
32	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY "pmix.alloc.nsec" (pmix_byte_object_t)</pre>
33	Network security key

34 3.4.28 Job control attributes

Attributes used to request control operations on an executing application - these are values passed 35 to the **PMIx_Job_control_nb** API and are not accessed using the **PMIx_Get** API. 36

37	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_ID "pmix.jctrl.id" (char*)</pre>
38	Provide a string identifier for this request.
39	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PAUSE "pmix.jctrl.pause" (bool)</pre>
40	Pause the specified processes.
41	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESUME "pmix.jctrl.resume" (bool)

Resume ("un-pause") the specified processes. PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CANCEL "pmix.jctrl.cancel" (char*) Cancel the specified request (NULL implies cancel all requests from this requestor). PMIX JOB_CTRL_KILL "pmix.jctrl.kill" (bool) Forcibly terminate the specified processes and cleanup. PMIX JOB CTRL RESTART "pmix.jctrl.restart" (char*) Restart the specified processes using the given checkpoint ID. PMIX JOB CTRL_CHECKPOINT "pmix.jctrl.ckpt" (char*) Checkpoint the specified processes and assign the given ID to it. PMIX JOB CTRL CHECKPOINT EVENT "pmix.jctrl.ckptev" (bool) Use event notification to trigger a process checkpoint. PMIX JOB CTRL CHECKPOINT SIGNAL "pmix.jctrl.ckptsig" (int) Use the given signal to trigger a process checkpoint. PMIX JOB CTRL CHECKPOINT TIMEOUT "pmix.jctrl.ckptsig" (int) Time in seconds to wait for a checkpoint to complete. PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_METHOD "pmix.jctrl.ckmethod" (pmix_data_array_t) Array of **pmix** info t declaring each method and value supported by this application. PMIX_JOB_CTRL_SIGNAL "pmix.jctrl.sig" (int) Send given signal to specified processes. PMIX JOB CTRL PROVISION "pmix.jctrl.pvn" (char*) Regular expression identifying nodes that are to be provisioned. PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION_IMAGE "pmix.jctrl.pvnimg" (char*) Name of the image that is to be provisioned. PMIX JOB CTRL PREEMPTIBLE "pmix.jctrl.preempt" (bool) Indicate that the job can be pre-empted. PMIX_JOB_CTRL_TERMINATE "pmix.jctrl.term" (bool) Politely terminate the specified processes. PMIX REGISTER CLEANUP "pmix.reg.cleanup" (char*) Comma-delimited list of files to be removed upon process termination PMIX REGISTER CLEANUP DIR "pmix.reg.cleanupdir" (char*) Comma-delimited list of directories to be removed upon process termination PMIX_CLEANUP_RECURSIVE "pmix.clnup.recurse" (bool) Recursively cleanup all subdirectories under the specified one(s) PMIX CLEANUP EMPTY "pmix.clnup.empty" (bool) Only remove empty subdirectories PMIX CLEANUP IGNORE "pmix.clnup.ignore" (char*) Comma-delimited list of filenames that are not to be removed PMIX CLEANUP LEAVE TOPDIR "pmix.clnup.lvtop" (bool) When recursively cleaning subdirectories, do not remove the top-level directory (the one given in the cleanup request)

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1 3.4.29 Monitoring attributes

2	Attributes used to control monitoring of an executing application- these are values passed to the
3	PMIx_Process_monitor_nb API and are not accessed using the PMIx_Get API.
4	<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_ID "pmix.monitor.id" (char*)</pre>
5	Provide a string identifier for this request.
6	PMIX_MONITOR_CANCEL "pmix.monitor.cancel" (char*)
7	Identifier to be canceled (NULL means cancel all monitoring for this process).
8	PMIX_MONITOR_APP_CONTROL "pmix.monitor.appctrl" (bool)
9	The application desires to control the response to a monitoring event.
10	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT "pmix.monitor.mbeat" (void)
11	Register to have the PMIx server monitor the requestor for heartbeats.
12	PMIX_SEND_HEARTBEAT " pmix.monitor.beat " (void)
13	Send heartbeat to local PMIx server.
14	<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_TIME "pmix.monitor.btime" (uint32_t)</pre>
15	Time in seconds before declaring heartbeat missed.
16	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_DROPS "pmix.monitor.bdrop" (uint32_t)
17	Number of heartbeats that can be missed before generating the event.
18	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE "pmix.monitor.fmon" (char*)
19	Register to monitor file for signs of life.
20	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_SIZE "pmix.monitor.fsize" (bool)
21	Monitor size of given file is growing to determine if the application is running.
22	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_ACCESS "pmix.monitor.faccess" (char*)
23	Monitor time since last access of given file to determine if the application is running.
24	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_MODIFY "pmix.monitor.fmod" (char*)
25	Monitor time since last modified of given file to determine if the application is running.
26	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_CHECK_TIME "pmix.monitor.ftime" (uint32_t)
27	Time in seconds between checking the file.
28	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_DROPS "pmix.monitor.fdrop" (uint32_t)
29	Number of file checks that can be missed before generating the event.

30 3.4.30 Security attributes

31 <i>PMIx v3.0</i>	Attributes for managing security credentials
32	<pre>PMIX_CRED_TYPE "pmix.sec.ctype" (char*)</pre>
33	When passed in PMIx_Get_credential , a prioritized, comma-delimited list of desired
34	credential types for use in environments where multiple authentication mechanisms may be
35	available. When returned in a callback function, a string identifier of the credential type.
36	<pre>PMIX_CRYPTO_KEY "pmix.sec.key" (pmix_byte_object_t)</pre>
37	Blob containing crypto key

3.4.31 **IO Forwarding attributes** 1

2	PMIx v3.0	Attributes used to control IO forwarding behavior
3 4 5		<pre>PMIX_IOF_CACHE_SIZE "pmix.iof.csize" (uint32_t) The requested size of the server cache in bytes for each specified channel. By default, the server is allowed (but not required) to drop all bytes received beyond the max size.</pre>
5		
6 7		PMIX_IOF_DROP_OLDEST "pmix.iof.old" (bool)
-		In an overflow situation, drop the oldest bytes to make room in the cache.
8		<pre>PMIX_IOF_DROP_NEWEST "pmix.iof.new" (bool) </pre>
9		In an overflow situation, drop any new bytes received until room becomes available in the
10		cache (default).
11		PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_SIZE "pmix.iof.bsize" (uint32_t)
12		Controls grouping of IO on the specified channel(s) to avoid being called every time a bit of
13		IO arrives. The library will execute the callback whenever the specified number of bytes
14		becomes available. Any remaining buffered data will be "flushed" upon call to deregister the
15		respective channel.
16		<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_TIME "pmix.iof.btime" (uint32_t)</pre>
17		Max time in seconds to buffer IO before delivering it. Used in conjunction with buffering
18		size, this prevents IO from being held indefinitely while waiting for another payload to arrive.
19		<pre>PMIX_IOF_COMPLETE "pmix.iof.cmp" (bool)</pre>
20		Indicates whether or not the specified IO channel has been closed by the source.
21		<pre>PMIX_IOF_TAG_OUTPUT "pmix.iof.tag" (bool)</pre>
22		Tag output with the channel it comes from.
23		PMIX_IOF_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT "pmix.iof.ts" (bool)
24		Timestamp output
25		PMIX_IOF_XML_OUTPUT "pmix.iof.xml" (bool)
26		Format output in XML
27	3.4.32	Application setup attributes

28 PMIx v3.0 Attributes for controlling contents of application setup data

29	<pre>PMIX_SETUP_APP_ENVARS "pmix.setup.env" (bool)</pre>
30	Harvest and include relevant environmental variables
31	<pre>PMIX_SETUP_APP_NONENVARS ""pmix.setup.nenv" (bool)</pre>
32	Include all relevant data other than environmental variables
33	<pre>PMIX_SETUP_APP_ALL "pmix.setup.all" (bool)</pre>
34	Include all relevant data

Callback Functions 35 **3.5**

36 PMIx provides blocking and nonblocking versions of most APIs. In the nonblocking versions, a 37 callback is activated upon completion of the the operation. This section describes many of those 38 callbacks.

1 3.5.1 Release Callback Function

2 3 4 5		Summary The pmix_release_cbfunc_t is used by the pmix_modex_cbfunc_t and pmix_info_cbfunc_t operations to indicate that the callback data may be reclaimed/freed by the caller.
6	PMIx v1.0	Format C
7 8		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_release_cbfunc_t) (void *cbdata) C</pre>
9 10		INOUT cbdata Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)
11 12 13		Description Since the data is "owned" by the host server, provide a callback function to notify the host server that we are done with the data so it can be released.
14	3.5.2	Modex Callback Function
15 16 17 18		Summary The pmix_modex_cbfunc_t is used by the pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t and pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t PMIx server operations to return modex business card exchange (BCX) data.
19 20 21 22 23 24	PMIx v1.0	C typedef void (*pmix_modex_cbfunc_t) (pmix_status_t status, const char *data, size_t ndata, void *cbdata, pmix_release_cbfunc_t release_fn, void *release_cbdata)
25		IN status
26 27		Status associated with the operation (handle)
28 29		Data to be passed (pointer) IN ndata
30 31 32		size of the data (size_t) IN cbdata Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)

<u>-</u> 	 IN release_fn Callback for releasing <i>data</i> (function pointer) IN release_cbdata Pointer to be passed to <i>release_fn</i> (memory reference)
5	Description A callback function that is solely used by PMIx servers, and not clients, to return modex B

A callback function that is solely used by PMIx servers, and not clients, to return modex BCX data in response to "fence" and "get" operations. The returned blob contains the data collected from each server participating in the operation.

9 3.5.3 Spawn Callback Function

10	Summary				
11	The pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t is used on the PMIx client side by PMIx_Spawn_nb and on the				
12	PMIx server side by <pre>pmix_server_spawn_fn_t.</pre>				
PMIx v1.0	• C				
13	typedef void (*pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t)				
14	(pmix_status_t status,				
15	<pre>pmix_nspace_t nspace, void *cbdata);</pre>				
	C				
16	IN status				
17	Status associated with the operation (handle)				
18	IN nspace				
19	Namespace string (pmix_nspace_t)				
20	IN cbdata				
21	Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)				
22	Description				
23	The callback will be executed upon launch of the specified applications in PMIx_Spawn_nb , or				
24	upon failure to launch any of them.				
25	The status of the callback will indicate whether or not the spawn succeeded. The nspace of the				
26	spawned processes will be returned, along with any provided callback data. Note that the returned				
27	nspace value will not be protected by the PRI upon return from the callback function, so the				
28	receiver must copy it if it needs to be retained.				

1 3.5.4 Op Callback Function

2 3	Summary The pmix_op_cbfunc_t is used by operations that simply return a status.					
PMIx v1.0	C					
4	typedef void (*pmix_op_cbfunc_t)					
5	(pmix_status_t status, void *cbdata);					
	C					
6	IN status					
7	Status associated with the operation (handle)					
8	IN cbdata					
9	Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)					
10	Description					
11	Used by a wide range of PMIx API's including PMIx_Fence_nb ,					
12	<pre>pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t, PMIx_server_register_nspace. This</pre>					
13	callback function is used to return a status to an often nonblocking operation.					

С

14 3.5.5 Lookup Callback Function

15 Summary

16	The pmix	lookup	cbfunc	t is used by	PMIx	Lookup	_nb to return data.
----	----------	--------	--------	--------------	-------------	--------	---------------------

PMIx v1.0

17	typedef void (*pmix lookup cbfunc t)
18	(pmix status t status,
19	pmix_pdata_t data[], size_t ndata,
20	<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>

21	IN	status
22		Status associated with the operation (handle)
23	IN	data
24		Array of data returned (pmix_pdata_t)
25	IN	ndata
26		Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (size_t)
27	IN	cbdata
28		Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)

Description

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A callback function for calls to **PMIx_Lookup_nb** The function will be called upon completion of the command with the *status* indicating the success or failure of the request. Any retrieved data will be returned in an array of **pmix_pdata_t** structs. The namespace and rank of the process that provided each data element is also returned.

6 Note that these structures will be released upon return from the callback function, so the receiver 7 must copy/protect the data prior to returning if it needs to be retained.

8 3.5.6 Value Callback Function

9	Summary			
10	The pmix_value_cbfunc_t is used by PMIx_Get_nb to return data.			
PMIx v	1.0 C			
11	typedef void (*pmix_value_cbfunc_t)			
12	(pmix_status_t status,			
13	pmix value t *kv, void *cbdata);			
14	IN status			
15	Status associated with the operation (handle)			
16	IN kv			
17	Key/value pair representing the data (pmix_value_t)			
18	IN cbdata			
19	Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)			
20	Description			
21	A callback function for calls to PMIx_Get_nb . The <i>status</i> indicates if the requested data was			
22	found or not. A pointer to the pmix_value_t structure containing the found data is returned.			

24 3.5.7 Info Callback Function

Summary 25 26 The **pmix_info_cbfunc_t** is a general information callback used by various APIs. С PMIx v2.0 27 typedef void (*pmix_info_cbfunc_t) 28 (pmix_status_t status, 29 pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, 30 void *cbdata, pmix_release_cbfunc_t release_fn, 31 32 void *release cbdata);

The pointer will be **NULL** if the requested data was not found.

	9	
1	IN status	
2	Status associated with the operation (pmix_status_t)	
3	IN info	
4	Array of pmix_info_t returned by the operation (pointer)	
5	IN ninfo	
6	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)	
7	IN cbdata	
8	Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)	
9	IN release_fn	
10	Function to be called when done with the <i>info</i> data (function pointer)	
11	IN release_cbdata	
12	Callback data to be passed to <i>release_fn</i> (memory reference)	
13	Description	
14	The <i>status</i> indicates if requested data was found or not. An array of pmix_info_t will contain	
15	the key/value pairs.	

16 3.5.8 Event Handler Registration Callback Function

17 The pmix_evhdlr_reg_cbfunc_t callback function.		The pmix_evhdlr_reg_cbfunc_t callback function.				
		Advice to users				
18 19 20 21		The PMIx <i>ad hoc</i> v1.0 Standard defined an error handler registration callback function with a compatible signature, but with a different type definition function name (pmix_errhandler_reg_cbfunc_t). It was removed from the v2.0 Standard and is not included in t document to avoid confusion.				
	PMIx v2.0	• C				
22 23 24 25		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_evhdlr_reg_cbfunc_t) (pmix_status_t status, size_t evhdlr_ref, void *cbdata)</pre>				
26 27		IN status Status indicates if the request was successful or not (pmix_status_t)				
28 29 30		IN evhdlr_ref Reference assigned to the event handler by PMIx — this reference * must be used to deregister the err handler (size_t)				
31 32		IN cbdata Callback data passed to original API call (memory reference)				

 Description

 Define a callback function for calls to PMIx_Register_event_handler

3 3.5.9 Notification Handler Completion Callback Function

4	Summary
5	The pmix_event_notification_cbfunc_fn_t is called by event handlers to indicate
6	completion of their operations.
PMIx v2.0	C
7	typedef void (*pmix_event_notification_cbfunc_fn_t)
8	(pmix_status_t status,
9	<pre>pmix_info_t *results, size_t nresults,</pre>
10	pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *thiscbdata,
11	void *notification_cbdata);
	0
12	IN status
13	Status returned by the event handler's operation (pmix_status_t)
14	IN results
15	Results from this event handler's operation on the event (pmix_info_t)
16	IN nresults
17	Number of elements in the results array (size_t)
18	IN cbfunc
19	pmix_op_cbfunc_t function to be executed when PMIx completes processing the
20	callback (function reference)
21	IN thiscbdata
22	Callback data that was passed in to the handler (memory reference)
23	IN cbdata
24	Callback data to be returned when PMIx executes cbfunc (memory reference)
25	Description
26	Define a callback by which an event handler can notify the PMIx library that it has completed its
27	response to the notification. The handler is <i>required</i> to execute this callback so the library can
28	determine if additional handlers need to be called. The handler shall return
29	PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_COMPLETE if no further action is required. The return status of each
30	event handler and any returned pmix_info_t structures will be added to the <i>results</i> array of
31	pmix_info_t passed to any subsequent event handlers to help guide their operation.
32	If non-NULL, the provided callback function will be called to allow the event handler to release the
33	provided info array and execute any other required cleanup operations.

1 3.5.10 Notification Function

2 3		Summary The pmix_notification_fn_t is called by PMIx to deliver notification of an event.
		Advice to users
4 5 6		The PMIx <i>ad hoc</i> v1.0 Standard defined an error notification function with an identical name, but different signature than the v2.0 Standard described below. The <i>ad hoc</i> v1.0 version was removed from the v2.0 Standard is not included in this document to avoid confusion.
Pl	MIx v2.0	• C
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_notification_fn_t) (size_t evhdlr_registration_id, pmix_status_t status, const pmix_proc_t *source, pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, pmix_info_t results[], size_t nresults, pmix_event_notification_cbfunc_fn_t cbfunc, void *cbdata);</pre>
15 16		IN evhdlr_registration_id Registration number of the handler being called (size_t)
17 18		IN status Status associated with the operation (pmix_status_t)
19 20 21		IN source Identifier of the process that generated the event (pmix_proc_t). If the source is the SMS,
22 23 24		 then the nspace will be empty and the rank will be PMIX_RANK_UNDEF IN info Information describing the event (pmix_info_t). This argument will be NULL if no additional information was provided by the event generator.
25 26		IN ninfo Number of elements in the info array (size_t)
27 28 29 30		IN results Aggregated results from prior event handlers servicing this event (pmix_info_t). This argument will be NULL if this is the first handler servicing the event, or if no prior handlers provided results.
31 32 33		 IN nresults Number of elements in the results array (size_t) IN cbfunc
33 34 35		<pre>pmix_event_notification_cbfunc_fn_t callback function to be executed upon completion of the handler's operation and prior to handler return (function reference).</pre>

IN chdata

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Callback data to be passed to cbfunc (memory reference)

Description

Note that different RMs may provide differing levels of support for event notification to application processes. Thus, the *info* array may be **NULL** or may contain detailed information of the event. It is the responsibility of the application to parse any provided info array for defined key-values if it so desires.

Advice to users -

Possible uses of the *info* array include:

- for the host RM to alert the process as to planned actions, such as aborting the session, in response to the reported event
- provide a timeout for alternative action to occur, such as for the application to request an alternate response to the event

13 For example, the RM might alert the application to the failure of a node that resulted in termination 14 of several processes, and indicate that the overall session will be aborted unless the application 15 requests an alternative behavior in the next 5 seconds. The application then has time to respond 16 with a checkpoint request, or a request to recover from the failure by obtaining replacement nodes and restarting from some earlier checkpoint.

18 Support for these options is left to the discretion of the host RM. Info keys are included in the common definitions above but may be augmented by environment vendors. 19

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

20 On the server side, the notification function is used to inform the PMIx server library's host of a detected event in the PMIx server library. Events generated by PMIx clients are communicated to 21 the PMIx server library, but will be relayed to the host via the 22 pmix_server_notify_event_fn_t function pointer, if provided. 23

Server Setup Application Callback Function 3.5.11 24

25 The **PMIx** server setup application callback function.

Summary 26

27 Provide a function by which the resource manager can receive application-specific environmental 28 variables and other setup data prior to launch of an application.

1	PMIx v2.0	Format C
2 3 4 5 6		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_setup_application_cbfunc_t)(</pre>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19		 IN status returned status of the request (pmix_status_t) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN provided_cbdata Data originally passed to call to PMIx_server_setup_application (memory reference) IN cbfunc pmix_op_cbfunc_t function to be called when processing completed (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the <i>cbfunc</i> callback function (memory reference)
20 21 22 23 24	3.5.12	Description Define a function to be called by the PMIx server library for return of application-specific setup data in response to a request from the host RM. The returned <i>info</i> array is owned by the PMIx server library and will be free'd when the provided <i>cbfunc</i> is called. Server Direct Modex Response Callback Function
25		The PMIx_server_dmodex_request callback function.
26 27 28		Summary Provide a function by which the local PMIx server library can return connection and other data posted by local application processes to the host resource manager.

29		Format	0	
	PMIx v1.0			
30		typedef void	(*pmix_dmodex_response_fn_t) (pmix_status_t status,	
31			char *data, size_t sz,	
32			<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>	

		C
1	IN s	status
2	F	Returned status of the request (pmix_status_t)
3	IN d	data
4	F	Pointer to a data "blob" containing the requested information (handle)
5	IN s	SZ
6	Ν	Number of bytes in the <i>data</i> blob (integer)
7	IN d	cbdata
8	Ι	Data passed into the initial call to PMIx_server_dmodex_request (memory reference)
9	Desc	ription
10	Define	a function to be called by the PMIx server library for return of information posted by a local
11	applica	ation process (via PMIx_Put with subsequent PMIx_Commit) in response to a request
12	from the	he host RM. The returned <i>data</i> blob is owned by the PMIx server library and will be free'd
13	upon r	eturn from the function.

14 3.5.13 PMIx Client Connection Callback Function

	-	
15	Summary	I

16 Callback function for incoming connection request from a local client

17		Format
PML	x v1.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18		typedef void (*pmix_connection_cbfunc_t)(
19		int incoming_sd, void *cbdata)
		• C
20		IN incoming_sd
21		(integer)
22		IN cbdata
23		(memory reference)
24		Description
25		Callback function for incoming connection requests from local clients - only used by host
26		environments that wish to directly handle socket connection requests.

27 3.5.14 PMIx Tool Connection Callback Function

28	Summary
----	---------

29 Callback function for incoming tool connections.

1		Format
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 3		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_tool_connection_cbfunc_t)(</pre>
4		<pre>pmix_proc_t *proc, void *cbdata) C</pre>
5 6		IN status pmix_status_t value (handle)
7 8		IN proc pmix_proc_t structure containing the identifier assigned to the tool (handle)
9 10		IN cbdata Data to be passed (memory reference)
11		Description
12 13		Callback function for incoming tool connections. The host environment shall provide a namespace/rank identifier for the connecting tool.
		Advice to PMIx server hosts
14 15		It is assumed that rank=0 will be the normal assignment, but allow for the future possibility of a parallel set of tools connecting, and thus each process requiring a unique rank.

16 3.5.15 Credential callback function

17 Summary

18 Callback function to return a requested security credential

1	PMIx v3.0	Format C
2 3 4 5 6	1 111 13.0	<pre>typedef void (*pmix_credential_cbfunc_t)(</pre>
7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		<pre>IN status pmix_status_t value (handle) IN credential pmix_byte_object_t structure containing the security credential (handle) IN info Array of provided by the system to pass any additional information about the credential - e.g., the identity of the issuing agent. (handle) IN ninfo Number of elements in info (size_t) IN cbdata Object passed in original request (memory reference)</pre>
18 19 20 21		Description Define a callback function to return a requested security credential. Information provided by the issuing agent can subsequently be used by the application for a variety of purposes. Examples include:
22 23		• checking identified authorizations to determine what requests/operations are feasible as a means to steering workflows
24		• compare the credential type to that of the local SMS for compatibility
		Advice to users
25 26 27		The credential is opaque and therefore understandable only by a service compatible with the issuer. The <i>info</i> array is owned by the PMIx library and is not to be released or altered by the receiving party.

28 3.5.16 Credential validation callback function

- 29 Summary
- 30 Callback function for security credential validation

1	PMIx v3.0	Format
	PMIX VS.0	
2		<pre>typedef void (*pmix_validation_cbfunc_t)(</pre>
3		pmix_status_t status,
4		<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
5		void *cbdata);
		С — — С — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
6		IN status
7		<pre>pmix_status_t value (handle)</pre>
8		IN info
9		Array of pmix_info_t provided by the system to pass any additional information about the
10		authentication - e.g., the effective userid and group id of the certificate holder, and any related
11		authorizations (handle)
12		IN ninfo
13		Number of elements in <i>info</i> (size_t)
14		IN cbdata
15		Object passed in original request (memory reference)
16		Description
17		Define a validation callback function to indicate if a provided credential is valid, and any
18		corresponding information regarding authorizations and other security matters.
		Advice to users
19		The precise contents of the array will depend on the host environment and its associated security
20		system. At the minimum, it is expected (but not required) that the array will contain entries for the
21		PMIX_USERID and PMIX_GRPID of the client described in the credential. The <i>info</i> array is
22		owned by the PMIx library and is not to be released or altered by the receiving party.

23 3.5.17 IOF delivery function

24 Summary

25 Callback function for delivering forwarded IO to a process

MIx v3.0	Format C
	typedef void (*pmix_iof_cbfunc_t)(
	size_t iofhdlr, pmix_iof_channel_t chan
	<pre>pmix_proc_t *source, char *payload,</pre>
	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo);</pre>
	IN iofhdlr
	Registration number of the handler being invoked (size_t)
	IN channel
	bitmask identifying the channel the data arrived on (pmix_iof_channel_t)
	IN source
	Pointer to a pmix_proc_t identifying the namespace/rank of the process that generated the
	data (char *)
	IN payload
	Pointer to character array containing the data.
	IN info
	Array of pmix_info_t provided by the source containing metadata about the payload. This
	could include PMIX_IOF_COMPLETE (handle)
	IN ninfo
	Number of elements in <i>info</i> (size_t)
	Description
	Define a callback function for delivering forwarded IO to a process. This function will be called
	whenever data becomes available, or a specified buffering size and/or time has been met.
	Advice to users
	Multiple strings may be included in a given <i>payload</i> , and the <i>payload</i> may <i>not</i> be NULL terminated.
	The user is responsible for releasing the <i>payload</i> memory. The <i>info</i> array is owned by the PMI: library and is not to be released or altered by the receiving party.

26 **3.5.18** IOF and Event registration function

27 Summary

28 Callback function for calls to register handlers, e.g., event notification and IOF requests.

1		Fo	rmat
	PMIx v3.0		•
2		tyr	<pre>pedef void (*pmix_hdlr_reg_cbfunc_t)(pmix_status_t status,</pre>
3			size_t refid,
4			<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>
			C
5		IN	status
6			PMIX_SUCCESS or an appropriate error constant (pmix_status_t)
7		IN	refid
8			reference identifier assigned to the handler by PMIx, used to deregister the handler (size_t)
9		IN	cbdata
10			object provided to the registration call (pointer)
11		De	scription
12		Call	back function for calls to register handlers, e.g., event notification and IOF requests.

3.6 Constant String Functions

Provide a string representation for several types of values. Note that the provided string is statically
 defined and must NOT be **free**'d.

16	Summary
17	String representation of a pmix_status_t .
PMIx v1.0	• C •
18	const char*
19	<pre>PMIx_Error_string(pmix_status_t status);</pre>
	C
20	Summary
21	String representation of a pmix_proc_state_t .
PMIx v2.0	• C
22	const char*
23	<pre>PMIx_Proc_state_string(pmix_proc_state_t state);</pre>
	• C

1		Summary
2		String representation of a pmix_scope_t .
	PMIx v2.0	· · ·
3		const char*
4		<pre>PMIx_Scope_string(pmix_scope_t scope);</pre>
		C
5		Summary
6		String representation of a pmix_persistence_t .
	PMIx v2.0	C
7		const char*
, 8		<pre>PMIx_Persistence_string(pmix_persistence_t persist);</pre>
0		<pre>PMIX_Persistence_string(pmix_persistence_t persist);</pre>
9		Summary
10		String representation of a pmix_data_range_t.
10		Sumg representation of a pairx_data_tange_t.
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
11		const char*
12		<pre>PMIx_Data_range_string(pmix_data_range_t range);</pre>
		°
13		Summary
14		String representation of a pmix_info_directives_t .
	DML	C
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15		const char*
16		<pre>PMIx_Info_directives_string(pmix_info_directives_t directives);</pre>
		C
		Cummers
17		Summary
18		String representation of a pmix_data_type_t.
	PMIx v2.0	C
19		const char*
20		<pre>PMIx_Data_type_string(pmix_data_type_t type);</pre>

1	Summary
2	String representation of a pmix_alloc_directive_t .
PMIx v2.0	• C
3	const char*
4	<pre>PMIx_Alloc_directive_string(pmix_alloc_directive_t directive);</pre>
	C
5	Summary
6	String representation of a pmix_iof_channel_t.
PMIx v3.0	C
7	const char*
8	<pre>PMIx_IOF_channel_string(pmix_iof_channel_t channel);</pre>
	• C

CHAPTER 4 Initialization and Finalization

1	The PMIx library is required to be initialized and finalized around the usage of most of the APIs.
2	The APIs that may be used outside of the initialized and finalized region are noted. All other APIs
3	must be used inside this region.
4	There are three sets of initialization and finalization functions depending upon the role of the
5	process in the PMIx universe. Each of these functional sets are described in this chapter. Note that
6	a process can only call <i>one</i> of the init/finalize functional pairs - e.g., a process that calls the client
7	initialization function cannot also call the tool or server initialization functions, and must call the
8	corresponding client finalize.
	Advice to users
9	Processes that initialize as a server or tool automatically are given access to all client APIs. Server
10	initialization includes setting up the infrastructure to support local clients - thus, it necessarily
11	includes overhead and an increased memory footprint. Tool initialization automatically searches for
12	a server to which it can connect — if declared as a <i>launcher</i> , the PMIx library sets up the required
13	"hooks" for other tools (e.g., debuggers) to attach to it.

14 4.1 Query

The API defined in this section can be used by any PMIx process, regardless of their role in the
PMIx universe.

17 4.1.1 PMIx_Initialized

18	Format	C
PMIx v1.0		C
19	int PMIx_Initialized(void)	
		C
20	A value of 1 (true) will be returned if the PMI	x library has been initialized, and 0 (false) otherwise.
	▼ Ra	ationale
21	•	sons as that was the signature of prior PMI libraries.

1 Description

Check to see if the PMIx library has been initialized using any of the init functions: PMIx_Init,
 PMIx_server_init, or PMIx_tool_init.

4 4.1.2 PMIx_Get_version

- 5 **Summary** 6 Get the PMIx version information.
- 7 Format C 9 C const char* PMIx_Get_version(void) C C

9 Description

10 Get the PMIx version string. Note that the provided string is statically defined and must *not* be 11 free'd.

12 4.2 Client Initialization and Finalization

13	Initialization and finalization routines for PMIx clients.	
	Advice to users	▼
14	The PMIx ad hoc v1.0 Standard defined the PMIx_Init function, but modified the function	
15	signature in the v1.2 version. The ad hoc v1.0 version is not included in this document to avoid	
16	confusion.	

17 4.2.1 PMIx_Init

18 Summary

19 Initialize the PMIx client library

1	Format
PMIx v1.2	
2	pmix_status_t
3	PMIx_Init (pmix_proc_t *proc,
4	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo)</pre>
	0
5	INOUT proc
6	proc structure (handle)
7	IN info
8 9	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles) IN ninfo
10	Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)
11	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
	✓ Optional Attributes
12	The following attributes are optional for implementers of PMIx libraries:
13	PMIX_USOCK_DISABLE "pmix.usock.disable" (bool)
14	Disable legacy UNIX socket (usock) support If the library supports Unix socket
15	connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it.
16	PMIX_SOCKET_MODE "pmix.sockmode" (uint32_t)
17	POSIX mode_t (9 bits valid) If the library supports socket connections, this attribute may
18	be supported for setting the socket mode.
19	PMIX_SINGLE_LISTENER "pmix.sing.listnr" (bool)
20	Use only one rendezvous socket, letting priorities and/or environment parameters select the
21	active transport. If the library supports multiple methods for clients to connect to servers,
22	this attribute may be supported for disabling all but one of them.
23	<pre>PMIX_TCP_REPORT_URI "pmix.tcp.repuri" (char*)</pre>
24	If provided, directs that the TCP URI be reported and indicates the desired method of
25	reporting: $'-'$ for stdout, $'+'$ for stderr, or filename. If the library supports TCP socket
26	connections, this attribute may be supported for reporting the URI.
27	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_INCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifinclude" (char*)</pre>
28	Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to include when establishing the
29	TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be
30	supported for specifying the interfaces to be used.
31	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_EXCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifexclude" (char*)</pre>
32	Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to exclude when establishing the
33	TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be
34	supported for specifying the interfaces that are <i>not</i> to be used.

1 2 3	PMIX_TCP_IPV4_PORT " pmix.tcp.ipv4 " (int) The IPv4 port to be used. If the library supports IPV4 connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the port to be used.
4 5 6	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IPV6_PORT "pmix.tcp.ipv6" (int) The IPv6 port to be used. If the library supports IPV6 connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the port to be used.</pre>
7 8 9	<pre>PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV4 "pmix.tcp.disipv4" (bool) Set to true to disable IPv4 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV4 connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it.</pre>
10 11 12	<pre>PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV6 "pmix.tcp.disipv6" (bool) Set to true to disable IPv6 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV6 connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it.</pre>
13 14	PMIX_EVENT_BASE " pmix.evbase " (struct event_base *) Pointer to libevent ¹ event_base to use in place of the internal progress thread.
15 16 17 18	<pre>PMIX_GDS_MODULE "pmix.gds.mod" (char*) Comma-delimited string of desired modules. This attribute is specific to the PRI and controls only the selection of GDS module for internal use by the process. Module selection for interacting with the server is performed dynamically during the connection process.</pre>
19 20 21 22	Description Initialize the PMIx client, returning the process identifier assigned to this client's application in the provided pmix_proc_t struct. Passing a value of NULL for this parameter is allowed if the user wishes solely to initialize the PMIx system and does not require return of the identifier at that time.
00	When called the DMIs alignt shall should far the respired connection information of the local DMIs

When called, the PMIx client shall check for the required connection information of the local PMIx
server and establish the connection. If the information is not found, or the server connection fails,
then an appropriate error constant shall be returned.

26If successful, the function shall return **PMIX_SUCCESS** and fill the *proc* structure (if provided)27with the server-assigned namespace and rank of the process within the application. In addition, all28startup information provided by the resource manager shall be made available to the client process29via subsequent calls to **PMIx_Get**.

- 30The PMIx client library shall be reference counted, and so multiple calls to PMIx_Init are31allowed by the standard. Thus, one way for an application process to obtain its namespace and rank32is to simply call PMIx_Init with a non-NULL proc parameter. Note that each call to33PMIx_Init must be balanced with a call to PMIx_Finalize to maintain the reference count.
- Each call to PMIx_Init may contain an array of pmix_info_t structures passing directives to
 the PMIx client library as per the above attributes.

¹http://libevent.org/

1 Multiple calls to **PMIx_Init** shall not include conflicting directives. The **PMIx_Init** function 2 will return an error when directives that conflict with prior directives are encountered.

3 4.2.2 PMIx_Finalize

4	Summary
---	---------

5 Finalize the PMIx client library.

6		Format	
	PMIx v1.0	0	
7		pmix_status_t	
8		<pre>PMIx_Finalize(const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo)</pre>	
		C	
9		IN info	
10		Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)	
11		IN ninfo	
12		Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)	
13		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.	
		✓ Optional Attributes	
14		The following attributes are optional for implementers of PMIx libraries:	
15		PMIX_EMBED_BARRIER "pmix.embed.barrier" (bool)	
16		Execute a blocking fence operation before executing the specified operation. For example,	
17		PMIx_Finalize does not include an internal barrier operation by default. This attribute	
18		would direct PMIx_Finalize to execute a barrier as part of the finalize operation.	
		A	

19 Description

20Decrement the PMIx client library reference count. When the reference count reaches zero, the21library will finalize the PMIx client, closing the connection with the local PMIx server and22releasing all internally allocated memory.

23 4.3 Tool Initialization and Finalization

24 Initialization and finalization routines for PMIx tools.

25 4.3.1 PMIx_tool_init

26 Summary

27 Initialize the PMIx library for operating as a tool.

1		Format
2 3 4	PMIx v2.0	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_tool_init(pmix_proc_t *proc,</pre>
5 6 7 8 9		<pre>INOUT proc pmix_proc_t structure (handle) IN info Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)</pre>
11		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. Required Attributes
12		The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
13 14		PMIX_TOOL_NSPACE " pmix.tool.nspace " (char *) Name of the namespace to use for this tool.
15 16		PMIX_TOOL_RANK " pmix.tool.rank " (uint32_t) Rank of this tool.
17 18		PMIX_TOOL_DO_NOT_CONNECT " pmix.tool.nocon " (bool) The tool wants to use internal PMIx support, but does not want to connect to a PMIx server.
19 20		<pre>PMIX_SERVER_URI "pmix.srvr.uri" (char*) URI of the PMIx server to be contacted.</pre>
		Optional Attributes
21		The following attributes are optional for implementers of PMIx libraries:
22 23		PMIX_CONNECT_TO_SYSTEM " pmix.cnct.sys " (bool) The requestor requires that a connection be made only to a local, system-level PMIx server.
24 25		PMIX_CONNECT_SYSTEM_FIRST " pmix.cnct.sys.first " (bool) Preferentially, look for a system-level PMIx server first.
26 27		PMIX_SERVER_PIDINFO " pmix.srvr.pidinfo " (pid_t) PID of the target PMIx server for a tool.
28 29 30		<pre>PMIX_TCP_URI "pmix.tcp.uri" (char*) The URI of the PMIx server to connect to, or a file name containing it in the form of file:<name containing="" file="" it="" of="">.</name></pre>
31		<pre>PMIX_CONNECT_RETRY_DELAY "pmix.tool.retry" (uint32_t)</pre>

1	Time in seconds between connection attempts to a PMIx server.
2	PMIX_CONNECT_MAX_RETRIES " pmix.tool.mretries " (uint32_t)
3	Maximum number of times to try to connect to PMIx server.
4 5 6	<pre>PMIX_SOCKET_MODE "pmix.sockmode" (uint32_t) POSIX mode_t (9 bits valid) If the library supports socket connections, this attribute may be supported for setting the socket mode.</pre>
7 8 9 10	<pre>PMIX_TCP_REPORT_URI "pmix.tcp.repuri" (char*) If provided, directs that the TCP URI be reported and indicates the desired method of reporting: '-' for stdout, '+' for stderr, or filename. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for reporting the URI.</pre>
11 12 13 14	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_INCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifinclude" (char*) Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to include when establishing the TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the interfaces to be used.</pre>
15 16 17 18	<pre>PMIX_TCP_IF_EXCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifexclude" (char*) Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to exclude when establishing the TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the interfaces that are <i>not</i> to be used.</pre>
19	PMIX_TCP_IPV4_PORT " pmix.tcp.ipv4 " (int)
20	The IPv4 port to be used. If the library supports IPV4 connections, this attribute may be
21	supported for specifying the port to be used.
22	PMIX_TCP_IPV6_PORT " pmix.tcp.ipv6 " (int)
23	The IPv6 port to be used. If the library supports IPV6 connections, this attribute may be
24	supported for specifying the port to be used.
25	PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV4 "pmix.tcp.disipv4" (bool)
26	Set to true to disable IPv4 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV4 connections,
27	this attribute may be supported for disabling it.
28	PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV6 "pmix.tcp.disipv6" (bool)
29	Set to true to disable IPv6 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV6 connections,
30	this attribute may be supported for disabling it.
31	PMIX_EVENT_BASE " pmix.evbase " (struct event_base *)
32	Pointer to libevent ² event_base to use in place of the internal progress thread.
33 34 35 36	<pre>PMIX_GDS_MODULE "pmix.gds.mod" (char*) Comma-delimited string of desired modules. This attribute is specific to the PRI and controls only the selection of GDS module for internal use by the process. Module selection for interacting with the server is performed dynamically during the connection process.</pre>

²http://libevent.org/

Description

Initialize the PMIx tool, returning the process identifier assigned to this tool in the provided **pmix_proc_t** struct. The *info* array is used to pass user requests pertaining to the init and subsequent operations. Passing a **NULL** value for the array pointer is supported if no directives are desired.

If called with the **PMIX_TOOL_DO_NOT_CONNECT** attribute, the PMIx tool library will fully initialize but not attempt to connect to a PMIx server. The tool can connect to a server at a later point in time, if desired. In all other cases, the PMIx tool library will attempt to connect to according to the following precedence chain:

- if PMIX_SERVER_URI or PMIX_TCP_URI is given, then connection will be attempted to the server at the specified URI. Note that it is an error for both of these attributes to be specified.
 PMIX_SERVER_URI is the preferred method as it is more generalized PMIX_TCP_URI is provided for those cases where the user specifically wants to use a TCP transport for the connection and wants to error out if it isn't available or cannot succeed. The PMIX library will return an error if connection fails it will not proceed to check for other connection options as the user specified a particular one to use
- if **PMIX_SERVER_PIDINFO** was provided, then the tool will search under the directory provided by the PMIX_SERVER_TMPDIR environmental variable for a rendezvous file created by the process corresponding to that PID. The PMIx library will return an error if the rendezvous file cannot be found, or the connection is refused by the server
 - if **PMIX_CONNECT_TO_SYSTEM** is given, then the tool will search for a system-level rendezvous file created by a PMIx server in the directory specified by the PMIX_SYSTEM_TMPDIR environmental variable. If found, then the tool will attempt to connect to it. An error is returned if the rendezvous file cannot be found or the connection is refused.
 - if **PMIX_CONNECT_SYSTEM_FIRST** is given, then the tool will search for a system-level rendezvous file created by a PMIx server in the directory specified by the PMIX_SYSTEM_TMPDIR environmental variable. If found, then the tool will attempt to connect to it. In this case, no error will be returned if the rendezvous file is not found or connection is refused the PMIX library will silently continue to the next option
 - by default, the tool will search the directory tree under the directory provided by the PMIX_SERVER_TMPDIR environmental variable for rendezvous files of PMIx servers, attempting to connect to each it finds until one accepts the connection. If no rendezvous files are found, or all contacted servers refuse connection, then the PMIx library will return an error.

If successful, the function will return **PMIX_SUCCESS** and will fill the provided structure (if provided) with the server-assigned namespace and rank of the tool. Note that each connection attempt in the above precedence chain will retry (with delay between each retry) a number of times according to the values of the corresponding attributes. Default is no retries.

Note that the PMIx tool library is referenced counted, and so multiple calls to PMIx_tool_init
 are allowed. Thus, one way to obtain the namespace and rank of the process is to simply call
 PMIx_tool_init with a non-NULL parameter.

4 4.3.2 PMIx_tool_finalize

5 6	Summary Finalize the PMIx library for a tool connection.	
7 <i>PMIx v2.0</i>	Format	С
8 9	pmix_status_t PMIx_tool_finalize(void)	C

10 Returns **PMIX_SUCCESS** or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

11	Description
12	Finalize the PMIx tool library, closing the connection to the server. An error code will be returned
13	if, for some reason, the connection cannot be cleanly terminated — in this case, the connection is
14	dropped.

15 4.3.3 PMIx_tool_connect_to_server

16 17 18	Summary Switch connection from the current PMIx server to another one, or initialize a connection to a specified server.
19 <i>PMIx v3.0</i>	Format C
20	pmix_status_t
21	PMIx_tool_connect_to_server(pmix_proc_t *proc,
22	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo) C</pre>

23 Returns **PMIX_SUCCESS** or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1	The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
2 3	PMIX_CONNECT_TO_SYSTEM " pmix.cnct.sys " (bool) The requestor requires that a connection be made only to a local, system-level PMIx server.
4 5	PMIX_CONNECT_SYSTEM_FIRST " pmix.cnct.sys.first " (bool) Preferentially, look for a system-level PMIx server first.
6 7	PMIX_SERVER_URI " pmix.srvr.uri " (char *) URI of the PMIx server to be contacted.
8 9	PMIX_SERVER_NSPACE " pmix.srv.nspace " (char *) Name of the namespace to use for this PMIx server.
10 11	<pre>PMIX_SERVER_PIDINFO "pmix.srvr.pidinfo" (pid_t)</pre>
12	Description
13	Switch connection from the current PMIx server to another one, or initialize a connection to a
14	specified server. Closes the connection, if existing, to a server and establishes a connection to the
15	specified server. This function can be called at any time by a PMIx tool to shift connections
16	between servers. The process identifier assigned to this tool is returned in the provided
17 18	pmix_proc_t struct. Passing a value of NULL for this parameter is allowed if the user wishes solely to connect to the PMIx server and does not require return of the identifier at that time.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
19 20	PMIx tools and clients are prohibited from being connected to more than one server at a time to avoid confusion in subsystems such as event notification.
21	When a tool connects to a server that is under a different namespace manager (e.g., host RM) as the
22	prior server, the identifier of the tool must remain unique in the namespaces. This may require the
23 24	identifier of the tool to be changed on-the-fly, that is, the <i>proc</i> parameter would be filled (if non-NULL) with a different nspace/rank from the current tool identifier.
	Advice to users
25	Passing a NULL value for the <i>info</i> pointer is not allowed and will result in returning an error.

Required Attributes

Some PMIx implementations (for example, the current PRI) may not support connecting to a server that is not under the same namespace manager (e.g., host RM) as the tool.

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1 4.4 Server Initialization and Finalization

Initialization and finalization routines for PMIx servers.

3 4.4.1 PMIx_server_init

4	Summary

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5 Initialize the PMIx server.

Format 6 — C -PMIx v1.07 pmix status t PMIx server init (pmix server module t *module, 8 pmix info t info[], size t ninfo) 9 _____ C _____ **INOUT** module 10 pmix_server_module_t structure (handle) 11 12 IN info Array of **pmix_info_t** structures (array of handles) 13 14 IN ninfo Number of elements in the *info* array (**size_t**) 15 16 Returns **PMIX** SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. **Required Attributes** -----------17 The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: PMIX_SERVER_NSPACE "pmix.srv.nspace" (char*) 18 Name of the namespace to use for this PMIx server. 19 20 PMIX SERVER RANK "pmix.srv.rank" (pmix rank t) Rank of this PMIx server 21 22 PMIX_SERVER_TMPDIR "pmix.srvr.tmpdir" (char*) Top-level temporary directory for all client processes connected to this server, and where the 23 24 PMIx server will place its tool rendezvous point and contact information. PMIX_SYSTEM_TMPDIR "pmix.sys.tmpdir" (char*) 25

Temporary directory for this system, and where a PMIx server that declares itself to be a system-level server will place a tool rendezvous point and contact information.

PMIX_SERVER_TOOL_SUPPORT "pmix.srvr.tool" (bool)

The host RM wants to declare itself as willing to accept tool connection requests.

30 PMIX_SERVER_SYSTEM_SUPPORT "pmix.srvr.sys" (bool)

The host RM wants to declare itself as being the local system server for PMIx connection requests.

_____A Optional Attributes -----The following attributes are optional for implementers of PMIx libraries: PMIX_USOCK_DISABLE "pmix.usock.disable" (bool) Disable legacy UNIX socket (usock) support If the library supports Unix socket connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it. PMIX_SOCKET_MODE "pmix.sockmode" (uint32_t) POSIX mode t (9 bits valid) If the library supports socket connections, this attribute may be supported for setting the socket mode. PMIX_TCP_REPORT_URI "pmix.tcp.repuri" (char*) If provided, directs that the TCP URI be reported and indicates the desired method of reporting: '-' for stdout, '+' for stderr, or filename. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for reporting the URI. PMIX_TCP_IF_INCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifinclude" (char*) Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to include when establishing the TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the interfaces to be used. PMIX_TCP_IF_EXCLUDE "pmix.tcp.ifexclude" (char*) Comma-delimited list of devices and/or CIDR notation to exclude when establishing the TCP connection. If the library supports TCP socket connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the interfaces that are *not* to be used. PMIX_TCP_IPV4_PORT "pmix.tcp.ipv4" (int) The IPv4 port to be used. If the library supports IPV4 connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the port to be used. PMIX TCP IPV6 PORT "pmix.tcp.ipv6" (int) The IPv6 port to be used. If the library supports IPV6 connections, this attribute may be supported for specifying the port to be used. PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV4 "pmix.tcp.disipv4" (bool) Set to **true** to disable IPv4 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV4 connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it. PMIX_TCP_DISABLE_IPV6 "pmix.tcp.disipv6" (bool) Set to **true** to disable IPv6 family of addresses. If the library supports IPV6 connections, this attribute may be supported for disabling it. PMIX_SERVER_REMOTE_CONNECTIONS "pmix.srvr.remote" (bool) Allow connections from remote tools. Forces the PMIx server to not exclusively use loopback device. If the library supports connections from remote tools, this attribute may be supported for enabling or disabling it.

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1	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_BASE "pmix.evbase" (struct event_base *)</pre>
2	Pointer to libevent ³ event_base to use in place of the internal progress thread.
3	<pre>PMIX_GDS_MODULE "pmix.gds.mod" (char*)</pre>
4	Comma-delimited string of desired modules. This attribute is specific to the PRI and
5	controls only the selection of GDS module for internal use by the process. Module selection
6	for interacting with the server is performed dynamically during the connection process.
	▲
7	Description
8	Initialize the PMIx server support library, and provide a pointer to a pmix_server_module_t
9	structure containing the caller's callback functions. The array of pmix_info_t structs is used to
10	pass additional info that may be required by the server when initializing. For example, it may
11	include the PMIX_SERVER_TOOL_SUPPORT key, thereby indicating that the daemon is willing
12	to accept connection requests from tools.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
13	Providing a value of NULL for the <i>module</i> argument is permitted, as is passing an empty <i>module</i>
14	structure. Doing so indicates that the host environment will not provide support for multi-node
15	operations such as PMIx_Fence , but does intend to support local clients access to information.

16 4.4.2 PMIx_server_finalize

17 18	Summary Finalize the PMIx server library.
19 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format C
20 21	pmix_status_t PMIx_server_finalize(void)
	C
22	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
23	Description
24	Finalize the PMIx server support library, terminating all connections to attached tools and any local
25	clients. All memory usage is released.

³http://libevent.org/

CHAPTER 5 Key/Value Management

Management of key-value pairs in PMIx is a distributed responsibility. While the stated objective of the PMIx community is to eliminate collective operations, it is recognized that the traditional method of publishing/exchanging data must be supported until that objective can be met. This method relies on processes to discover and publish their local information which is collected by the local PMIx server library. Global exchange of the published information is then executed via a collective operation performed by the host SMS servers.

Keys are required to be unique within a specific level of information as defined in 3.4.11. For
 example, a value for PMIX_NUM_NODES can be specified for each of the session, job, and
 application levels. However, subsequently specifying another value for that attribute in the
 session level will overwrite the prior value.

11 5.1 Setting and Accessing Key/Value Pairs

12 5.1.1 PMIx_Put

Cummon

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14		Push a key/value pair into the client's namespace.
15 /	PMIx v1.0	Format C
16		pmix_status_t
17		- PMIx_Put (pmix_scope_t scope,
18		const pmix_key_t key,
19		pmix_value_t *val)
		C
20		IN scope
21		Distribution scope of the provided value (handle)
22		IN key
23		key (pmix_key_t)
24		IN value
25		Reference to a pmix_value_t structure (handle)
26		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1 2 3	Description Push a value into the client's namespace. The client's PMIx library will cache the information locally until PMIx_Commit is called.
4 5 6 7	The provided <i>scope</i> is passed to the local PMIx server, which will distribute the data to other processes according to the provided scope. The pmix_scope_t values are defined in Section 3.2.9 on page 31. Specific implementations may support different scope values, but all implementations must support at least PMIX_GLOBAL .
8 9 10	The pmix_value_t structure supports both string and binary values. PMIx implementations will support heterogeneous environments by properly converting binary values between host architectures, and will copy the provided <i>value</i> into internal memory.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
11 12 13	The PMIx server library will properly pack/unpack data to accommodate heterogeneous environments. The host SMS is not involved in this action. The <i>value</i> argument must be copied - the caller is free to release it following return from the function.
	Advice to users
14 15	The value is copied by the PMIx client library. Thus, the application is free to release and/or modify the value once the call to PMIx_Put has completed.
16 17 18	Note that keys starting with a string of " pmix " are exclusively reserved for the PMIx standard and must not be used in calls to PMIx_Put . Thus, applications should never use a defined "PMIX_" attribute as the key in a call to PMIx_Put .

19 5.1.2 PMIx_Get

- 20 Summary
- 21 Retrieve a key/value pair from the client's namespace.

1		Format
	PMIx v1.0	
2		pmix_status_t
3		PMIx_Get(const pmix_proc_t *proc, const pmix_key_t key,
4		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
5		<pre>pmix_value_t **val)</pre>
		C
6		IN proc
7		process reference (handle)
8		IN key
9		key to retrieve (pmix_key_t)
10		IN info
11		Array of info structures (array of handles)
12		IN ninfo
13		Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
14		OUT val
15		value (handle)
16		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
		✓ Required Attributes
17		The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
18		PMIX_OPTIONAL "pmix.optional" (bool)
19		Look only in the client's local data store for the requested value - do not request data from
20		the PMIx server if not found.
21		PMIX_IMMEDIATE "pmix.immediate" (bool)
22		Specified operation should immediately return an error from the PMIx server if the requested
23		data cannot be found - do not request it from the host RM.
24		PMIX_DATA_SCOPE "pmix.scope" (pmix_scope_t)
25		Scope of the data to be found in a PMIx_Get call.
26		PMIX_SESSION_INFO "pmix.ssn.info" (bool)
27		Return information about the specified session. If information about a session other than the
28		one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a
29		PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute identifying the desired target.
30		<pre>PMIX_JOB_INFO "pmix.job.info" (bool)</pre>

1 2 3 4 5 6	Return information about the specified job or namespace. If information about a job or namespace other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a PMIX_JOBID or PMIX_NSPACE attribute identifying the desired target. Similarly, if information is requested about a job or namespace in a session other than the one containing the requesting process, then an attribute identifying the target session must be provided.
7 8 9 10 11 12	PMIX_APP_INFO "pmix.app.info" (bool) Return information about the specified application. If information about an application other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a PMIX_APPNUM attribute identifying the desired target. Similarly, if information is requested about an application in a job or session other than the one containing the requesting process, then attributes identifying the target job and/or session must be provided.
13 14 15 16	<pre>PMIX_NODE_INFO "pmix.node.info" (bool) Return information about the specified node. If information about a node other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain either the PMIX_NODEID or PMIX_HOSTNAME attribute identifying the desired target.</pre>
17	The following attributes are optional for host environments:
18 19 20 21	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
	Advice to PMIx library implementers

1 2 3	Description Retrieve information for the specified <i>key</i> as published by the process identified in the given pmix_proc_t , returning a pointer to the value in the given address.
4 5 6 7	This is a blocking operation - the caller will block until either the specified data becomes available from the specified rank in the <i>proc</i> structure or the operation times out should the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute have been given. The caller is responsible for freeing all memory associated with the returned <i>value</i> when no longer required.
8	The <i>info</i> array is used to pass user requests regarding the get operation.
	Advice to users
9 10 11 12 13 14	Information provided by the PMIx server at time of process start is accessed by providing the namespace of the job with the rank set to PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD. The list of data referenced in this way is maintained on the PMIx web site at https://pmix.org/support/faq/wildcard-rank-access/ but includes items such as the number of processes in the namespace (PMIX_JOB_SIZE), total available slots in the allocation (PMIX_UNIV_SIZE), and the number of nodes in the allocation (PMIX_NUM_NODES).
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Data posted by a process via PMIx_Put needs to be retrieved by specifying the rank of the posting process. All other information is retrievable using a rank of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD when the information being retrieved refers to something non-rank specific (e.g., number of processes on a node, number of processes in a job), and using the rank of the relevant process when requesting information that is rank-specific (e.g., the URI of the process, or the node upon which it is executing). Each subsection of Section 3.4 indicates the appropriate rank value for referencing the defined attribute.

22 5.1.3 PMIx_Get_nb

- 23 Summary
- 24 Nonblocking **PMIx_Get** operation.

1	DW 10	Format
2	PMIx v1.0	pmix_status_t
3		<pre>PMIx_Get_nb(const pmix_proc_t *proc, const char key[],</pre>
4		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
5		<pre>pmix_value_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
6		IN proc
7		process reference (handle)
8		IN key
9 10		key to retrieve (string) IN info
11		Array of info structures (array of handles)
12		IN ninfo
13		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
14		IN cbfunc
15 16		Callback function (function reference)
17		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
18		Returns one of the following:
19 20 21		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
22 23		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
24 25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
26 27		If executed, the status returned in the provided callback function will be one of the following constants:
28		PMIX_SUCCESS The requested data has been returned
29		• PMIX_ERR_NOT_FOUND The requested data was not available
30		• a non-zero PMIx error constant indicating a reason for the request's failure
		Required Attributes
31		The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
32		PMIX_OPTIONAL "pmix.optional" (bool)
33		Look only in the client's local data store for the requested value - do not request data from
34		the PMIx server if not found.

1	PMIX_IMMEDIATE "pmix.immediate" (bool)
2	Specified operation should immediately return an error from the PMIx server if the requested
3	data cannot be found - do not request it from the host RM.
4	PMIX_DATA_SCOPE " pmix.scope " (pmix_scope_t)
5	Scope of the data to be found in a PMIx_Get call.
6	PMIX_SESSION_INFO "pmix.ssn.info" (bool)
7	Return information about the specified session. If information about a session other than the
8	one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a
9	PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute identifying the desired target.
10	PMIX_JOB_INFO "pmix.job.info" (bool)
11	Return information about the specified job or namespace. If information about a job or
12	namespace other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute
13	array must contain a PMIX_JOBID or PMIX_NSPACE attribute identifying the desired
14	target. Similarly, if information is requested about a job or namespace in a session other than
15	the one containing the requesting process, then an attribute identifying the target session
16	must be provided.
17	PMIX_APP_INFO "pmix.app.info" (bool)
18	Return information about the specified application. If information about an application other
19	than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must
20	contain a PMIX_APPNUM attribute identifying the desired target. Similarly, if information is
21	requested about an application in a job or session other than the one containing the requesting
22	process, then attributes identifying the target job and/or session must be provided.
23 24 25 26	<pre>PMIX_NODE_INFO "pmix.node.info" (bool) Return information about the specified node. If information about a node other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain either the PMIX_NODEID or PMIX_HOSTNAME attribute identifying the desired target.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
27	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
28 29 30 31	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>

- Advice to PMIx library implementers -

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between delivery of the data by the host environment versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

Description

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9 10 The callback function will be executed once the specified data becomes available from the identified process and retrieved by the local server. The *info* array is used as described by the **PMIx_Get** routine.

Advice to users

11Information provided by the PMIx server at time of process start is accessed by providing the12namespace of the job with the rank set to PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD. Attributes referenced in this13way are identified in 3.4 but includes items such as the number of processes in the namespace14(PMIX_JOB_SIZE), total available slots in the allocation (PMIX_UNIV_SIZE), and the number15of nodes in the allocation (PMIX_NUM_NODES).

In general, data posted by a process via PMIx_Put and data that refers directly to a process-related
 value needs to be retrieved by specifying the rank of the posting process. All other information is
 retrievable using a rank of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD, as illustrated in 5.1.5. See 3.4.11 for an
 explanation regarding use of the *level* attributes.

20 5.1.4 PMIx_Store_internal

21 Summary

22 Store some data locally for retrieval by other areas of the proc.

1 P.	MIx v1.0	Format C
2 3 4 5		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Store_internal(const pmix_proc_t *proc,</pre>
6 7 8 9 10 11		 IN proc process reference (handle) IN key key to retrieve (string) IN val Value to store (handle)
12		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
13 14 15		Description Store some data locally for retrieval by other areas of the proc. This is data that has only internal scope - it will never be "pushed" externally.
16	5.1.5	Accessing information: examples
17		This section provides examples illustrating methods for accessing information at various levels.

I his section provides examples illustrating methods for accessing information at various levels.
 The intent of the examples is not to provide comprehensive coding guidance, but rather to illustrate how PMIx_Get can be used to obtain information on a session, job, application, process, and node.

21 5.1.5.1 Session-level information

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The **PMIx_Get** API does not include an argument for specifying the **session** associated with the information being requested. Information regarding the session containing the requestor can be obtained by the following methods:

- for session-level attributes (e.g., **PMIX_UNIV_SIZE**), specifying the requestor's namespace and a rank of **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD**; or
- for non-specific attributes (e.g., **PMIX_NUM_NODES**), including the **PMIX_SESSION_INFO** attribute to indicate that the session-level information for that attribute is being requested
- 29 Example requests are shown below:

```
1
             pmix info t info;
2
             pmix value t *value;
3
             pmix_status_t rc;
4
             pmix_proc_t myproc, wildcard;
5
6
             /* initialize the client library */
7
             PMIx_Init(&myproc, NULL, 0);
8
9
             /* get the #slots in our session */
10
             PMIX_PROC_LOAD(&wildcard, myproc.nspace, PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD);
             rc = PMIx Get(&wildcard, PMIX UNIV SIZE, NULL, 0, &value);
11
12
13
             /* get the #nodes in our session */
             PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info, PMIX_SESSION_INFO, NULL, PMIX_BOOL);
14
             rc = PMIx Get(&wildcard, PMIX NUM NODES, &info, 1, &value);
15
                                                 С
16
             Information regarding a different session can be requested by either specifying the namespace and a
             rank of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD for a process in the target session, or adding the
17
18
             PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute identifying the target session. In the latter case, the proc argument
19
             to PMIx_Get will be ignored:
20
             pmix_info_t info[2];
21
             pmix_value_t *value;
22
             pmix_status_t rc;
23
             pmix_proc_t myproc;
24
             uint32_t sid;
25
26
             /* initialize the client library */
27
             PMIx_Init(&myproc, NULL, 0);
28
29
             /* get the #nodes in a different session */
30
             sid = 12345;
31
             PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info[0], PMIX_SESSION_INFO, NULL, PMIX_BOOL);
32
             PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info[1], PMIX_SESSION_ID, &sid, PMIX_UINT32);
33
             rc = PMIx_Get(&myproc, PMIX_NUM_NODES, info, 2, &value);
                                                 С
```

1	5.1.5.2	Job-level information
2		Information regarding a job can be obtained by the following methods:
3 4 5		• for job-level attributes (e.g., PMIX_JOB_SIZE or PMIX_JOB_NUM_APPS), specifying the namespace of the job and a rank of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD for the <i>proc</i> argument to PMIx_Get ; or
6 7		• for non-specific attributes (e.g., PMIX_NUM_NODES), including the PMIX_JOB_INFO attribute to indicate that the job-level information for that attribute is being requested
8		Example requests are shown below:
		C
9		pmix_info_t info;
10		pmix_value_t *value;
11		pmix_status_t rc;
12		<pre>pmix_proc_t myproc, wildcard;</pre>
13		
14		<pre>/* initialize the client library */</pre>
15		<pre>PMIx_Init(&myproc, NULL, 0);</pre>
16		
17		<pre>/* get the #apps in our job */</pre>
18		PMIX_PROC_LOAD(&wildcard, myproc.nspace, PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD);
19		<pre>rc = PMIx_Get(&wildcard, PMIX_JOB_NUM_APPS, NULL, 0, &value);</pre>
20 21		/* get the #nodes in our job */
21 22		<pre>/* get the #hodes in our job */ PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info, PMIX_JOB_INFO, NULL, PMIX_BOOL);</pre>
23		rc = PMIx_Get(&wildcard, PMIX_NUM_NODES, &info, 1, &value);
20		
24	5.1.5.3	Application-level information
		••
25		Information regarding an application can be obtained by the following methods:

• for application-level attributes (e.g., **PMIX_APP_SIZE**), specifying the namespace and rank of a process within that application;

• for application-level attributes (e.g., **PMIX APP SIZE**), including the **PMIX APPNUM** attribute specifying the application whose information is being requested. In this case, the namespace field of the *proc* argument is used to reference the **job** containing the application the **rank** field is ignored;

• or application-level attributes (e.g., **PMIX_APP_SIZE**), including the **PMIX_APPNUM** and 32 **PMIX_NSPACE** or **PMIX_JOBID** attributes specifying the job/application whose information is being requested. In this case, the *proc* argument is ignored;

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• for non-specific attributes (e.g., **PMIX_NUM_NODES**), including the **PMIX_APP_INFO** attribute to indicate that the application-level information for that attribute is being requested

Example requests are shown below:

1 2

```
— C
           pmix info t info;
4
5
           pmix_value_t *value;
6
           pmix_status_t rc;
7
           pmix proc t myproc, otherproc;
8
           uint32 t appsize, appnum;
9
           /* initialize the client library */
10
           PMIx Init(&myproc, NULL, 0);
11
12
13
           /* get the #processes in our application */
           rc = PMIx_Get(&myproc, PMIX_APP_SIZE, NULL, 0, &value);
14
           appsize = value->data.uint32;
15
16
17
           /* get the #nodes in an application containing "otherproc".
            * Note that the rank of a process in the other application
18
19
            * must be obtained first - a simple method is shown here */
20
           /* assume for this example that we are in the first application
21
            * and we want the #nodes in the second application - use the
22
23
            * rank of the first process in that application, remembering
24
             * that ranks start at zero */
25
           PMIX_PROC_LOAD(&otherproc, myproc.nspace, appsize);
26
27
           PMIX INFO LOAD (&info, PMIX APP INFO, NULL, PMIX BOOL);
           rc = PMIx Get(&otherproc, PMIX NUM NODES, &info, 1, &value);
28
29
           /* alternatively, we can directly ask for the #nodes in
30
            * the second application in our job, again remembering that
31
32
             * application numbers start with zero */
           appnum = 1;
33
34
           PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&appinfo[0], PMIX_APP_INFO, NULL, PMIX_BOOL);
           PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&appinfo[1], PMIX_APPNUM, &appnum, PMIX_UINT32);
35
           rc = PMIx_Get(&myproc, PMIX_NUM_NODES, appinfo, 2, &value);
36
37
                                     — C -
```

1 5.1.5.4 Process-level information

Process-level information is accessed by providing the namespace and rank of the target process. In
the absence of any directive as to the level of information being requested, the PMIx library will
always return the process-level value.

5 5.1.5.5 Node-level information

6	Information regarding a node within the system can be obtained by the following methods:
7 8	 for node-level attributes (e.g., PMIX_NODE_SIZE), specifying the namespace and rank of a process executing on the target node;
9 10 11	 for node-level attributes (e.g., PMIX_NODE_SIZE), including the PMIX_NODEID or PMIX_HOSTNAME attribute specifying the node whose information is being requested. In this case, the <i>proc</i> argument's values are ignored; or
12 13	• for non-specific attributes (e.g., PMIX_MAX_PROCS), including the PMIX_NODE_INFO attribute to indicate that the node-level information for that attribute is being requested
14	Example requests are shown below:
	• C•
15	<pre>pmix_info_t info[2];</pre>
16	pmix_value_t *value;
17	pmix_status_t rc;
18	<pre>pmix_proc_t myproc, otherproc;</pre>
19	uint32_t nodeid;
20	
21	<pre>/* initialize the client library */</pre>
22	<pre>PMIx_Init(&myproc, NULL, 0);</pre>
23	
24	<pre>/* get the #procs on our node */</pre>
25	<pre>rc = PMIx_Get(&myproc, PMIX_NODE_SIZE, NULL, 0, &value);</pre>
26	
27	<pre>/* get the #slots on another node */</pre>
28	<pre>PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info[0], PMIX_NODE_INFO, NULL, PMIX_BOOL);</pre>
29	<pre>PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info[1], PMIX_HOSTNAME, "remotehost", PMIX_STRING);</pre>
30	<pre>rc = PMIx_Get(&myproc, PMIX_MAX_PROCS, info, 2, &value);</pre>
31	
	Advice to users
32	An explanation of the use of PMIx_Get versus PMIx_Query_info_nb is provided in 7.1.3.1.

1 5.2 Exchanging Key/Value Pairs

2 3 The APIs defined in this section push key/value pairs from the client to the local PMIx server, and circulate the data between PMIx servers for subsequent retrieval by the local clients.

4 5.2.1 PMIx_Commit

5 6		Summary Push all previously PMIx_Put values to the local PMIx server.	
7	PMIx v1.0	Format C	
8		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Commit(void)</pre>	
9		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.	
10 11 12		Description This is an asynchronous operation. The PRI will immediately return to the caller while the data is transmitted to the local server in the background.	
		Advice to users	•
13 14 15		The local PMIx server will cache the information locally - i.e., the committed data will not be circulated during PMIx_Commit . Availability of the data upon completion of PMIx_Commit is therefore implementation-dependent.	

16 5.2.2 PMIx_Fence

Summary
Execute a blocking barrier across the processes identified in the specified array, collecting
information posted via PMIx_Put as directed.

1	DML 1.0	Format
2 3 4	PMIx v1.0	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Fence(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,</pre>
5 6 7 9 10 11		 IN procs Array of pmix_proc_t structures (array of handles) IN nprocs Number of element in the procs array (integer) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
13		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
		✓ Required Attributes
14		The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
15 16		<pre>PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) Collect data and return it at the end of the operation.</pre>
		✓ Optional Attributes
17		The following attributes are optional for host environments:
18 19 20 21		<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26		<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*) Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values.</pre>
27 28		<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool)</pre>

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

Description

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Passing a **NULL** pointer as the *procs* parameter indicates that the fence is to span all processes in the client's namespace. Each provided **pmix_proc_t** struct can pass **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** to indicate that all processes in the given namespace are participating.

11 The *info* array is used to pass user requests regarding the fence operation.

12 Note that for scalability reasons, the default behavior for **PMIx_Fence** is to not collect the data.

— Advice to PMIx library implementers –

PMIx_Fence and its non-blocking form are both *collective* operations. Accordingly, the PMIx
 server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request to the host
 environment once all local participants have executed the API.

Advice to PMIx server hosts ———

The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to
identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating
nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective.

19 5.2.3 PMIx_Fence_nb

20 Summary

Execute a nonblocking **PMIx_Fence** across the processes identified in the specified array of processes, collecting information posted via **PMIx_Put** as directed.

 PMIx v1.0 PMIx_fence_nb(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs, const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) R procs Array of pmix_proc_t structures (array of handles) N nprocs Number of element in the procs array (integer) N info Array of info structures (array of handles) N ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer) N cbfunc Callback function (function reference) N cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) Returns one of the following: PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function processes on the local node. a PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned success - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIX_ror constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and returned success - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) Collect data and return it at the end of the operation. 	1		Format
 PMIX_Fence_nb (const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs, const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) Pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) Pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) N procs Array of pmix_proc_t structures (array of handles) N nprocs Number of element in the procs array (integer) N ninfo Array of info structures (array of handles) N ninfo Number of element in the info array (integer) N ninfo N chfunc Callback function (function reference) Returns one of the following: PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned success - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called. This can occur if the collective involved only processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIX_error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) 	L	PMIx v1.0	0
4 const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) 6 IN procs 7 Array of pmix_proc_t structures (array of handles) 8 N nprocs 9 Number of element in the procs array (integer) 10 IN info 11 Array of info structures (array of handles) 12 IN ninfo 13 Number of element in the info array (integer) 14 IN obfunc 15 Callback function (function reference) 16 IN cbdata 17 Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) 18 Returns one of the following: 19 • PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>chfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. 20 • PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned success - the <i>chfunc</i> will not be called. This can occur if the collective involved only processes on the local node. 23 • a PMIX error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>chfunc</i> will not be called 24 • a PMIX error constant indicating either an error in the input	2		
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 a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called Required Attributes The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) 	-		
 26 processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called ✓ Required Attributes 27 The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: 28 PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) 	24		
 Required Attributes The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) 	-		
 27 The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries: 28 PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) 	26		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
28 PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool)			✓ Required Attributes
	27		The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
	28		PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool)
<u>۸</u>	29		
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The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:

PMIX_TIMEOUT "**pmix.timeout**" (**int**) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (*0* indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.

PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*)

Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values.

PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool)

If **true**, indicates that the requested choice of algorithm is mandatory.

– Advice to PMIx library implementers —————

We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host
 environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus
 internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT
 directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid
 passing PMIX_TIMEOUT to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not
 created.

19 Description

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Nonblocking PMIx_Fence routine. Note that the function will return an error if a NULL callback
 function is given.

Note that for scalability reasons, the default behavior for **PMIx_Fence_nb** is to not collect the data.

24 See the **PMIx_Fence** description for further details.

1 5.3 Publish and Lookup Data

2 3	The APIs defined in this section publish data from one client that can be later exchanged and looked up by another client.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
4	PMIx libraries that support any of the functions in this section are required to support <i>all</i> of them.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
5	Host environments that support any of the functions in this section are required to support all of
6	them.

7 5.3.1 PMIx_Publish

8 9		Summary Publish data for later access via PMIx_Lookup.
10 <i>p</i>	MIx v1.0	Format C
11 12	<i>MIX VI.</i> 0	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Publish(const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo) C</pre>
13 14 15 16		 IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
17		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. Required Attributes
18 19 20 21		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that published the info.

----- Optional Attributes ------

The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:

PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)

Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (θ indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.

PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t)

Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.

PMIX_PERSISTENCE "pmix.persist" (pmix_persistence_t) Value for calls to PMIx_Publish.

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

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Publish the data in the *info* array for subsequent lookup. By default, the data will be published into the **PMIX_RANGE_SESSION** range and with **PMIX_PERSIST_APP** persistence. Changes to those values, and any additional directives, can be included in the **pmix_info_t** array. Attempts to access the data by processes outside of the provided data range will be rejected. The persistence parameter instructs the server as to how long the data is to be retained.

The blocking form will block until the server confirms that the data has been sent to the PMIx server and that it has obtained confirmation from its host SMS daemon that the data is ready to be looked up. Data is copied into the backing key-value data store, and therefore the *info* array can be released upon return from the blocking function call.

Advice to users

Duplicate keys within the specified data range may lead to unexpected behavior depending on host RM implementation of the backing key-value store.

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

Implementations should, to the best of their ability, detect duplicate keys and protect the user from unexpected behavior - preferably returning an error. This version of the standard does not define a specific error code to be returned, so the implementation must make it clear to the user what to expect in this scenario. One suggestion is to define an RM specific error code beyond the **PMIX_EXTERNAL_ERR_BASE** boundary. Future versions of the standard will clarify that a specific PMIx error be returned when conflicting values are published for a given key, and will provide attributes to allow modified behaviors such as overwrite.

8 5.3.2 PMIx_Publish_nb

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9	Summary
10	Nonblocking PMIx_Publish routine.
11 <i>PMIx v1</i> .	P Format C
12	pmix_status_t
13	<pre>PMIx_Publish_nb(const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
14	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
15	IN info
16	Array of info structures (array of handles)
17	IN ninfo
18	Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
19	IN cbfunc
20	Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
21	IN cbdata
22	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
23	Returns one of the following:
24 25 26	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
27 28	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
29 30	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called

	▼ Required Attributes
1 2 3 4	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIX library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that published the info.
	✓ Optional Attributes
5	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
6 7 8 9	PMIX_TIMEOUT " pmix.timeout " (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.
10 11	PMIX_RANGE " pmix.range " (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
12 13	<pre>PMIX_PERSISTENCE "pmix.persist" (pmix_persistence_t) Value for calls to PMIx_Publish.</pre>
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
14 15 16	We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT

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directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

Description

Nonblocking PMIx_Publish routine. The non-blocking form will return immediately, executing the callback when the PMIx server receives confirmation from its host SMS daemon.

Note that the function will return an error if a NULL callback function is given, and that the *info* array must be maintained until the callback is provided.

5.3.3 PMIx_Lookup

Summary

27	Lookup information published by this or another process with PMIx_Publish or
28	PMIx_Publish_nb.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format C
2		pmix_status_t
3		PMIx_Lookup(pmix_pdata_t data[], size_t ndata,
4		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo)</pre>
		C
5		INOUT data
6		Array of publishable data structures (array of handles)
7		IN ndata
8		Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (integer)
9		IN info
10		Array of info structures (array of handles)
11		IN ninfo
12		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
13		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
14		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
15		provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
16		required to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that is
17		requesting the info.
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		✓ Optional Attributes
18		The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
19		PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)
20		Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in
21		error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
22		the target process from ever exposing its data.
23		PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t)
24		Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
25		PMIX_WAIT "pmix.wait" (int)
26		Caller requests that the PMIx server wait until at least the specified number of values are
27		found (θ indicates all and is the default).
		A

- Advice to PMIx library implementers -

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

Description

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Lookup information published by this or another process. By default, the search will be conducted across the **PMIX_RANGE_SESSION** range. Changes to the range, and any additional directives, can be provided in the **pmix_info_t** array.

Note that the search is also constrained to only data published by the current user (i.e., the search will not return data published by an application being executed by another user). There currently is no option to override this behavior - such an option may become available later via an appropriate **pmix_info_t** directive.

- 15The *data* parameter consists of an array of pmix_pdata_t struct with the keys specifying the16requested information. Data will be returned for each key in the associated *value* struct. Any key17that cannot be found will return with a data type of PMIX_UNDEF. The function will return18PMIX_SUCCESS if any values can be found, so the caller must check each data element to ensure19it was returned.
- 20The proc field in each pmix_pdata_t struct will contain the namespace/rank of the process that21published the data.

Advice to users

Although this is a blocking function, it will not wait by default for the requested data to be published. Instead, it will block for the time required by the server to lookup its current data and return any found items. Thus, the caller is responsible for ensuring that data is published prior to executing a lookup, using **PMIX_WAIT** to instruct the server to wait for the data to be published, or for retrying until the requested data is found.

27 5.3.4 PMIx_Lookup_nb

- 28 Summary
- 29 Nonblocking version of **PMIx_Lookup**.

1		Format
2 3 4 5	PMIx v1.0	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Lookup_nb(char **keys,</pre>
6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14		 IN keys Array to be provided to the callback (array of strings) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function (handle) IN cbdata
15 16		Callback data to be provided to the callback function (pointer) Returns one of the following:
17 18 19		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
20		• a PMIx error constant indicating an error in the input - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
		Required Attributes
21 22 23 24		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that is requesting the info.
		✓ Optional Attributes
25		The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
26 27 28 29		PMIX_TIMEOUT " pmix.timeout " (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.
30 31		PMIX_RANGE " pmix.range " (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
32		PMIX_WAIT "pmix.wait" (int)

Caller requests that the PMIx server wait until at least the specified number of values are found (0 indicates all and is the default).

Advice to PMIx library implementers –

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

Description

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10 Non-blocking form of the **PMIx_Lookup** function. Data for the provided NULL-terminated keys 11 array will be returned in the provided callback function. As with **PMIx_Lookup**, the default behavior is to not wait for data to be published. The *info* array can be used to modify the behavior 12 as previously described by **PMIx_Lookup**. Both the *info* and *keys* arrays must be maintained until 13 14 the callback is provided.

5.3.5 PMIx Unpublish 15

16 Summary	
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17 Unpublish data posted by this process using the given keys.

18	Format
PMIx v1.0	• C•
19	pmix_status_t
20	PMIx_Unpublish(char **keys,
21	<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo)</pre>
	• C
22	IN info
23	Array of info structures (array of handles)
24	IN ninfo
25	Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
26	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
27	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
28	provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
29	required to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that is
30	requesting the operation.

requesting the operation.

▼	Optional Attributes
The following attributes are optic	onal for host environments that support this operation:
	e specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in eter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prever
PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range	e" (pmix_data_range_t)
-	lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
▲	

14 Description

Unpublish data posted by this process using the given *keys*. The function will block until the data
has been removed by the server (i.e., it is safe to publish that key again). A value of **NULL** for the *keys* parameter instructs the server to remove all data published by this process.

By default, the range is assumed to be **PMIX_RANGE_SESSION**. Changes to the range, and any
 additional directives, can be provided in the *info* array.

20 5.3.6 PMIx_Unpublish_nb

21 Summary

22 Nonblocking version of **PMIx_Unpublish**.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format C
2		pmix_status_t
3		- PMIx_Unpublish_nb(char **keys,
4		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
5		<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
		C
6		IN keys
7		(array of strings)
8		IN info
9 10		Array of info structures (array of handles)
11		Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
12		IN cbfunc
13		Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
14		IN cbdata
15		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
16		Returns one of the following:
17 18 19		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
20 21		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
22 23		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
		Required Attributes
24 25 26 27		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIX library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process that is requesting the operation.

	✓ Optional Attributes
1	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
2 3 4 5	PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.
6 7	<pre>PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.</pre>
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
8 9 10 11 12 13	We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing PMIX_TIMEOUT to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.
14	Description
15	Non-blocking form of the PMIx Unpublish function. The callback function will be executed

Non-blocking form of the **PMIx_Unpublish** function. The callback function will be executed once the server confirms removal of the specified data. The *info* array must be maintained until the callback is provided.

CHAPTER 6 Process Management

1 This chapter defines functionality used by clients to create and destroy/abort processes in the PMIx 2 universe.

3 6.1 Abort

PMIx provides a dedicated API by which an application can request that specified processes be
aborted by the system.

6 6.1.1 PMIx_Abort

7 8		Summary Abort the specified processes
9	D1	Format
	PMIx v1.0	•
10		pmix_status_t
11		<pre>PMIx_Abort(int status, const char msg[],</pre>
12		<pre>pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs)</pre>
		C
13		IN status
14		Error code to return to invoking environment (integer)
15		IN msg
16		String message to be returned to user (string)
17		IN procs
18		Array of pmix_proc_t structures (array of handles)
19		IN nprocs
20		Number of elements in the procs array (integer)
21		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1 2 3 4 5 6	Description Request that the host resource manager print the provided message and abort the provided array of <i>procs</i> . A Unix or POSIX environment should handle the provided status as a return error code from the main program that launched the application. A NULL for the <i>procs</i> array indicates that all processes in the caller's namespace are to be aborted, including itself. Passing a NULL <i>msg</i> parameter is allowed.
	Advice to users
7 8 9 10 11 12	The response to this request is somewhat dependent on the specific resource manager and its configuration (e.g., some resource managers will not abort the application if the provided status is zero unless specifically configured to do so, and some cannot abort subsets of processes in an application), and thus lies outside the control of PMIx itself. However, the PMIx client library shall inform the RM of the request that the specified <i>procs</i> be aborted, regardless of the value of the provided status.
13 14 15	Note that race conditions caused by multiple processes calling PMIx_Abort are left to the server implementation to resolve with regard to which status is returned and what messages (if any) are printed.

16 6.2 Process Creation

The PMIx_Spawn commands spawn new processes and/or applications in the PMIx universe.
 This may include requests to extend the existing resource allocation or obtain a new one, depending upon provided and supported attributes.

20 6.2.1 PMIx_Spawn

21 Summary

22 Spawn a new job.

1	Format
PMIx v1.0	C
2	pmix_status_t
3	<pre>PMIx_Spawn(const pmix_info_t job_info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
4	<pre>const pmix_app_t apps[], size_t napps,</pre>
5	char nspace[])
	C
6	IN job info
7	Array of info structures (array of handles)
8	IN ninfo
9	Number of elements in the <i>job_info</i> array (integer)
10	IN apps
11	Array of pmix_app_t structures (array of handles)
12	IN napps
13	Number of elements in the apps array (integer)
14	OUT nspace
15	Namespace of the new job (string)
16	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
	Required Attributes
17	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
18	provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
19	required to add the following attributes to those provided before passing the request to the host:
20	PMIX_SPAWNED "pmix.spawned" (bool)
21	true if this process resulted from a call to PMIx_Spawn .
22	PMIX_PARENT_ID "pmix.parent" (pmix_proc_t)
23	Process identifier of the parent process of the calling process.
24	PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool)
25	The requesting process is a PMIx client.
26	PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool)
27	The requesting process is a PMIx tool.
21	The requesting process is a FMIX tool.
28	
29	Host environments that implement support for PMIx_Spawn are required to pass the
30	PMIX_SPAWNED and PMIX_PARENT_ID attributes to all PMIx servers launching new child
31	processes so those values can be returned to clients upon connection to the PMIx server. In
32	addition, they are required to support the following attributes when present in either the <i>job_info</i> or
33	the <i>info</i> array of an element of the <i>apps</i> array:
34	PMIX_WDIR "pmix.wdir" (char*)

1	Working directory for spawned processes.
2 3 4 5	<pre>PMIX_SET_SESSION_CWD "pmix.ssncwd" (bool) Set the application's current working directory to the session working directory assigned by the RM - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the session working directory assigned to the provided namespace</pre>
6	PMIX_PREFIX "pmix.prefix" (char *)
7	Prefix to use for starting spawned processes.
8	PMIX_HOST "pmix.host" (char*)
9	Comma-delimited list of hosts to use for spawned processes.
10 11	<pre>PMIX_HOSTFILE "pmix.hostfile" (char*) Hostfile to use for spawned processes.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
12	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
13	PMIX_ADD_HOSTFILE " pmix.addhostfile " (char *)
14	Hostfile listing hosts to add to existing allocation.
15	PMIX_ADD_HOST " pmix.addhost " (char *)
16	Comma-delimited list of hosts to add to the allocation.
17	PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN " pmix.preloadbin " (bool)
18	Preload binaries onto nodes.
19	PMIX_PRELOAD_FILES "pmix.preloadfiles" (char*)
20	Comma-delimited list of files to pre-position on nodes.
21	PMIX_PERSONALITY " pmix.pers " (char *)
22	Name of personality to use.
23 24 25 26	<pre>PMIX_MAPPER "pmix.mapper" (char*) Mapping mechanism to use for placing spawned processes - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping mechanism used for the provided namespace.</pre>
27	PMIX_DISPLAY_MAP " pmix.dispmap " (bool)
28	Display process mapping upon spawn.
29	PMIX_PPR "pmix.ppr" (char *)
30	Number of processes to spawn on each identified resource.
31	PMIX_MAPBY "pmix.mapby" (char*)

1 2 3	Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the provided namespace
4 5 6 7	<pre>PMIX_RANKBY "pmix.rankby" (char*) Process ranking policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the ranking algorithm used for the provided namespace</pre>
8 9 10 11	<pre>PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace</pre>
12	PMIX_NON_PMI "pmix.nonpmi" (bool)
13	Spawned processes will not call PMIx_Init.
14	PMIX_STDIN_TGT "pmix.stdin" (uint32_t)
15	Spawned process rank that is to receive stdin .
16	PMIX_FWD_STDIN " pmix.fwd.stdin " (bool)
17	Forward this process's stdin to the designated process.
18	PMIX_FWD_STDOUT " pmix.fwd.stdout " (bool)
19	Forward stdout from spawned processes to this process.
20	PMIX_FWD_STDERR " pmix.fwd.stderr " (bool)
21	Forward stderr from spawned processes to this process.
22	PMIX_DEBUGGER_DAEMONS " pmix.debugger " (bool)
23	Spawned application consists of debugger daemons.
24	PMIX_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.tagout " (bool)
25	Tag application output with the identity of the source process.
26	PMIX_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.tsout " (bool)
27	Timestamp output from applications.
28	PMIX_MERGE_STDERR_STDOUT " pmix.mergeerrout " (bool)
29	Merge stdout and stderr streams from application processes.
30	PMIX_OUTPUT_TO_FILE " pmix.outfile " (char*)
31	Output application output to the specified file.
32	PMIX_INDEX_ARGV " pmix.indxargv " (bool)
33	Mark the argv with the rank of the process.
34	PMIX_CPUS_PER_PROC "pmix.cpuperproc" (uint32_t)

1 2 3	Number of cpus to assign to each rank - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpus/process assigned to the provided namespace
4 5	PMIX_NO_PROCS_ON_HEAD " pmix.nolocal " (bool) Do not place processes on the head node.
6 7	PMIX_NO_OVERSUBSCRIBE " pmix.noover " (bool) Do not oversubscribe the cpus.
8 9	PMIX_REPORT_BINDINGS " pmix.repbind " (bool) Report bindings of the individual processes.
10 11 12 13	<pre>PMIX_CPU_LIST "pmix.cpulist" (char*) List of cpus to use for this job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpu list used for the provided namespace</pre>
14 15	PMIX_JOB_RECOVERABLE " pmix.recover " (bool) Application supports recoverable operations.
16 17	PMIX_JOB_CONTINUOUS " pmix.continuous " (bool) Application is continuous, all failed processes should be immediately restarted.
18 19 20 21	<pre>PMIX_MAX_RESTARTS "pmix.maxrestarts" (uint32_t) Maximum number of times to restart a job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the max restarts for the provided namespace</pre>
22	Description
23	Spawn a new job. The assigned namespace of the spawned applications is returned in the nspace
24 25	parameter. A NULL value in that location indicates that the caller doesn't wish to have the namespace returned. The <i>nspace</i> array must be at least of size one more than PMIX_MAX_NSLEN .
26 27 28	By default, the spawned processes will be PMIx "connected" to the parent process upon successful launch (see PMIx_Connect description for details). Note that this only means that (a) the parent process will be given a copy of the new job's information so it can query job-level info without

incurring any communication penalties, (b) newly spawned child processes will receive a copy of the parent processes job-level info, and (c) both the parent process and members of the child job will receive notification of errors from processes in their combined assemblage.

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Advice to users

Behavior of individual resource managers may differ, but it is expected that failure of any application process to start will result in termination/cleanup of all processes in the newly spawned job and return of an error code to the caller.

1 6.2.2 PMIx_Spawn_nb

2		Summary				
3		Nonblocking version of the PMIx_Spawn routine.				
4		Format				
-	PMIx v1.0	C				
5		pmix_status_t				
6		PMIx_Spawn_nb(const pmix_info_t job_info[], size_t ninfo,				
7		<pre>const pmix_app_t apps[], size_t napps,</pre>				
8		<pre>pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>				
		C				
9		IN job_info				
10		Array of info structures (array of handles)				
11		IN ninfo				
12		Number of elements in the <i>job_info</i> array (integer)				
13		IN apps				
14		Array of pmix_app_t structures (array of handles)				
15		IN cbfunc				
16		Callback function pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t (function reference)				
17		IN cbdata				
18		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)				
19		Returns one of the following:				
20		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result				
21		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback				
22		function prior to returning from the API.				
23		• a PMIx error constant indicating an error in the request - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called				
		Required Attributes				
24		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any				
25		provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is				
26		required to add the following attributes to those provided before passing the request to the host:				
27		PMIX_SPAWNED "pmix.spawned" (bool)				
28		true if this process resulted from a call to PMIx_Spawn .				
29		PMIX_PARENT_ID "pmix.parent" (pmix_proc_t)				
30		Process identifier of the parent process of the calling process.				
31		<pre>PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_CLIENT "pmix.req.client" (bool)</pre>				
32		The requesting process is a PMIx client.				
33		<pre>PMIX_REQUESTOR_IS_TOOL "pmix.req.tool" (bool)</pre>				

The requesting process is a PMIx tool.

3 4 5 6 7	Host environments that implement support for PMIx_Spawn are required to pass the PMIX_SPAWNED and PMIX_PARENT_ID attributes to all PMIx servers launching new child processes so those values can be returned to clients upon connection to the PMIx server. In addition, they are required to support the following attributes when present in either the <i>job_info</i> or the <i>info</i> array of an element of the <i>apps</i> array:
8	PMIX_WDIR " pmix.wdir " (char *)
9	Working directory for spawned processes.
10 11 12 13	<pre>PMIX_SET_SESSION_CWD "pmix.ssncwd" (bool) Set the application's current working directory to the session working directory assigned by the RM - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the session working directory assigned to the provided namespace</pre>
14	PMIX_PREFIX " pmix.prefix " (char*)
15	Prefix to use for starting spawned processes.
16	PMIX_HOST "pmix.host" (char*)
17	Comma-delimited list of hosts to use for spawned processes.
18 19	<pre>PMIX_HOSTFILE "pmix.hostfile" (char*) Hostfile to use for spawned processes.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
20	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
21	PMIX_ADD_HOSTFILE " pmix.addhostfile " (char *)
22	Hostfile listing hosts to add to existing allocation.
23	PMIX_ADD_HOST " pmix.addhost " (char *)
24	Comma-delimited list of hosts to add to the allocation.
25	PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN " pmix.preloadbin " (bool)
26	Preload binaries onto nodes.
27	PMIX_PRELOAD_FILES "pmix.preloadfiles" (char*)
28	Comma-delimited list of files to pre-position on nodes.
29	PMIX_PERSONALITY " pmix.pers " (char*)
30	Name of personality to use.
31	PMIX_MAPPER "pmix.mapper" (char*)

1 2 3	Mapping mechanism to use for placing spawned processes - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping mechanism used for the provided namespace.
4	PMIX_DISPLAY_MAP " pmix.dispmap " (bool)
5	Display process mapping upon spawn.
6	PMIX_PPR "pmix.ppr" (char*)
7	Number of processes to spawn on each identified resource.
8 9 10 11	<pre>PMIX_MAPBY "pmix.mapby" (char*) Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the provided namespace</pre>
12 13 14 15	<pre>PMIX_RANKBY "pmix.rankby" (char*) Process ranking policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the ranking algorithm used for the provided namespace</pre>
16 17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace</pre>
20	PMIX_NON_PMI "pmix.nonpmi" (bool)
21	Spawned processes will not call PMIx_Init.
22	PMIX_STDIN_TGT " pmix.stdin " (uint32_t)
23	Spawned process rank that is to receive stdin .
24	PMIX_FWD_STDIN " pmix.fwd.stdin " (bool)
25	Forward this process's stdin to the designated process.
26	PMIX_FWD_STDOUT " pmix.fwd.stdout " (bool)
27	Forward stdout from spawned processes to this process.
28	PMIX_FWD_STDERR " pmix.fwd.stderr " (bool)
29	Forward stderr from spawned processes to this process.
30	PMIX_DEBUGGER_DAEMONS " pmix.debugger " (bool)
31	Spawned application consists of debugger daemons.
32	PMIX_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.tagout " (bool)
33	Tag application output with the identity of the source process.
34	PMIX_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.tsout " (bool)
35	Timestamp output from applications.
36	PMIX_MERGE_STDERR_STDOUT "pmix.mergeerrout" (bool)

1	Merge stdout and stderr streams from application processes.
2 3	PMIX_OUTPUT_TO_FILE " pmix.outfile " (char *) Output application output to the specified file.
4 5	PMIX_INDEX_ARGV " pmix.indxargv " (bool) Mark the argv with the rank of the process.
6 7 8 9	<pre>PMIX_CPUS_PER_PROC "pmix.cpuperproc" (uint32_t) Number of cpus to assign to each rank - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpus/process assigned to the provided namespace</pre>
10 11	PMIX_NO_PROCS_ON_HEAD " pmix.nolocal " (bool) Do not place processes on the head node.
12 13	PMIX_NO_OVERSUBSCRIBE " pmix.noover " (bool) Do not oversubscribe the cpus.
14 15	PMIX_REPORT_BINDINGS "pmix.repbind" (bool) Report bindings of the individual processes.
16 17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_CPU_LIST "pmix.cpulist" (char*) List of cpus to use for this job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpu list used for the provided namespace</pre>
20 21	PMIX_JOB_RECOVERABLE " pmix.recover " (bool) Application supports recoverable operations.
22 23	PMIX_JOB_CONTINUOUS " pmix.continuous " (bool) Application is continuous, all failed processes should be immediately restarted.
24 25 26 27	<pre>PMIX_MAX_RESTARTS "pmix.maxrestarts" (uint32_t) Maximum number of times to restart a job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the max restarts for the provided namespace</pre>
28	Description
29 30	Nonblocking version of the PMIx_Spawn routine. The provided callback function will be executed upon successful start of <i>all</i> specified application processes.
	Advice to users
31 32 33	Behavior of individual resource managers may differ, but it is expected that failure of any application process to start will result in termination/cleanup of all processes in the newly spawned job and return of an error code to the caller.

6.3 Connecting and Disconnecting Processes

This section defines functions to connect and disconnect processes in two or more separate PMIx namespaces. The PMIx definition of *connected* solely implies the following:

- job-level information for each namespace involved in the operation is to be made available to all processes in the connected assemblage
- any data posted by a process in the connected assemblage (via calls to PMIx_Put committed via PMIx_Commit) prior to execution of the PMIx_Connect operation is to be made accessible to all processes in the assemblage any data posted after execution of the *connect* operation must be exchanged via a separate PMIx_Fence operation spanning the connected processes
- the host environment should treat the failure of any process in the assemblage as a reportable event, taking action on the assemblage as if it were a single application. For example, if the environment defaults (in the absence of any application directives) to terminating an application upon failure of any process in that application, then the environment should terminate all processes in the connected assemblage upon failure of any member.
 - ———— Ac

- Advice to PMIx server hosts ·

The host environment may choose to assign a new namespace to the connected assemblage and/or assign new ranks for its members for its own internal tracking purposes. However, it is not required to communicate such assignments to the participants (e.g., in response to an appropriate call to **PMIx_Query_info_nb**). The host environment is required to generate a **PMIX_ERR_INVALID_TERMINATION** event should any process in the assemblage terminate or call **PMIx_Finalize** without first *disconnecting* from the assemblage.

- Advice to users —
- 21Attempting to *connect* processes solely within the same namespace is essentially a *no-op* operation.22While not explicitly prohibited, users are advised that a PMIx implementation or host environment23may return an error in such cases.

Neither the PMIx implementation nor host environment are required to provide any tracking support for the assemblage. Thus, the application is responsible for maintaining the membership list of the assemblage.

27 6.3.1 PMIx_Connect

28 Summary

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29 Connect namespaces.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format C
2 3 4	1 1114 11.0	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Connect(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,</pre>
5 6 7 9 10 11 12		 IN procs Array of proc structures (array of handles) IN nprocs Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
13		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
14 15		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing.
16		The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
17 18 19 20		<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25		<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*) Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values.</pre>
26 27		<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool) If true, indicates that the requested choice of algorithm is mandatory.</pre>

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

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17 18 Record the processes specified by the *procs* array as *connected* as per the PMIx definition. The function will return once all processes identified in *procs* have called either **PMIx_Connect** or its non-blocking version, *and* the host environment has completed any supporting operations required to meet the terms of the PMIx definition of *connected* processes.

— Advice to users

All processes engaged in a given **PMIx_Connect** operation must provide the identical *procs* array as ordering of entries in the array and the method by which those processes are identified (e.g., use of **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** versus listing the individual processes) *may* impact the host environment's algorithm for uniquely identifying an operation.

Advice to PMIx library implementers ______

PMIx_Connect and its non-blocking form are both *collective* operations. Accordingly, the PMIx server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request to the host environment once all local participants have executed the API.

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

19The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to20identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating21nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective.

- Processes that combine via PMIx_Connect must call PMIx_Disconnect prior to finalizing
 and/or terminating any process in the assemblage failing to meet this requirement will cause a
 PMIX_ERR_INVALID_TERMINATION event to be generated.
- A process can only engage in one connect operation involving the identical *procs* array at a time.
 However, a process can be simultaneously engaged in multiple connect operations, each involving a
 different *procs* array.
- As in the case of the **PMIx_Fence** operation, the *info* array can be used to pass user-level directives regarding the algorithm to be used for any collective operation involved in the operation, timeout constraints, and other options available from the host RM.

1 6.3.2 PMIx_Connect_nb

2		Summary						
3		Nonblocking PMIx_Connect_nb routine.						
4	PMIx v1.0	Format C						
5		pmix_status_t						
6		PMIx_Connect_nb(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,						
7		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>						
8		<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>						
		C						
9		IN procs						
10		Array of proc structures (array of handles)						
11		IN nprocs						
12		Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)						
13		IN info						
14		Array of info structures (array of handles)						
15		IN ninfo						
16		Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)						
17		IN cbfunc						
18 19		Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata						
20		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)						
21		Returns one of the following:						
22 23 24		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.						
25 26		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called						
27 28		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called						
29 30		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing.						

Optional Attributes ----The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation: PMIX TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (θ indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data. **PMIX COLLECTIVE ALGO** "pmix.calgo" (char*) Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values. PMIX COLLECTIVE ALGO REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool) If **true**, indicates that the requested choice of algorithm is mandatory. ----- Advice to PMIx library implementers — We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

19 Description

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Nonblocking version of PMIx_Connect. The callback function is called once all processes
 identified in *procs* have called either PMIx_Connect or its non-blocking version, *and* the host
 environment has completed any supporting operations required to meet the terms of the PMIx
 definition of *connected* processes. See the advice provided in the description for PMIx_Connect
 for more information.

25 6.3.3 PMIx_Disconnect

26 Summary

27 Disconnect a previously connected set of processes.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format C
2 3 4		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Disconnect(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,</pre>
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		 IN procs Array of proc structures (array of handles) IN nprocs Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
13		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
14 15		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing.
16		The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
17 18 19 20		<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
		Advice to PMIx library implementers
21 22 23 24 25 26		We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing PMIX_TIMEOUT to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

25		Summary
24	6.3.4	PMIx_Disconnect_nb
21 22 23		As in the case of the PMIx_Fence operation, the <i>info</i> array can be used to pass user-level directives regarding the algorithm to be used for any collective operation involved in the operation, timeout constraints, and other options available from the host RM.
18 19 20		A process can only engage in one disconnect operation involving the identical <i>procs</i> array at a time. However, a process can be simultaneously engaged in multiple disconnect operations, each involving a different <i>procs</i> array.
14 15 16 17		The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective.
		Advice to PMIx server hosts
11 12 13		Advice to PMIx library implementers PMIx_Disconnect and its non-blocking form are both <i>collective</i> operations. Accordingly, the PMIx server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request to the host environment once all local participants have executed the API.
7 8 9 10		All processes engaged in a given PMIx_Disconnect operation must provide the identical <i>procs</i> array as ordering of entries in the array and the method by which those processes are identified (e.g., use of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD versus listing the individual processes) <i>may</i> impact the host environment's algorithm for uniquely identifying an operation.
_		Advice to users
1 2 3 4 5 6		Description Disconnect a previously connected set of processes. A PMIX_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION error will be returned if the specified set of <i>procs</i> was not previously <i>connected</i> via a call to PMIx_Connect or its non-blocking form. The function will return once all processes identified in <i>procs</i> have called either PMIx_Disconnect or its non-blocking version, <i>and</i> the host environment has completed any required supporting operations.

26 Nonblocking **PMIx_Disconnect** routine.

1 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format C
2 3 4 5	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Disconnect_nb(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,</pre>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 IN procs Array of proc structures (array of handles) IN nprocs Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of element in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata
17 18 19 20	 Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) Returns one of the following: PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback
21 22 23 24	 function prior to returning from the API. PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
25	processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
27	provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing.
28 29 30 31 32	<pre>The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation: PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>

Advice to PMIx library implementers —

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

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Nonblocking PMIx_Disconnect routine. The callback function is called once all processes 8 9 identified in *procs* have called either **PMIx_Disconnect_nb** or its blocking version, and the 10 host environment has completed any required supporting operations. See the advice provided in the 11 description for **PMIx_Disconnect** for more information.

6.4 IO Forwarding 12

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13 This section defines functions by which tools (e.g., debuggers) can request forwarding of 14 input/output to/from other processes. The term "tool" widely refers to non-computational programs executed by the user or system administrator to monitor or control a principal computational 15 program. Tools almost always interact with either the host environment, user applications, or both 16 17 to perform administrative and support functions. For example, a debugger tool might be used to remotely control the processes of a parallel application, monitoring their behavior on a step-by-step 18 19 basis.

Underlying the operation of many tools is a common need to forward stdin from the tool to targeted processes, and to return stdout/stderr from those processes for display on the user's console. Historically, each tool developer was responsible for creating their own IO forwarding subsystem. However, with the introduction of PMIx as a standard mechanism for interacting between applications and the host environment, it has become possible to relieve tool developers of this burden. Advice to PMIx server hosts ———

The responsibility of the host environment in forwarding of IO falls into the following areas:

- Capturing output from specified child processes
- Forwarding that output to the host of the PMIx server library that requested it
- Delivering that payload to the PMIx server library via the PMIx server IOF deliver API for final dispatch

31 It is the responsibility of the PMIx library to buffer, format, and deliver the payload to the 32 requesting client.

Advice to users

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The forwarding of IO via PMIx requires that both the host environment and the tool support PMIx, but does not impose any similar requirements on the application itself.

3 6.4.1 PMIx_IOF_pull

Summarv

5	Register to receive output forwarded from a set of remote processes.				
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	PMIx v3.0		U V		
7		-	ix_status_t		
8		PM1	<pre>Ix_IOF_pull(const pmix_proc_t procs[], size_t nprocs,</pre>		
9			<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs,</pre>		
10			<pre>pmix_iof_channel_t channel, pmix_iof_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>		
11			<pre>pmix_hdlr_reg_cbfunc_t regcbfunc, void *regcbdata)</pre>		
			C		
12		IN	procs		
13			Array of proc structures identifying desired source processes (array of handles)		
14		IN	nprocs		
15			Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)		
16		IN	directives		
17			Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)		
18		IN	ndirs		
19			Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)		
20		IN	channel		
21			Bitmask of IO channels included in the request (pmix_iof_channel_t)		
22		IN	cbfunc		
23			Callback function for delivering relevant output (pmix_iof_cbfunc_t function reference)		
24		IN	regcbfunc		
25			Function to be called when registration is completed (pmix_hdlr_reg_cbfunc_t		
26			function reference)		
27		IN	regcbdata		
28			Data to be passed to the <i>regcbfunc</i> callback function (memory reference)		
29		Ret	urns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. In the event		
30		the function returns an error, the <i>regcbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called.			

1	The following attributes are required for PMIx libraries that support IO forwarding:
2 3 4	PMIX_IOF_CACHE_SIZE " pmix.iof.csize " (uint32_t) The requested size of the server cache in bytes for each specified channel. By default, the server is allowed (but not required) to drop all bytes received beyond the max size.
5 6	PMIX_IOF_DROP_OLDEST " pmix.iof.old " (bool) In an overflow situation, drop the oldest bytes to make room in the cache.
7 8 9	<pre>PMIX_IOF_DROP_NEWEST "pmix.iof.new" (bool) In an overflow situation, drop any new bytes received until room becomes available in the cache (default).</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
10	The following attributes are optional for PMIx libraries that support IO forwarding:
11 12 13 14 15	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_SIZE "pmix.iof.bsize" (uint32_t) Controls grouping of IO on the specified channel(s) to avoid being called every time a bit of IO arrives. The library will execute the callback whenever the specified number of bytes becomes available. Any remaining buffered data will be "flushed" upon call to deregister the respective channel.</pre>
16 17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_TIME "pmix.iof.btime" (uint32_t) Max time in seconds to buffer IO before delivering it. Used in conjunction with buffering size, this prevents IO from being held indefinitely while waiting for another payload to arrive.</pre>
20 21	PMIX_IOF_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.iof.tag " (bool) Tag output with the channel it comes from.
22 23	PMIX_IOF_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.iof.ts " (bool) Timestamp output
24 25	<pre>PMIX_IOF_XML_OUTPUT "pmix.iof.xml" (bool) Format output in XML</pre>

1	Description
2	Register to receive output forwarded from a set of remote processes.
	Advice to users
3	Providing a NULL function pointer for the <i>cbfunc</i> parameter will cause output for the indicated
4	channels to be written to their corresponding stdout/stderr file descriptors. Use of
5	PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD to specify all processes in a given namespace is supported but should be
6	used carefully due to bandwidth considerations.

7 6.4.2 PMIx_IOF_deregister

~

8	Summary
9	Deregister from output forwarded from a set of remote processes.
10	Format
PMIx v	3.0 V C
11	pmix_status_t
12	<pre>PMIx_IOF_deregister(size_t iofhdlr,</pre>
13	<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs,</pre>
14	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
	C
15	IN iofhdlr
16	Registration number returned from the pmix_hdlr_reg_cbfunc_t callback from the
17	call to PMIx_IOF_pull (size_t)
18	IN directives
19	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
20	IN ndirs
21	Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
22	IN cbfunc
23	Callback function to be called when deregistration has been completed. (function reference)
24	IN cbdata
25	Data to be passed to the <i>cbfunc</i> callback function (memory reference)
26	Returns one of the following:
27	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
28	will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback
29	function prior to returning from the API.
30	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
31	returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
32	
32 33	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
00	processed and raned - the cojune will not be caned

1 Description 2 Deregister from output forwarded from a set of remote processes. Advice to PMIx library implementers 3 Any currently buffered IO should be flushed upon receipt of a deregistration request. All received IO after receipt of the request shall be discarded.

5 6.4.3 PMIx_IOF_push

6 Summary

7

Push data collected locally (typically from stdin or a file) to stdin of the target recipients.

8 <i>PMIx v3.0</i>	Format C
9	pmix status t
10	<pre>PMIx_Status_t PMIx_IOF_push(const pmix_proc_t targets[], size_t ntargets,</pre>
11	<pre>pmix_for_push(const pmix_prot_t targets[], size_t htargets, pmix_byte_object_t *bo,</pre>
12	const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs,
13	pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)
10	
	0
14	IN targets
15	Array of proc structures identifying desired target processes (array of handles)
16	IN ntargets
17	Number of elements in the <i>targets</i> array (integer)
18	IN bo
19	Pointer to pmix_byte_object_t containing the payload to be delivered (handle)
20	IN directives
21	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
22	IN ndirs
23	Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
24	IN directives
25	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
26	IN cbfunc
27	Callback function to be called when operation has been completed. (pmix_op_cbfunc_t
28	function reference)
29	IN cbdata
30	Data to be passed to the <i>cbfunc</i> callback function (memory reference)
31	Returns one of the following:

1 2 3	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
4 5	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
6 7	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
8	The following attributes are required for PMIx libraries that support IO forwarding:
9 10 11	PMIX_IOF_CACHE_SIZE " pmix.iof.csize " (uint32_t) The requested size of the server cache in bytes for each specified channel. By default, the server is allowed (but not required) to drop all bytes received beyond the max size.
12 13	PMIX_IOF_DROP_OLDEST " pmix.iof.old " (bool) In an overflow situation, drop the oldest bytes to make room in the cache.
14 15 16	<pre>PMIX_IOF_DROP_NEWEST "pmix.iof.new" (bool) In an overflow situation, drop any new bytes received until room becomes available in the cache (default).</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
17	The following attributes are optional for PMIx libraries that support IO forwarding:
18 19 20 21 22	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_SIZE "pmix.iof.bsize" (uint32_t) Controls grouping of IO on the specified channel(s) to avoid being called every time a bit of IO arrives. The library will execute the callback whenever the specified number of bytes becomes available. Any remaining buffered data will be "flushed" upon call to deregister the respective channel.</pre>
23 24 25 26	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_TIME "pmix.iof.btime" (uint32_t) Max time in seconds to buffer IO before delivering it. Used in conjunction with buffering size, this prevents IO from being held indefinitely while waiting for another payload to arrive.</pre>

Description

Push data collected locally (typically from stdin or a file) to stdin of the target recipients.

Advice to users -

Execution of the *cbfunc* callback function serves as notice that the PMIx library no longer requires the caller to maintain the *bo* data object - it does *not* indicate delivery of the payload to the targets. Use of **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** to specify all processes in a given namespace is supported but should be used carefully due to bandwidth considerations.

CHAPTER 7 Job Management and Reporting

The job management APIs provide an application with the ability to orchestrate its operation in partnership with the SMS. Members of this category include the

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PMIx_Allocation_request_nb, PMIx_Job_control_nb, and PMIx Process monitor nb APIs.

5 7.1 Query

6 As the level of interaction between applications and the host SMS grows, so too does the need for 7 the application to query the SMS regarding its capabilities and state information. PMIx provides a 8 generalized query interface for this purpose, along with a set of standardized attribute keys to 9 support a range of requests. This includes requests to determine the status of scheduling queues and 10 active allocations, the scope of API and attribute support offered by the SMS, namespaces of active 11 jobs, location and information about a job's processes, and information regarding available 12 resources.

An example use-case for the **PMIx_Query_info_nb** API is to ensure clean job completion. Time-shared systems frequently impose maximum run times when assigning jobs to resource allocations. To shut down gracefully, e.g., to write a checkpoint before termination, it is necessary for an application to periodically query the resource manager for the time remaining in its allocation. This is especially true on systems for which allocation times may be shortened or lengthened from the original time limit. Many resource managers provide APIs to dynamically obtain this information, but each API is specific to the resource manager.

- 20PMIx supports this use-case by defining an attribute key (PMIX_TIME_REMAINING) that can be21used with the PMIx_Query_info_nb interface to obtain the number of seconds remaining in
- the current job allocation. Note that one could alternatively use the
 PMIx_Register_event_handler API to register for an event indicating incipient job
 termination, and then use the PMIx_Job_control_nb API to request that the host SMS
 generate an event a specified amount of time prior to reaching the maximum run time. PMIx
 provides such alternate methods as a means of maximizing the probability of a host system
 supporting at least one method by which the application can obtain the desired service.
- 28 The following APIs support query of various session and environment values.

29 7.1.1 PMIx_Resolve_peers

30 Summary

31 Obtain the array of processes within the specified namespace that are executing on a given node.

1 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format C
2 3 4 5	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Resolve_peers(const char *nodename,</pre>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 IN nodename Name of the node to query (string) IN nspace namespace (string) OUT procs Array of process structures (array of handles) OUT nprocs Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)
14	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
15 16 17 18 19 20	Description Given a <i>nodename</i> , return the array of processes within the specified <i>nspace</i> that are executing on that node. If the <i>nspace</i> is NULL , then all processes on the node will be returned. If the specified node does not currently host any processes, then the returned array will be NULL , and <i>nprocs</i> will be 0 . The caller is responsible for releasing the <i>procs</i> array when done with it. The PMIX_PROC_FREE macro is provided for this purpose.

21 7.1.2 PMIx_Resolve_nodes

22	Summary
23	Return a list of nodes hosting processes within the given namespace.
24 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format C
25 26	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Resolve_nodes(const char *nspace, char **nodelist) C</pre>
27	IN nspace
28	Namespace (string)
29	OUT nodelist
30	Comma-delimited list of nodenames (string)
31	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1 Description

Given a *nspace*, return the list of nodes hosting processes within that namespace. The returned
string will contain a comma-delimited list of nodenames. The caller is responsible for releasing the
string when done with it.

5 7.1.3 PMIx_Query_info_nb

6	Summary
7	Query information about the system in general.
8 <i>PMIx v2.0</i>	Format C
9	pmix_status_t
10	<pre>PMIx_Query_info_nb(pmix_query_t queries[], size_t nqueries,</pre>
11	<pre>pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
	C
12	IN queries
13	Array of query structures (array of handles)
14	IN nqueries
15	Number of elements in the queries array (integer)
16	IN cbfunc
17	Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
18	IN cbdata
19	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
20	Returns one of the following:
21 22 23	• PMIX_SUCCESS indicating that the request has been accepted for processing and the provided callback function will be executed upon completion of the operation. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
24 25	• a non-zero PMIx error constant indicating a reason for the request to have been rejected. In this case, the provided callback function will not be executed
26 27	If executed, the status returned in the provided callback function will be one of the following constants:
28	• PMIX_SUCCESS All data has been returned
29	• PMIX_ERR_NOT_FOUND None of the requested data was available
30	• PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The host RM does not support this function
31	• a non-zero PMIx error constant indicating a reason for the request's failure

1	PMIx libraries that support this API are required to support the following attributes:
2	PMIX_QUERY_REFRESH_CACHE " pmix.qry.rfsh " (bool)
3	Retrieve updated information from server.
4	PMIX_SESSION_INFO "pmix.ssn.info" (bool)
5	Return information about the specified session. If information about a session other than the
6	one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain a
7	PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute identifying the desired target.
8	PMIX_JOB_INFO "pmix.job.info" (bool)
9	Return information about the specified job or namespace. If information about a job or
10	namespace other than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute
11	array must contain a PMIX_JOBID or PMIX_NSPACE attribute identifying the desired
12	target. Similarly, if information is requested about a job or namespace in a session other than
13	the one containing the requesting process, then an attribute identifying the target session
14	must be provided.
15	PMIX_APP_INFO "pmix.app.info" (bool)
16	Return information about the specified application. If information about an application other
17	than the one containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must
18	contain a PMIX_APPNUM attribute identifying the desired target. Similarly, if information is
19	requested about an application in a job or session other than the one containing the requesting
20	process, then attributes identifying the target job and/or session must be provided.
21	PMIX_NODE_INFO "pmix.node.info" (bool)
22	Return information about the specified node. If information about a node other than the one
23	containing the requesting process is desired, then the attribute array must contain either the
24	PMIX_NODEID or PMIX_HOSTNAME attribute identifying the desired target.
25	PMIX_PROCID "pmix.procid" (pmix_proc_t)
26	Process identifier Specifies the process ID whose information is being requested - e.g., a
27	query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Only required when the
28	request is for information on a specific process.
29	PMIX_NSPACE "pmix.nspace" (char*)
30	Namespace of the job. Specifies the namespace of the process whose information is being
31	requested - e.g., a query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Must be
32	accompanied by the PMIX_RANK attribute. Only required when the request is for
33	information on a specific process.
34	PMIX_RANK "pmix.rank" (pmix_rank_t)
35	Process rank within the job. Specifies the rank of the process whose information is being
36	requested - e.g., a query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Must be
37	accompanied by the PMIX_NSPACE attribute. Only required when the request is for
38	information on a specific process.

1 2 3 4 5	Note that inclusion of the PMIX_PROCID directive and either the PMIX_NSPACE or the PMIX_RANK attribute will return a PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM result, and that the inclusion of a process identifier must apply to all keys in that pmix_query_t . Queries for information on multiple specific processes therefore requires submitting multiple pmix_query_t structures, each referencing one process.
6 7 8 9	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any other attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process making the request.
10 11 12	Host environments that support this operation are required to support the following attributes as qualifiers to the request:
13 14 15 16	PMIX_PROCID "pmix.procid" (pmix_proc_t) Process identifier Specifies the process ID whose information is being requested - e.g., a query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Only required when the request is for information on a specific process.
17 18 19 20 21	PMIX_NSPACE "pmix.nspace" (char*) Namespace of the job. Specifies the namespace of the process whose information is being requested - e.g., a query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Must be accompanied by the PMIX_RANK attribute. Only required when the request is for information on a specific process.
22 23 24 25 26	PMIX_RANK "pmix.rank" (pmix_rank_t) Process rank within the job. Specifies the rank of the process whose information is being requested - e.g., a query asking for the PMIX_LOCAL_RANK of a specified process. Must be accompanied by the PMIX_NSPACE attribute. Only required when the request is for information on a specific process.
27 28 29 30 31	Note that inclusion of the PMIX_PROCID directive and either the PMIX_NSPACE or the PMIX_RANK attribute will return a PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM result, and that the inclusion of a process identifier must apply to all keys in that pmix_query_t . Queries for information on multiple specific processes therefore requires submitting multiple pmix_query_t structures, each referencing one process.
	✓ Optional Attributes
32	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
33 34	PMIX_QUERY_NAMESPACES " pmix.qry.ns " (char *) Request a comma-delimited list of active namespaces.
35 36	PMIX_QUERY_JOB_STATUS " pmix.qry.jst " (pmix_status_t) Status of a specified, currently executing job.

1	PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_LIST " pmix.qry.qlst " (char*)
2	Request a comma-delimited list of scheduler queues.
3	PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_STATUS " pmix.qry.qst " (TBD)
4	Status of a specified scheduler queue.
5 6 7	<pre>PMIX_QUERY_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.ptable" (char*) Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns (pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t.</pre>
8 9 10 11	<pre>PMIX_QUERY_LOCAL_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.lptable" (char*) Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns (pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t for processes in job on same node.</pre>
12	PMIX_QUERY_SPAWN_SUPPORT " pmix.qry.spawn " (bool)
13	Return a comma-delimited list of supported spawn attributes.
14	PMIX_QUERY_DEBUG_SUPPORT " pmix.qry.debug " (bool)
15	Return a comma-delimited list of supported debug attributes.
16	PMIX_QUERY_MEMORY_USAGE " pmix.qry.mem " (bool)
17	Return information on memory usage for the processes indicated in the qualifiers.
18	PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_AVG "pmix.qry.avg" (bool)
19	Report only average values for sampled information.
20	PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_MINMAX " pmix.qry.minmax " (bool)
21	Report minimum and maximum values.
22	PMIX_QUERY_ALLOC_STATUS " pmix.query.alloc " (char *)
23	String identifier of the allocation whose status is being requested.
24 25 26	PMIX_TIME_REMAINING "pmix.time.remaining" (char*) Query number of seconds (uint32_t) remaining in allocation for the specified namespace.
27 28 29	<pre>PMIX_SERVER_URI "pmix.srvr.uri" (char*) URI of the PMIx server to be contacted. Requests the URI of the specified PMIx server's PMIx connection. Defaults to requesting the information for the local PMIx server.</pre>
30 31 32 33	<pre>PMIX_PROC_URI "pmix.puri" (char*) URI containing contact information for a given process. Requests the URI of the specified PMIx server's out-of-band connection. Defaults to requesting the information for the local PMIx server.</pre>

Description 1 2 Query information about the system in general. This can include a list of active namespaces, network topology, etc. Also can be used to query node-specific info such as the list of peers 3 4 executing on a given node. We assume that the host RM will exercise appropriate access control on 5 the information. 6 NOTE: There is no blocking form of this API as the structures passed to query info differ from 7 those for receiving the results. 8 The *status* argument to the callback function indicates if requested data was found or not. An array 9 of **pmix** info t will contain each key that was provided and the corresponding value that was found. Requests for keys that are not found will return the key paired with a value of type 10 PMIX_UNDEF. 11 Advice to users 12 The desire to query a list of attributes supported by the implementation and/or the host environment 13 has been expressed and noted. The PMIx community is exploring the possibility and it will likely become available in a future release 14 Advice to PMIx library implementers -Information returned from **PMIx_Query_info_nb** shall be locally cached so that retrieval by 15 16 subsequent calls to **PMIx Get** or **PMIx Ouery info** nb can succeed with minimal overhead. The local cache shall be checked prior to querying the PMIx server and/or the host environment. 17 Queries that include the **PMIX_QUERY_REFRESH_CACHE** attribute shall bypass the local cache 18 19 and retrieve a new value for the query, refreshing the values in the cache upon return.

1	7.1.3.1	Using PMIx_Get VS PMIx_Query_info_nb
2 3		Both PMIx_Get and PMIx_Query_info_nb can be used to retrieve information about the system. In general, the <i>get</i> operation should be used to retrieve:
4 5		• information provided by the host environment at time of job start. This includes information on the number of processes in the job, their location, and possibly their communication endpoints
6		 information posted by processes via the PMIx_Put function
7 8 9 10 11		This information is largely considered to be <i>static</i> , although this will not necessarily be true for environments supporting dynamic programming models or fault tolerance. Note that the PMIx_Get function only accesses information about execution environments - i.e., its scope is limited to values pertaining to a specific session , job , application , process, or node. It cannot be used to obtain information about areas such as the status of queues in the WLM.
12		In contrast, the <i>query</i> option should be used to access:
13 14		• system-level information (such as the available WLM queues) that would generally not be included in job-level information provided at job start
15 16 17		• dynamic information such as application and queue status, and resource utilization statistics. Note that the PMIX_QUERY_REFRESH_CACHE attribute must be provided on each query to ensure current data is returned
18		• information created post job start, such as process tables
19 20		• information requiring more complex search criteria than supported by the simpler PMIx_Get API
21 22		• queries focused on retrieving multi-attribute blocks of data with a single request, thus bypassing the single-key limitation of the PMIx_Get API
23 24		In theory, all information can be accessed via PMIx_Query_info_nb as the local cache is typically the same datastore searched by PMIx_Get . However, in practice, the overhead associated

In theory, all information can be accessed via **PMIx_Query_info_nb** as the local cache is typically the same datastore searched by **PMIx_Get**. However, in practice, the overhead associated with the *query* operation may (depending upon implementation) be higher than the simpler *get* operation due to the need to construct and process the more complex **pmix_query_t** structure. Thus, requests for a single key value are likely to be accomplished faster with **PMIx_Get** versus the *query* operation.

29 7.2 Allocation Requests

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- This section defines functionality to request new allocations from the RM, and request modifications to existing allocations. These are primarily used in the following scenarios:
 - Evolving applications that dynamically request and return resources as they execute
 - *Malleable* environments where the scheduler redirects resources away from executing applications for higher priority jobs or load balancing

1	• <i>Resilient</i> applications that need to request replacement resources in the face of failures
2 3	• <i>Rigid</i> jobs where the user has requested a static allocation of resources for a fixed period of time, but realizes that they underestimated their required time while executing
4	PMIx attempts to address this range of use-cases with a flexible API.

5 7.2.1 PMIx_Allocation_request

6	Summary
7	Request an allocation operation from the host resource manager.
8	Format
PMIx v3.0	
9	pmix_status_t
10	<pre>PMIx_Allocation_request(pmix_alloc_directive_t directive,</pre>
11	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
12	<pre>pmix_info_t *results[], size_t *nresults);</pre>
	C
13	IN directive
14	Allocation directive (handle)
15	IN info
16	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
17	IN ninfo
18	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
19	INOUT results
20	Address where a pointer to an array of pmix_info_t containing the results of the request
21	can be returned (memory reference)
22	INOUT nresults
23	Address where the number of elements in <i>results</i> can be returned (handle)
24	Returns one of the following:
25	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request was processed and returned <i>success</i>
26	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was refused
27	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
28	provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
29	required to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process making
30	the request.
31	

1 2	Host environments that implement support for this operation are required to support the following attributes:
3 4 5	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_REQ_ID "pmix.alloc.reqid" (char*) User-provided string identifier for this allocation request which can later be used to query status of the request.</pre>
6 7	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_NODES "pmix.alloc.nnodes" (uint64_t) The number of nodes.
8 9	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPUS "pmix.alloc.ncpus" (uint64_t) Number of cpus.</pre>
10 11	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_TIME "pmix.alloc.time" (uint32_t) Time in seconds.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
12	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
13 14	PMIX_ALLOC_NODE_LIST " pmix.alloc.nlist " (char*) Regular expression of the specific nodes.
15 16	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.ncpulist " (char*) Regular expression of the number of cpus for each node.
17 18	PMIX_ALLOC_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.cpulist " (char *) Regular expression of the specific cpus indicating the cpus involved.
19 20	PMIX_ALLOC_MEM_SIZE "pmix.alloc.msize" (float) Number of Megabytes.
21 22 23 24	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK "pmix.alloc.net" (array) Array of pmix_info_t describing requested network resources. This must include at least: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID, PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE, and PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS, plus whatever other descriptors are desired.</pre>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID "pmix.alloc.netid" (char*) The key to be used when accessing this requested network allocation. The allocation will be returned/stored as a pmix_data_array_t of pmix_info_t indexed by this key and containing at least one entry with the same key and the allocated resource description. The type of the included value depends upon the network support. For example, a TCP allocation might consist of a comma-delimited string of socket ranges such as "32000-32100,33005,38123-38146". Additional entries will consist of any provided resource request directives, along with their assigned values. Examples include: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE - the type of resources provided; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE - if applicable, what plane the resources were assigned</pre>
35	from; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS - the assigned QoS; PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH -

1 2 3	the allocated bandwidth; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY - a security key for the requested network allocation. NOTE: the assigned values may differ from those requested, especially if PMIX_INFO_REQD was not set in the request.
4 5	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH "pmix.alloc.bw" (float) Mbits/sec.</pre>
6 7	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS "pmix.alloc.netqos" (char*) Quality of service level.</pre>
8 9	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE " pmix.alloc.nettype " (char*) Type of desired transport (e.g., " <i>tcp</i> ", " <i>udp</i> ")
10 11	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE"pmix.alloc.netplane" (char*)ID string for the NIC (aka <i>plane</i>) to be used for this allocation (e.g., CIDR for Ethernet)
12 13	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS "pmix.alloc.endpts" (size_t) Number of endpoints to allocate per process</pre>
14 15	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS_NODE "pmix.alloc.endpts.nd" (size_t) Number of endpoints to allocate per node</pre>
16 17	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY "pmix.alloc.nsec" (pmix_byte_object_t) Network security key</pre>

Request an allocation operation from the host resource manager. Several broad categories are envisioned, including the ability to:

- Request allocation of additional resources, including memory, bandwidth, and compute. This should be accomplished in a non-blocking manner so that the application can continue to progress while waiting for resources to become available. Note that the new allocation will be disjoint from (i.e., not affiliated with) the allocation of the requestor thus the termination of one allocation will not impact the other.
- Extend the reservation on currently allocated resources, subject to scheduling availability and priorities. This includes extending the time limit on current resources, and/or requesting additional resources be allocated to the requesting job. Any additional allocated resources will be considered as part of the current allocation, and thus will be released at the same time.
- Return no-longer-required resources to the scheduler. This includes the "loan" of resources back to the scheduler with a promise to return them upon subsequent request.

If successful, the returned results for a request for additional resources must include the host resource manager's identifier (**PMIX_ALLOC_ID**) that the requester can use to specify the resources in, for example, a call to **PMIX_Spawn**.

2	Summary
3	Request an allocation operation from the host resource manager.
4	Format
5 6	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Allocation_request_nb(pmix_alloc_directive_t directive,</pre>
7	pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,
8	pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)
9	IN directive
10	Allocation directive (handle)
11	IN info
12	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
13	IN ninfo
14	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
15	IN cbfunc
16	Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
17	IN cbdata
18	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
19	Returns one of the following:
20	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
21	will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback
22	function prior to returning from the API.
23	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
24	returned success - the cbfunc will not be called
25 26	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
20	•
27	PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
28	provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
29	required to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process making
30	the request.
31	
32	Host environments that implement support for this operation are required to support the following
33	attributes:
34	PMIX_ALLOC_REQ_ID "pmix.alloc.reqid" (char*)
~ ·	Further (out a)

1 7.2.2 PMIx_Allocation_request_nb

1 2	User-provided string identifier for this allocation request which can later be used to query status of the request.
3 4	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_NODES " pmix.alloc.nnodes " (uint64_t) The number of nodes.
5 6	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPUS " pmix.alloc.ncpus " (uint64_t) Number of cpus.
7 8	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_TIME "pmix.alloc.time" (uint32_t) Time in seconds.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
9	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
10 11	PMIX_ALLOC_NODE_LIST " pmix.alloc.nlist " (char *) Regular expression of the specific nodes.
12 13	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.ncpulist " (char *) Regular expression of the number of cpus for each node.
14 15	PMIX_ALLOC_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.cpulist " (char*) Regular expression of the specific cpus indicating the cpus involved.
16 17	PMIX_ALLOC_MEM_SIZE " pmix.alloc.msize " (float) Number of Megabytes.
18 19 20 21	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK "pmix.alloc.net" (array) Array of pmix_info_t describing requested network resources. This must include at least: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID, PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE, and PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS, plus whatever other descriptors are desired.</pre>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID "pmix.alloc.netid" (char*) The key to be used when accessing this requested network allocation. The allocation will be returned/stored as a pmix_data_array_t of pmix_info_t indexed by this key and containing at least one entry with the same key and the allocated resource description. The type of the included value depends upon the network support. For example, a TCP allocation might consist of a comma-delimited string of socket ranges such as "32000-32100,33005,38123-38146". Additional entries will consist of any provided resource request directives, along with their assigned values. Examples include: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE - the type of resources provided; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE - if applicable, what plane the resources were assigned from; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS - the assigned QoS; PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH - the allocated bandwidth; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY - a security key for the requested network allocation. NOTE: the assigned values may differ from those requested, especially if PMIX_INFO_REQD was not set in the request.
36	PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH "pmix.alloc.bw" (float)

Mbits/sec.

2 3	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS "pmix.alloc.netqos" (char*) Quality of service level.</pre>
4 5	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE " pmix.alloc.nettype " (char *) Type of desired transport (e.g., " <i>tcp</i> ", " <i>udp</i> ")
6 7	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE "pmix.alloc.netplane" (char*) ID string for the NIC (aka <i>plane</i>) to be used for this allocation (e.g., CIDR for Ethernet)
8 9	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS "pmix.alloc.endpts" (size_t) Number of endpoints to allocate per process</pre>
10 11	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS_NODE "pmix.alloc.endpts.nd" (size_t) Number of endpoints to allocate per node</pre>
12 13	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY "pmix.alloc.nsec" (pmix_byte_object_t)</pre>

14 **Description**

1

15 Non-blocking form of the **PMIx_Allocation_request** API.

16 7.3 Job Control

17 This section defines APIs that enable the application and host environment to coordinate the 18 response to failures and other events. This can include requesting termination of the entire job or a 19 subset of processes within a job, but can also be used in combination with other PMIx capabilities 20 (e.g., allocation support and event notification) for more nuanced responses. For example, an 21 application notified of an incipient over-temperature condition on a node could use the 22 **PMIx Allocation request nb** interface to request replacement nodes while 23 simultaneously using the **PMIx Job control nb** interface to direct that a checkpoint event be 24 delivered to all processes in the application. If replacement resources are not available, the 25 application might use the **PMIx_Job_control_nb** interface to request that the job continue at a lower power setting, perhaps sufficient to avoid the over-temperature failure. 26

27 The job control APIs can also be used by an application to register itself as available for preemption 28 when operating in an environment such as a cloud or where incentives, financial or otherwise, are provided to jobs willing to be preempted. Registration can include attributes indicating how many 29 resources are being offered for preemption (e.g., all or only some portion), whether the application 30 31 will require time to prepare for preemption, etc. Jobs that request a warning will receive an event 32 notifying them of an impending preemption (possibly including information as to the resources that 33 will be taken away, how much time the application will be given prior to being preempted, whether 34 the preemption will be a suspension or full termination, etc.) so they have an opportunity to save 35 their work. Once the application is ready, it calls the provided event completion callback function to

indicate that the SMS is free to suspend or terminate it, and can include directives regarding any desired restart.

3 7.3.1 PMIx_Job_control

4		Summary
5		Request a job control action.
6		Format
	PMIx v3.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7		pmix_status_t
8		<pre>PMIx_Job_control(const pmix_proc_t targets[], size_t ntargets,</pre>
9		<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs)</pre>
		C
10		IN targets
11		Array of proc structures (array of handles)
12		IN ntargets
13		Number of element in the <i>targets</i> array (integer)
14		IN directives
15		Array of info structures (array of handles)
16		IN ndirs
17		Number of element in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
18		IN cbfunc
19		Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
20		IN cbdata
21		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
22		Returns one of the following:
23		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request was processed by the host environment and
24		returned success
25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was refused
		Required Attributes
26		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any
27		provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIx library is
28		required to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process making
29		the request.
30		-
31		Host environments that implement support for this operation are required to support the following
32		attributes:
52		
33		PMIX_JOB_CTRL_ID "pmix.jctrl.id" (char*)

1	Provide a string identifier for this request.
2	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PAUSE " pmix.jctrl.pause " (bool)
3	Pause the specified processes.
4	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESUME " pmix.jctrl.resume " (bool)
5	Resume ("un-pause") the specified processes.
6	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_KILL " pmix.jctrl.kill " (bool)
7	Forcibly terminate the specified processes and cleanup.
8	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_SIGNAL " pmix.jctrl.sig " (int)
9	Send given signal to specified processes.
10	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_TERMINATE " pmix.jctrl.term " (bool)
11	Politely terminate the specified processes.
12	PMIX_REGISTER_CLEANUP " pmix.reg.cleanup " (char*)
13	Comma-delimited list of files to be removed upon process termination
14	PMIX_REGISTER_CLEANUP_DIR " pmix.reg.cleanupdir " (char *)
15	Comma-delimited list of directories to be removed upon process termination
16	PMIX_CLEANUP_RECURSIVE " pmix.clnup.recurse " (bool)
17	Recursively cleanup all subdirectories under the specified one(s)
18	PMIX_CLEANUP_EMPTY " pmix.clnup.empty " (bool)
19	Only remove empty subdirectories
20	PMIX_CLEANUP_IGNORE " pmix.clnup.ignore " (char *)
21	Comma-delimited list of filenames that are not to be removed
22 23 24	<pre>PMIX_CLEANUP_LEAVE_TOPDIR "pmix.clnup.lvtop" (bool) When recursively cleaning subdirectories, do not remove the top-level directory (the one given in the cleanup request)</pre>
	Optional Attributes
25	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
26	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CANCEL " pmix.jctrl.cancel " (char *)
27	Cancel the specified request (NULL implies cancel all requests from this requestor).
28	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESTART " pmix.jctrl.restart " (char*)
29	Restart the specified processes using the given checkpoint ID.
30	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT " pmix.jctrl.ckpt " (char*)
31	Checkpoint the specified processes and assign the given ID to it.
32	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_EVENT "pmix.jctrl.ckptev" (bool)</pre>

1	Use event notification to trigger a process checkpoint.
2	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_SIGNAL "pmix.jctrl.ckptsig" (int)
3	Use the given signal to trigger a process checkpoint.
4	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_TIMEOUT " pmix.jctrl.ckptsig " (int)
5	Time in seconds to wait for a checkpoint to complete.
6 7 8	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_METHOD "pmix.jctrl.ckmethod" (pmix_data_array_t) Array of pmix_info_t declaring each method and value supported by this application.</pre>
9	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION " pmix.jctrl.pvn " (char*)
10	Regular expression identifying nodes that are to be provisioned.
11	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION_IMAGE "pmix.jctrl.pvnimg" (char*)
12	Name of the image that is to be provisioned.
13 14	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PREEMPTIBLE "pmix.jctrl.preempt" (bool) Indicate that the job can be pre-empted.</pre>

16 Request a job control action. The *targets* array identifies the processes to which the requested job 17 control action is to be applied. A NULL value can be used to indicate all processes in the caller's 18 namespace. The use of **PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD** can also be used to indicate that all processes in the given namespace are to be included. 19

20 The directives are provided as **pmix_info_t** structures in the *directives* array. The callback function provides a *status* to indicate whether or not the request was granted, and to provide some 21 22 information as to the reason for any denial in the **pmix_info_cbfunc_t** array of 23 pmix_info_t structures.

7.3.2 PMIx Job control nb 24

25	Summar
20	Summar

Summary Request a job control action. 26

1		Format
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 3 4 5		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Job_control_nb(const pmix_proc_t targets[], size_t ntargets,</pre>
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		 IN targets Array of proc structures (array of handles) IN ntargets Number of element in the <i>targets</i> array (integer) IN directives Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of element in the <i>directives</i> array (integer) IN ndirs Number of element in the <i>directives</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
18		Returns one of the following:
19 20 21		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
22 23		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
24 25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
		Required Attributes
26 27 28 29		PMIx libraries are not required to directly support any attributes for this function. However, any provided attributes must be passed to the host SMS daemon for processing, and the PMIX library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the client process making the request.
30		
31 32		Host environments that implement support for this operation are required to support the following attributes:
33 34		<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_ID "pmix.jctrl.id" (char*) Provide a string identifier for this request.</pre>

1	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PAUSE " pmix.jctrl.pause " (bool)
2	Pause the specified processes.
3	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESUME " pmix.jctrl.resume " (bool)
4	Resume ("un-pause") the specified processes.
5	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_KILL " pmix.jctrl.kill " (bool)
6	Forcibly terminate the specified processes and cleanup.
7	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_SIGNAL " pmix.jctrl.sig " (int)
8	Send given signal to specified processes.
9	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_TERMINATE " pmix.jctrl.term " (bool)
10	Politely terminate the specified processes.
11	PMIX_REGISTER_CLEANUP " pmix.reg.cleanup " (char *)
12	Comma-delimited list of files to be removed upon process termination
13	PMIX_REGISTER_CLEANUP_DIR " pmix.reg.cleanupdir " (char *)
14	Comma-delimited list of directories to be removed upon process termination
15	PMIX_CLEANUP_RECURSIVE " pmix.clnup.recurse " (bool)
16	Recursively cleanup all subdirectories under the specified one(s)
17	PMIX_CLEANUP_EMPTY " pmix.clnup.empty " (bool)
18	Only remove empty subdirectories
19	PMIX_CLEANUP_IGNORE " pmix.clnup.ignore " (char *)
20	Comma-delimited list of filenames that are not to be removed
21 22 23	<pre>PMIX_CLEANUP_LEAVE_TOPDIR "pmix.clnup.lvtop" (bool) When recursively cleaning subdirectories, do not remove the top-level directory (the one given in the cleanup request)</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
24	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
25	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CANCEL " pmix.jctrl.cancel " (char*)
26	Cancel the specified request (NULL implies cancel all requests from this requestor).
27	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESTART " pmix.jctrl.restart " (char*)
28	Restart the specified processes using the given checkpoint ID.
29	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT " pmix.jctrl.ckpt " (char*)
30	Checkpoint the specified processes and assign the given ID to it.
31	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_EVENT " pmix.jctrl.ckptev " (bool)
32	Use event notification to trigger a process checkpoint.
33	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_SIGNAL "pmix.jctrl.ckptsig" (int)</pre>

1	Use the given signal to trigger a process checkpoint.
2	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_TIMEOUT " pmix.jctrl.ckptsig " (int)
3	Time in seconds to wait for a checkpoint to complete.
4 5 6	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_METHOD "pmix.jctrl.ckmethod" (pmix_data_array_t) Array of pmix_info_t declaring each method and value supported by this application.</pre>
7	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION " pmix.jctrl.pvn " (char*)
8	Regular expression identifying nodes that are to be provisioned.
9	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION_IMAGE "pmix.jctrl.pvnimg" (char*)
10	Name of the image that is to be provisioned.
11 12	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PREEMPTIBLE "pmix.jctrl.preempt" (bool) Indicate that the job can be pre-empted.</pre>

Non-blocking form of the PMIx_Job_control API. The *targets* array identifies the processes to
 which the requested job control action is to be applied. A NULL value can be used to indicate all
 processes in the caller's namespace. The use of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD can also be used to
 indicate that all processes in the given namespace are to be included.

18 The directives are provided as pmix_info_t structures in the *directives* array. The callback 19 function provides a *status* to indicate whether or not the request was granted, and to provide some 20 information as to the reason for any denial in the pmix_info_cbfunc_t array of 21 pmix_info_t structures.

22 7.4 Process and Job Monitoring

In addition to external faults, a common problem encountered in HPC applications is a failure to make progress due to some internal conflict in the computation. These situations can result in a significant waste of resources as the SMS is unaware of the problem, and thus cannot terminate the job. Various watchdog methods have been developed for detecting this situation, including requiring a periodic "heartbeat" from the application and monitoring a specified file for changes in size and/or modification time.

At the request of SMS vendors and members, a monitoring support interface has been included in the PMIx v2 standard. The defined API allows applications to request monitoring, directing what is to be monitored, the frequency of the associated check, whether or not the application is to be notified (via the event notification subsystem) of stall detection, and other characteristics of the operation. In addition, heartbeat and file monitoring methods have been included in the PRI but are active only when requested.

1	7.4.1	PMIx_Process_monitor
2 3		Summary Request that application processes be monitored.
4	PMIx v3.0	Format C
5 6 7		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Process_monitor(const pmix_info_t *monitor, pmix_status_t error,</pre>
8 9		IN monitor info (handle)
10 11 12		<pre>IN error status (integer) IN directives</pre>
13 14 15		Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
16		Returns one of the following:
17		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request was processed and returned <i>success</i>
18		 a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was refused Optional Attributes
19 20 21 22 23		The following attributes may be implemented by a PMIx library or by the host environment. If supported by the PMIx server library, then the library must not pass the supported attributes to the host environment. All attributes not directly supported by the server library must be passed to the host environment if it supports this operation, and the library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the requesting process:
24 25		PMIX_MONITOR_ID " pmix.monitor.id " (char*) Provide a string identifier for this request.
26 27		PMIX_MONITOR_CANCEL " pmix.monitor.cancel " (char*) Identifier to be canceled (NULL means cancel all monitoring for this process).
28 29		PMIX_MONITOR_APP_CONTROL " pmix.monitor.appctrl " (bool) The application desires to control the response to a monitoring event.
30 31		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT "pmix.monitor.mbeat" (void) Register to have the PMIx server monitor the requestor for heartbeats.
32 33		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_TIME "pmix.monitor.btime" (uint32_t) Time in seconds before declaring heartbeat missed.

1	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_DROPS " pmix.monitor.bdrop " (uint32_t)
2	Number of heartbeats that can be missed before generating the event.
3	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE " pmix.monitor.fmon " (char*)
4	Register to monitor file for signs of life.
5	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_SIZE " pmix.monitor.fsize " (bool)
6	Monitor size of given file is growing to determine if the application is running.
7	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_ACCESS " pmix.monitor.faccess " (char *)
8	Monitor time since last access of given file to determine if the application is running.
9	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_MODIFY " pmix.monitor.fmod " (char *)
10	Monitor time since last modified of given file to determine if the application is running.
11	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_CHECK_TIME " pmix.monitor.ftime " (uint32_t)
12	Time in seconds between checking the file.
13 14	<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_DROPS "pmix.monitor.fdrop" (uint32_t) Number of file checks that can be missed before generating the event.</pre>

Request that application processes be monitored via several possible methods. For example, that
the server monitor this process for periodic heartbeats as an indication that the process has not
become "wedged". When a monitor detects the specified alarm condition, it will generate an event
notification using the provided error code and passing along any available relevant information. It
is up to the caller to register a corresponding event handler.

- 21
 The *monitor* argument is an attribute indicating the type of monitor being requested. For example,

 22
 PMIX_MONITOR_FILE to indicate that the requestor is asking that a file be monitored.
- The *error* argument is the status code to be used when generating an event notification alerting that
 the monitor has been triggered. The range of the notification defaults to
 PMIX_RANGE_NAMESPACE. This can be changed by providing a PMIX_RANGE directive.
- The *directives* argument characterizes the monitoring request (e.g., monitor file size) and frequency of checking to be done

28 7.4.2 PMIx_Process_monitor_nb

29 Summary

30 Request that application processes be monitored.

1		Format
	PMIx v2.0	
2		pmix_status_t
3		<pre>PMIx_Process_monitor_nb(const pmix_info_t *monitor, pmix_status_t error,</pre>
4 5		<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs, pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
5		C
6		IN monitor
7		info (handle)
8		IN error
9		status (integer)
10		IN directives
11		Array of info structures (array of handles)
12 13		IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
14		IN cbfunc
15		Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
16		IN cbdata
17		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
18		Returns one of the following:
19 20 21		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
22 23		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
24 25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
		✓ Optional Attributes
26 27 28 29 30		The following attributes may be implemented by a PMIx library or by the host environment. If supported by the PMIx server library, then the library must not pass the supported attributes to the host environment. All attributes not directly supported by the server library must be passed to the host environment if it supports this operation, and the library is <i>required</i> to add the PMIX_USERID and the PMIX_GRPID attributes of the requesting process:
31 32		PMIX_MONITOR_ID " pmix.monitor.id " (char *) Provide a string identifier for this request.
33 34		PMIX_MONITOR_CANCEL " pmix.monitor.cancel " (char *) Identifier to be canceled (NULL means cancel all monitoring for this process).
35		<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_APP_CONTROL "pmix.monitor.appctrl" (bool)</pre>

1		The application desires to control the response to a monitoring event.
2 3		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT " pmix.monitor.mbeat " (void) Register to have the PMIx server monitor the requestor for heartbeats.
4 5		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_TIME " pmix.monitor.btime " (uint32_t) Time in seconds before declaring heartbeat missed.
6 7		PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_DROPS "pmix.monitor.bdrop" (uint32_t) Number of heartbeats that can be missed before generating the event.
8 9		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE "pmix.monitor.fmon" (char*) Register to monitor file for signs of life.
10 11		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_SIZE " pmix.monitor.fsize " (bool) Monitor size of given file is growing to determine if the application is running.
12 13		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_ACCESS " pmix.monitor.faccess " (char *) Monitor time since last access of given file to determine if the application is running.
14 15		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_MODIFY " pmix.monitor.fmod " (char *) Monitor time since last modified of given file to determine if the application is running.
16 17		PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_CHECK_TIME "pmix.monitor.ftime" (uint32_t) Time in seconds between checking the file.
18 19		<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_DROPS "pmix.monitor.fdrop" (uint32_t) Number of file checks that can be missed before generating the event.</pre>
20 21 22 23		Description Non-blocking form of the PMIx_Process_monitor API. The <i>cbfunc</i> function provides a <i>status</i> to indicate whether or not the request was granted, and to provide some information as to the reason for any denial in the pmix_info_cbfunc_t array of pmix_info_t structures.
24	7.4.3	PMIx_Heartbeat
25 26		Summary Send a heartbeat to the PMIx server library
27	PMIx v2.0	Format C
28		PMIx_Heartbeat (void)
29 30 31		Description A simplified macro wrapping PMIx_Process_monitor_nb that sends a heartbeat to the PMIx server library.

1 7.5 Logging

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The logging interface supports posting information by applications and SMS elements to persistent storage. This function is *not* intended for output of computational results, but rather for reporting status and saving state information such as inserting computation progress reports into the application's SMS job log or error reports to the local syslog.

6 7.5.1 PMIx_Log

7	Summary
8	Log data to a data service.
9	Format
PMIx v3.0	V CV
10	pmix_status_t
11	<pre>PMIx_Log(const pmix_info_t data[], size_t ndata,</pre>
12	<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs)</pre>
	• C
13	IN data
14	Array of info structures (array of handles)
15	IN ndata
16	Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (size_t)
17	IN directives
18	Array of info structures (array of handles)
19	IN ndirs
20	Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (size_t)
21	Return codes are one of the following:
22	PMIX_SUCCESS The logging request was successful.
23	PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The logging request contains at least one incorrect entry.
24	PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation or host environment does not support
25	this function.
	Required Attributes
26	If the PMIx library does not itself perform this operation, then it is required to pass any attributes
27	provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, it must include the
28	following attributes in the passed <i>info</i> array:
29	PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
30	Effective user id.
31	PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)
32	Effective group id.

1	
2 3	Host environments or PMIx libraries that implement support for this operation are required to support the following attributes:
4 5	<pre>PMIX_LOG_STDERR "pmix.log.stderr" (char*) Log string to stderr.</pre>
6 7	<pre>PMIX_LOG_STDOUT "pmix.log.stdout" (char*) Log string to stdout.</pre>
8	PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG "pmix.log.syslog" (char*)
9	Log data to syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority. Will log to global syslog if available,
10	otherwise to local syslog
11 12	<pre>PMIX_LOG_LOCAL_SYSLOG "pmix.log.lsys" (char*) Log data to local syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority.</pre>
13	PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_SYSLOG "pmix.log.gsys" (char*)
14	Forward data to system "gateway" and log msg to that syslog Defaults to ERROR priority.
15	PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG_PRI "pmix.log.syspri" (int)
16	Syslog priority level
17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_LOG_ONCE "pmix.log.once" (bool)</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
20 21	The following attributes are optional for host environments or PMIx libraries that support this operation:
22	PMIX_LOG_SOURCE " pmix.log.source " (pmix_proc_t *)
23	ID of source of the log request
24	PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP " pmix.log.tstmp " (time_t)
25	Timestamp for log report
26	PMIX_LOG_GENERATE_TIMESTAMP " pmix.log.gtstmp " (bool)
27	Generate timestamp for log
28	PMIX_LOG_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.log.tag " (bool)
29	Label the output stream with the channel name (e.g., "stdout")
30	PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.log.tsout " (bool)
31	Print timestamp in output string
32	PMIX_LOG_XML_OUTPUT " pmix.log.xml " (bool)
33	Print the output stream in XML format

1 2	<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL "pmix.log.email" (pmix_data_array_t) Log via email based on pmix_info_t containing directives.</pre>
3 4	PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_ADDR " pmix.log.emaddr " (char *) Comma-delimited list of email addresses that are to receive the message.
5 6	PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SUBJECT " pmix.log.emsub " (char *) Subject line for email.
7 8	<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_MSG "pmix.log.emmsg" (char*) Message to be included in email.</pre>
9 10	PMIX_LOG_JOB_RECORD " pmix.log.jrec " (bool) Log the provided information to the host environment's job record
11 12	<pre>PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_DATASTORE "pmix.log.gstore" (bool) Store the log data in a global data store (e.g., database)</pre>
13 14 15	Description Log data subject to the services offered by the host environment. The data to be logged is provided in the <i>data</i> array. The (optional) <i>directives</i> can be used to direct the choice of logging channel. Advice to users
16 17 18 19 20	It is strongly recommended that the PMIx_Log API not be used by applications for streaming data as it is not a "performant" transport and can perturb the application since it involves the local PMIx server and host SMS daemon. Note that a return of PMIX_SUCCESS only denotes that the data was successfully handed to the appropriate system call (for local channels) or the host environment and does not indicate receipt at the final destination.

21 7.5.2 PMIx_Log_nb

- 22 Summary
- 23 Log data to a data service.

1 <i>PMIx v2.0</i>	Format C
2 3 4 5	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Log_nb(const pmix_info_t data[], size_t ndata,</pre>
6 7 8 9 10	 IN data Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndata Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (size_t) IN directives
11 12 13 14 15 16	 Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (size_t) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata
17 18	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) Return codes are one of the following:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	 PMIX_SUCCESS The logging request is valid and is being processed. The resulting status from the operation will be provided in the callback function. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The logging request contains at least one incorrect entry that prevents it from being processed. The callback function will not be called. PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function. The callback function will not be called.
28 29 30	If the PMIx library does not itself perform this operation, then it is required to pass any attributes provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, it must include the following attributes in the passed <i>info</i> array:
31 32 33 34	<pre>PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.</pre>

1	
2 3	Host environments or PMIx libraries that implement support for this operation are required to support the following attributes:
4	PMIX_LOG_STDERR " pmix.log.stderr " (char*)
5	Log string to stderr .
6	PMIX_LOG_STDOUT " pmix.log.stdout " (char *)
7	Log string to stdout .
8	PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG "pmix.log.syslog" (char*)
9	Log data to syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority. Will log to global syslog if available,
10	otherwise to local syslog
11	PMIX_LOG_LOCAL_SYSLOG " pmix.log.lsys " (char*)
12	Log data to local syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority.
13	PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_SYSLOG " pmix.log.gsys " (char *)
14	Forward data to system "gateway" and log msg to that syslog Defaults to ERROR priority.
15	PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG_PRI "pmix.log.syspri" (int)
16	Syslog priority level
17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_LOG_ONCE "pmix.log.once" (bool) Only log this once with whichever channel can first support it, taking the channels in priority order</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
20 21	The following attributes are optional for host environments or PMIx libraries that support this operation:
22	PMIX_LOG_SOURCE " pmix.log.source " (pmix_proc_t *)
23	ID of source of the log request
24	PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP " pmix.log.tstmp " (time_t)
25	Timestamp for log report
26	PMIX_LOG_GENERATE_TIMESTAMP " pmix.log.gtstmp " (bool)
27	Generate timestamp for log
28	PMIX_LOG_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.log.tag " (bool)
29	Label the output stream with the channel name (e.g., "stdout")
30	PMIX_LOG_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.log.tsout " (bool)
31	Print timestamp in output string
32	PMIX_LOG_XML_OUTPUT " pmix.log.xml " (bool)
33	Print the output stream in XML format

PMIX_LOG_EMAIL " pmix.log.email " (pmix_data_array_t) Log via email based on pmix_info_t containing directives.
PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_ADDR " pmix.log.emaddr " (char*) Comma-delimited list of email addresses that are to receive the message.
<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SUBJECT "pmix.log.emsub" (char*) Subject line for email.</pre>
<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_MSG "pmix.log.emmsg" (char*) Message to be included in email.</pre>
PMIX_LOG_JOB_RECORD " pmix.log.jrec " (bool) Log the provided information to the host environment's job record
<pre>PMIX_LOG_GLOBAL_DATASTORE "pmix.log.gstore" (bool) Store the log data in a global data store (e.g., database)</pre>

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16 17 Log data subject to the services offered by the host environment. The data to be logged is provided in the *data* array. The (optional) *directives* can be used to direct the choice of logging channel. The callback function will be executed when the log operation has been completed. The *data* and *directives* arrays must be maintained until the callback is provided.

Advice to users -

18It is strongly recommended that the PMIx_Log_nb API not be used by applications for streaming19data as it is not a "performant" transport and can perturb the application since it involves the local20PMIx server and host SMS daemon. Note that a return of PMIX_SUCCESS only denotes that the21data was successfully handed to the appropriate system call (for local channels) or the host22environment and does not indicate receipt at the final destination.

CHAPTER 8 Event Notification

This chapter defines the PMIx event notification system. These interfaces are designed to support the reporting of events to/from clients and servers, and between library layers within a single process.

4 8.1 Notification and Management

PMIx event notification provides an asynchronous out-of-band mechanism for communicating events between application processes and/or elements of the SMS. Its uses span a wide range that includes fault notification, coordination between multiple programming libraries within a single process, and workflow orchestration for non-synchronous programming models. Events can be divided into two distinct classes:

- *Job-specific events* directly relate to a job executing within the session, such as a debugger attachment, process failure within a related job, or events generated by an application process. Events in this category are to be immediately delivered to the PMIx server library for relay to the related local processes.
- *Environment events* indirectly relate to a job but do not specifically target the job itself. This category includes SMS-generated events such as Error Check and Correction (ECC) errors, temperature excursions, and other non-job conditions that might directly affect a session's resources, but would never include an event generated by an application process. Note that although these do potentially impact the session's jobs, they are not directly tied to those jobs. Thus, events in this category are to be delivered to the PMIx server library only upon request.

Both SMS elements and applications can register for events of either type.

Advice to PMIx library implementers -

Race conditions can cause the registration to come after events of possible interest (e.g., a memory ECC event that occurs after start of execution but prior to registration, or an application process generating an event prior to another process registering to receive it). SMS vendors are *requested* to cache environment events for some time to mitigate this situation, but are not *required* to do so. However, PMIx implementers are *required* to cache all events received by the PMIx server library and to deliver them to registering clients in the same order in which they were received

Advice to users

Applications must be aware that they may not receive environment events that occur prior to registration, depending upon the capabilities of the host SMS.

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The generator of an event can specify the *target range* for delivery of that event. Thus, the generator can choose to limit notification to processes on the local node, processes within the same job as the generator, processes within the same allocation, other threads within the same process, only the SMS (i.e., not to any application processes), all application processes, or to a custom range based on specific process identifiers. Only processes within the given range that register for the provided event code will be notified. In addition, the generator can use attributes to direct that the event not be delivered to any default event handlers, or to any multi-code handler (as defined below).

Event notifications provide the process identifier of the source of the event plus the event code and any additional information provided by the generator. When an event notification is received by a process, the registered handlers are scanned for their event code(s), with matching handlers assembled into an *event chain* for servicing. Note that users can also specify a *source range* when registering an event (using the same range designators described above) to further limit when they are to be invoked. When assembled, PMIx event chains are ordered based on both the specificity of the event handler and user directives at time of handler registration. By default, handlers are grouped into three categories based on the number of event codes that can trigger the callback:

- *single-code* handlers are serviced first as they are the most specific. These are handlers that are registered against one specific event code.
- *multi-code* handlers are serviced once all single-code handlers have completed. The handler will be included in the chain upon receipt of an event matching any of the provided codes.
- *default* handlers are serviced once all multi-code handlers have completed. These handlers are always included in the chain unless the generator specifically excludes them.

Users can specify the callback order of a handler within its category at the time of registration. Ordering can be specified either by providing the relevant returned event handler registration ID or using event handler names, if the user specified an event handler name when registering the corresponding event. Thus, users can specify that a given handler be executed before or after another handler should both handlers appear in an event chain (the ordering is ignored if the other handler isn't included). Note that ordering does not imply immediate relationships. For example, multiple handlers registered to be serviced after event handler *A* will all be executed after *A*, but are not guaranteed to be executed in any particular order amongst themselves.

32In addition, one event handler can be declared as the *first* handler to be executed in the chain. This33handler will *always* be called prior to any other handler, regardless of category, provided the34incoming event matches both the specified range and event code. Only one handler can be so35designated — attempts to designate additional handlers as *first* will return an error. Deregistration36of the declared *first* handler will re-open the position for subsequent assignment.

1 2 3 4 5 6		Similarly, one event handler can be declared as the <i>last</i> handler to be executed in the chain. This handler will <i>always</i> be called after all other handlers have executed, regardless of category, provided the incoming event matches both the specified range and event code. Note that this handler will not be called if the chain is terminated by an earlier handler. Only one handler can be designated as <i>last</i> — attempts to designate additional handlers as <i>last</i> will return an error. Deregistration of the declared <i>last</i> handler will re-open the position for subsequent assignment.
		Advice to users
7		Note that the last handler is called after all registered default handlers that match the specified
8		range of the incoming event unless a handler prior to it terminates the chain. Thus, if the application
9		intends to define a <i>last</i> handler, it should ensure that no default handler aborts the process before it.
10		Upon completing its work and prior to returning, each handler <i>must</i> call the event handler
11		completion function provided when it was invoked (including a status code plus any information to
12 13		be passed to later handlers) so that the chain can continue being progressed. PMIx automatically aggregates the status and any results of each handler (as provided in the completion callback) with
14		status from all prior handlers so that each step in the chain has full knowledge of what preceded it.
15		An event handler can terminate all further progress along the chain by passing the
16		PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_COMPLETE status to the completion callback function.
17	8.1.1	PMIx_Register_event_handler
18		Summary
19		Register an event handler

10	Sammary
19	Register an event handler
20	Format
PMIx v2.) C
21	void
22	<pre>PMIx_Register_event_handler(pmix_status_t codes[], size_t ncodes,</pre>
23	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
24	<pre>pmix_notification_fn_t evhdlr,</pre>
25	<pre>pmix_evhdlr_reg_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
26	<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>
	• C
27	IN codes
28	Array of status codes (array of pmix_status_t)
29	IN ncodes
30	Number of elements in the <i>codes</i> array (size_t)
31	IN info
	Array of info structures (array of handles)

1 2 3	 IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t) IN evhdlr
4 5	Event handler to be called pmix_notification_fn_t (function reference)
6	Callback function pmix_evhdlr_reg_cbfunc_t (function reference)
7	IN cbdata
8	Data to be passed to the cbfunc callback function (memory reference)
9	Upon completion, the callback will receive a status based on the following table:
10 11 12 13 14 15	 PMIX_SUCCESS The event handler was successfully registered - the event handler identifier is returned in the callback. PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM One or more of the directives provided in the <i>info</i> array was unrecognized. PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support event notification, or the host SMS does not support notification of the specified event code.
16	The callback function must not be executed prior to returning from the API.
	✓ Required Attributes
17	The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
18	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_NAME " pmix.evname " (char *)
19	String name identifying this handler.
20	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_FIRST " pmix.evfirst " (bool)
21	Invoke this event handler before any other handlers.
22	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_LAST " pmix.evlast " (bool)
23	Invoke this event handler after all other handlers have been called.
24	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_FIRST_IN_CATEGORY " pmix.evfirstcat " (bool)
25	Invoke this event handler before any other handlers in this category.
26	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_LAST_IN_CATEGORY " pmix.evlastcat " (bool)
27	Invoke this event handler after all other handlers in this category have been called.
28	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_BEFORE " pmix.evbefore " (char*)
29	Put this event handler immediately before the one specified in the (char*) value.
30	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_AFTER " pmix.evafter " (char *)
31	Put this event handler immediately after the one specified in the (char *) value.
32	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_PREPEND " pmix.evprepend " (bool)
33	Prepend this handler to the precedence list within its category.
34	PMIX_EVENT_HDLR_APPEND " pmix.evappend " (bool)
35	Append this handler to the precedence list within its category.

1	PMIX_EVENT_CUSTOM_RANGE " pmix.evrange " (pmix_data_array_t*)
2	Array of pmix_proc_t defining range of event notification.
3	PMIX_RANGE " pmix.range " (pmix_data_range_t)
4	Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
5	PMIX_EVENT_RETURN_OBJECT "pmix.evobject" (void *)
6	Object to be returned whenever the registered callback function cbfunc is invoked. The
7	object will only be returned to the process that registered it.
8	
9 10	Host environments that implement support for PMIx event notification are required to support the following attributes:
11	PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROC " pmix.evproc " (pmix_proc_t)
12	The single process that was affected.
13 14	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROCS "pmix.evaffected" (pmix_data_array_t*) Array of pmix_proc_t defining affected processes.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
15 16 17	Host environments that support PMIx event notification <i>may</i> offer notifications for environmental events impacting the job and for SMS events relating to the job. The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
18	PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_SESSION " pmix.evterm.sess " (bool)
19	The RM intends to terminate this session.
20	PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_JOB " pmix.evterm.job " (bool)
21	The RM intends to terminate this job.
22	PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_NODE " pmix.evterm.node " (bool)
23	The RM intends to terminate all processes on this node.
24	PMIX_EVENT_TERMINATE_PROC " pmix.evterm.proc " (bool)
25	The RM intends to terminate just this process.
26	PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_TIMEOUT " pmix.evtimeout " (int)
27	The time in seconds before the RM will execute error response.
28 29	<pre>PMIX_EVENT_SILENT_TERMINATION "pmix.evsilentterm" (bool) Do not generate an event when this job normally terminates.</pre>

1 2 3 4	Description Register an event handler to report events. Note that the codes being registered do <i>not</i> need to be PMIx error constants — any integer value can be registered. This allows for registration of non-PMIx events such as those defined by a particular SMS vendor or by an application itself.
_	,
5 6 7 8	In order to avoid potential conflicts, users are advised to only define codes that lie outside the range of the PMIx standard's error codes. Thus, SMS vendors and application developers should constrain their definitions to positive values or negative values beyond the PMIX_EXTERNAL_ERR_BASE boundary.
	Advice to users
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	As previously stated, upon completing its work, and prior to returning, each handler <i>must</i> call the event handler completion function provided when it was invoked (including a status code plus any information to be passed to later handlers) so that the chain can continue being progressed. An event handler can terminate all further progress along the chain by passing the PMIX_EVENT_ACTION_COMPLETE status to the completion callback function. Note that the parameters passed to the event handler (e.g., the <i>info</i> and <i>results</i> arrays) will cease to be valid once the completion function has been called - thus, any information in the incoming parameters that will be referenced following the call to the completion function must be copied.

17 8.1.2 PMIx_Deregister_event_handler

18 Summary

19 Deregister an event handler.

1		Format
	PMIx v2.0	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2		void
3		<pre>PMIx_Deregister_event_handler(size_t evhdlr_ref,</pre>
4		<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
5		<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>
		C
6		IN evhdlr_ref
7		Event handler ID returned by registration (size_t)
8		IN cbfunc
9		Callback function to be executed upon completion of operation pmix_op_cbfunc_t
10		(function reference)
11		IN cbdata
12		Data to be passed to the cbfunc callback function (memory reference)
13		Returns one of the following:
14		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed - result will be returned in the
15		provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning
16		from the API.
17		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
18		returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
19		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
20		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called
21		If the provided cbfunc is called to confirm removal of the designated handler, the returned status
22		code will be one of the following:
		-
23		PMIX_SUCCESS The event handler was successfully deregistered.
24		PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The provided <i>evhdlr_ref</i> was unrecognized.
25		PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support event notification.
26		Description
27		Deregister an event handler.
28	8.1.3	PMIx_Notify_event

29 Summary

30 Report an event for notification via any registered event handler.

1		Forn	nat
	PMIx v2.0		C
2		pmix	_status_t
3		PMIx	_Notify_event(pmix_status_t status,
4			<pre>const pmix_proc_t *source,</pre>
5			<pre>pmix_data_range_t range,</pre>
6			<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
7			<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata);</pre>
			C
8		IN	status
9		5	Status code of the event (pmix_status_t)
10		IN	source
11]	Pointer to a pmix_proc_t identifying the original reporter of the event (handle)
12		IN	range
13]	Range across which this notification shall be delivered (pmix_data_range_t)
14		IN	info
15		1	Array of pmix_info_t structures containing any further info provided by the originator of
16		t	the event (array of handles)
17		IN	ninfo
18]	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)
19			cbfunc
20			Callback function to be executed upon completion of operation pmix_op_cbfunc_t
21			(function reference)
22			cbdata
23]	Data to be passed to the cbfunc callback function (memory reference)
24		Return	ns one of the following:
25		PMI	X_SUCCESS The notification request is valid and is being processed. The callback function
26		•	will be called when the process-local operation is complete and will provide the resulting
27		5	status of that operation. Note that this does <i>not</i> reflect the success or failure of delivering the
28		6	event to any recipients. The callback function must not be executed prior to returning from the
29			API.
30		PMI	X_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
31		1	returned success - the cbfunc will not be called
32			X_ERR_BAD_PARAM The request contains at least one incorrect entry that prevents it from
33			being processed. The callback function will <i>not</i> be called.
34			X_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support event notification,
35			or in the case of a PMIx server calling the API, the range extended beyond the local node and
36			the host SMS environment does not support event notification. The callback function will not
37		1	be called.

The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
PMIX_EVENT_NON_DEFAULT " pmix.evnondef " (bool) Event is not to be delivered to default event handlers.
PMIX_EVENT_CUSTOM_RANGE " pmix.evrange " (pmix_data_array_t *) Array of pmix_proc_t defining range of event notification.
Host environments that implement support for PMIx event notification are required to provide the following attributes for all events generated by the environment:
PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROC " pmix.evproc " (pmix_proc_t) The single process that was affected.
<pre>PMIX_EVENT_AFFECTED_PROCS "pmix.evaffected" (pmix_data_array_t*) Array of pmix_proc_t defining affected processes.</pre>
Description Report an event for notification via any registered event handler. This function can be called by any PMIx process, including application processes, PMIx servers, and SMS elements. The PMIx server calls this API to report events it detected itself so that the host SMS daemon distribute and handle them, and to pass events given to it by its host down to any attached client processes for processing. Examples might include notification of the failure of another process, detection of an impending node failure due to rising temperatures, or an intent to preempt the application. Events may be locally generated or come from anywhere in the system.
Host SMS daemons call the API to pass events down to its embedded PMIx server both for transmittal to local client processes and for the server's own internal processing.
Client application processes can call this function to notify the SMS and/or other application processes of an event it encountered. Note that processes are not constrained to report status values defined in the official PMIx standard — any integer value can be used. Thus, applications are free to define their own internal events and use the notification system for their own internal purposes.
Advice to users
The callback function will be called upon completion of the notify_event function's actions. At that time, any messages required for executing the operation (e.g., to send the notification to the local PMIx server) will have been queued, but may not yet have been transmitted. The caller is required to maintain the input data until the callback function has been executed — the sole purpose of the callback function is to indicate when the input data is no longer required.

CHAPTER 9 Data Packing and Unpacking

PMIx intentionally does not include support for internode communications in the standard, instead relying on its host SMS environment to transfer any needed data and/or requests between nodes. These operations frequently involve PMIx-defined public data structures that include binary data. Many HPC clusters are homogeneous, and so transferring the structures can be done rather simply. However, greater effort is required in heterogeneous environments to ensure binary data is correctly transferred. PMIx buffer manipulation functions are provided for this purpose via standardized interfaces to ease adoption.

8 9.1 Data Buffer Type

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The **pmix_data_buffer_t** structure describes a data buffer used for packing and unpacking.

	PMIx v2.0	U
10		typedef struct pmix_data_buffer {
11		/** Start of my memory */
12		char *base_ptr;
13		/** Where the next data will be packed to
14		(within the allocated memory starting
15		at base_ptr) */
16		char *pack_ptr;
17		<pre>/** Where the next data will be unpacked</pre>
18		from (within the allocated memory
19		<pre>starting as base_ptr) */</pre>
20		char *unpack_ptr;
21		<pre>/** Number of bytes allocated (starting</pre>
22		at base_ptr) */
23		<pre>size_t bytes_allocated;</pre>
24		/** Number of bytes used by the buffer
25		(i.e., amount of data including
26		overhead packed in the buffer) $*/$
27		<pre>size_t bytes_used;</pre>
28		<pre>} pmix_data_buffer_t;</pre>
		• C

1 9.2 Support Macros

2

PMIx provides a set of convenience macros for creating, initiating, and releasing data buffers.

3 9.2.1 PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CREATE

4 5		Summary Allocate memory for a pmix_data_buffer_t object and initialize it
6	PMIx v2.0	Format C
7		PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CREATE (buffer) ;
8 9		OUT buffer Variable to be assigned the pointer to the allocated pmix_data_buffer_t (handle)
10 11		Description This macro uses <i>calloc</i> to allocate memory for the buffer and initialize all fields in it
12	9.2.2	PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_RELEASE
13 14		Summary Free a pmix_data_buffer_t object and the data it contains
15	PMIx v2.0	Format C
16		<pre>PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_RELEASE (buffer) ; C</pre>
17 18		IN buffer Pointer to the pmix_data_buffer_t to be released (handle)
19 20		Description Free's the data contained in the buffer, and then free's the buffer itself
21	9.2.3	PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CONSTRUCT

22 Summary
23 Initialize a statically declared pmix_data_buffer_t object

1	PMIx v2.0	Format C
2	1 1111 12.0	PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CONSTRUCT (buffer);
3 4		IN buffer Pointer to the allocated pmix_data_buffer_t that is to be initialized (handle)
5 6		Description Initialize a pre-allocated buffer object
7	9.2.4	PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_DESTRUCT
8 9		Summary Release the data contained in a pmix_data_buffer_t object
10	PMIx v2.0	Format C
11		PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_DESTRUCT (buffer);
12 13		IN buffer Pointer to the pmix_data_buffer_t whose data is to be released (handle)
14 15		Description Free's the data contained in a pmix_data_buffer_t object
16	9.2.5	PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_LOAD
17 18		Summary Load a blob into a pmix_data_buffer_t object
19	PMIx v2.0	Format C
20		<pre>PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_LOAD(buffer, data, size);</pre>
21 22 23 24		 IN buffer Pointer to a pre-allocated pmix_data_buffer_t (handle) IN data Pointer to a blob (char*)
25 26		IN size Number of bytes in the blob size_t

1 Description

Load the given data into the provided pmix_data_buffer_t object, usually done in
preparation for unpacking the provided data. Note that the data is *not* copied into the buffer - thus,
the blob must not be released until after operations on the buffer have completed.

5 9.2.6 PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_UNLOAD

6 7	Summary Unload the data from a pmix_data_buffer_t object
8	Format
PMIx v2.) v
9	<pre>PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_UNLOAD(buffer, data, size);</pre>
10	IN buffer
11	Pointer to the pmix_data_buffer_t whose data is to be extracted (handle)
12	OUT data
13	Variable to be assigned the pointer to the extracted blob (void*)
14	OUT size
15	Variable to be assigned the number of bytes in the blob size_t
16	Description
17	Extract the data in a buffer, assigning the pointer to the data (and the number of bytes in the blob) to
18	the provided variables, usually done to transmit the blob to a remote process for unpacking. The
19	buffer's internal pointer will be set to NULL to protect the data upon buffer destruct or release -
20	thus, the user is responsible for releasing the blob when done with it.

21 9.3 General Routines

22 The following routines are provided to support internode transfers in heterogeneous environments.

23 9.3.1 PMIx_Data_pack

Summary
 Pack one or more values of a specified type into a buffer, usually for transmission to another process

1	DML	Format
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2		pmix_status_t
3		<pre>PMIx_Data_pack(const pmix_proc_t *target,</pre>
4		<pre>pmix_data_buffer_t *buffer,</pre>
5		<pre>void *src, int32_t num_vals,</pre>
6		<pre>pmix_data_type_t type);</pre>
		C
7		IN target
8		Pointer to a pmix_proc_t containing the nspace/rank of the process that will be unpacking
9		the final buffer. A NULL value may be used to indicate that the target is based on the same
10		PMIx version as the caller. Note that only the target's nspace is relevant. (handle)
11		IN buffer
12		Pointer to a pmix_data_buffer_t where the packed data is to be stored (handle)
13		IN src
14		Pointer to a location where the data resides. Strings are to be passed as (char **) — i.e., the
15		caller must pass the address of the pointer to the string as the (void*). This allows the caller to
16		pass multiple strings in a single call. (memory reference)
17		IN num_vals
18		Number of elements pointed to by the <i>src</i> pointer. A string value is counted as a single value
19		regardless of length. The values must be contiguous in memory. Arrays of pointers (e.g.,
20		string arrays) should be contiguous, although the data pointed to need not be contiguous
21		across array entries.(int32_t)
22		IN type
23		The type of the data to be packed (pmix_data_type_t)
24		Returns one of the following:
25		PMIX_SUCCESS The data has been packed as requested
26		PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function.
27		PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The provided buffer or src is NULL
28		PMIX_ERR_UNKNOWN_DATA_TYPE The specified data type is not known to this
29		implementation
30		PMIX_ERR_OUT_OF_RESOURCE Not enough memory to support the operation
31		PMIX_ERROR General error
32		Description
33		The pack function packs one or more values of a specified type into the specified buffer. The buffer
34		must have already been initialized via the PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CREATE or
35		PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CONSTRUCT macros — otherwise, PMIx_Data_pack will return an
36		error. Providing an unsupported type flag will likewise be reported as an error.
37		Note that any data to be packed that is not hard type cast (i.e., not type cast to a specific size) may
38		lose precision when unpacked by a non-homogeneous recipient. The PMIx_Data_pack function

will do its best to deal with heterogeneity issues between the packer and unpacker in such cases.
 Sending a number larger than can be handled by the recipient will return an error code (generated upon unpacking) — the error cannot be detected during packing.

The namespace of the intended recipient of the packed buffer (i.e., the process that will be unpacking it) is used solely to resolve any data type differences between PMIx versions. The recipient must, therefore, be known to the user prior to calling the pack function so that the PMIx library is aware of the version the recipient is using. Note that all processes in a given namespace are *required* to use the same PMIx version — thus, the caller must only know at least one process from the target's namespace.

10 9.3.2 PMIx_Data_unpack

Summary

12 Unpack values from a **pmix_data_buffer_t**

13 Format

PMIx v2.0

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14	pmix_status_t
15	<pre>PMIx_Data_unpack(const pmix_proc_t *source,</pre>
16	<pre>pmix_data_buffer_t *buffer, void *dest,</pre>
17	<pre>int32_t *max_num_values,</pre>
18	<pre>pmix_data_type_t type);</pre>
19	

IN source

Pointer to a **pmix_proc_t** structure containing the nspace/rank of the process that packed the provided buffer. A NULL value may be used to indicate that the source is based on the same PMIx version as the caller. Note that only the source's nspace is relevant. (handle)

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IN buffer

A pointer to the buffer from which the value will be extracted. (handle)

INOUT dest

A pointer to the memory location into which the data is to be stored. Note that these values will be stored contiguously in memory. For strings, this pointer must be to (char**) to provide a means of supporting multiple string operations. The unpack function will allocate memory for each string in the array - the caller must only provide adequate memory for the array of pointers. (**void***)

INOUT max_num_values

The number of values to be unpacked — upon completion, the parameter will be set to the actual number of values unpacked. In most cases, this should match the maximum number provided in the parameters — but in no case will it exceed the value of this parameter. Note that unpacking fewer values than are actually available will leave the buffer in an unpackable state — the function will return an error code to warn of this condition.(int32_t)

1 2 3	IN type The type of the data to be unpacked — must be one of the PMIx defined data types (pmix_data_type_t)
4	Returns one of the following:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 PMIX_SUCCESS The data has been unpacked as requested PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function. PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The provided buffer or dest is NULL PMIX_ERR_UNKNOWN_DATA_TYPE The specified data type is not known to this implementation PMIX_ERR_OUT_OF_RESOURCE Not enough memory to support the operation PMIX_ERROR General error
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Description The unpack function unpacks the next value (or values) of a specified type from the given buffer. The buffer must have already been initialized via an PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CREATE or PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_CONSTRUCT call (and assumedly filled with some data) — otherwise, the unpack_value function will return an error. Providing an unsupported type flag will likewise be reported as an error, as will specifying a data type that <i>does not</i> match the type of the next item in the buffer. An attempt to read beyond the end of the stored data held in the buffer will also return an error.
20 21 22 23	NOTE: it is possible for the buffer to be corrupted and that PMIx will <i>think</i> there is a proper variable type at the beginning of an unpack region — but that the value is bogus (e.g., just a byte field in a string array that so happens to have a value that matches the specified data type flag). Therefore, the data type error check is <i>not</i> completely safe.
24 25 26	Unpacking values is a "nondestructive" process — i.e., the values are not removed from the buffer. It is therefore possible for the caller to re-unpack a value from the same buffer by resetting the unpack_ptr.
27 28 29 30 31	Warning: The caller is responsible for providing adequate memory storage for the requested data. The user must provide a parameter indicating the maximum number of values that can be unpacked into the allocated memory. If more values exist in the buffer than can fit into the memory storage, then the function will unpack what it can fit into that location and return an error code indicating that the buffer was only partially unpacked.
32 33 34 35 36	Note that any data that was not hard type cast (i.e., not type cast to a specific size) when packed may lose precision when unpacked by a non-homogeneous recipient. PMIx will do its best to deal with heterogeneity issues between the packer and unpacker in such cases. Sending a number larger than can be handled by the recipient will return an error code generated upon unpacking — these errors cannot be detected during packing.
37 38 39	The namespace of the process that packed the buffer is used solely to resolve any data type differences between PMIx versions. The packer must, therefore, be known to the user prior to calling the pack function so that the PMIx library is aware of the version the packer is using. Note

that all processes in a given namespace are *required* to use the same PMIx version — thus, the
 caller must only know at least one process from the packer's namespace.

3 9.3.3 PMIx_Data_copy

4	Summary
5	Copy a data value from one location to another.

6		Format
	PMIx v2.0	
7		pmix_status_t
8		PMIx_Data_copy(void **dest, void *src,
9		<pre>pmix_data_type_t type);</pre>
		C
10		IN dest
11		The address of a pointer into which the address of the resulting data is to be stored. (void **)
12		IN src
13		A pointer to the memory location from which the data is to be copied (handle)
14		IN type
15		The type of the data to be copied — must be one of the PMIx defined data types.
16		(pmix_data_type_t)
17		Returns one of the following:
18		PMIX_SUCCESS The data has been copied as requested
19		PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function.
20		PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The provided src or dest is NULL
21		PMIX_ERR_UNKNOWN_DATA_TYPE The specified data type is not known to this
22		implementation
23		PMIX_ERR_OUT_OF_RESOURCE Not enough memory to support the operation
24		PMIX_ERROR General error
25		Description
26		Since registered data types can be complex structures, the system needs some way to know how to
27		copy the data from one location to another (e.g., for storage in the registry). This function, which

can call other copy functions to build up complex data types, defines the method for making a copy

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of the specified data type.

PMIx_Data_print

31 Summary

9.3.4

32 Pretty-print a data value.

1	PMIx v2.0	Format C
2 3 4		<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_Data_print(char **output, char *prefix,</pre>
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		 IN output The address of a pointer into which the address of the resulting output is to be stored. (char**) IN prefix String to be prepended to the resulting output (char*) IN src A pointer to the memory location of the data value to be printed (handle) IN type The type of the data value to be printed — must be one of the PMIx defined data types. (pmix_data_type_t)
15 16 17 18		Returns one of the following: PMIX_SUCCESS The data has been printed as requested PMIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The provided data type is not recognized. PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function.
19 20 21		Description Since registered data types can be complex structures, the system needs some way to know how to print them (i.e., convert them to a string representation). Primarily for debug purposes.
22 23 24	9.3.5	PMIx_Data_copy_payload Summary Copy a payload from one buffer to another

25 Format

PMIx v2.0

PM.	<pre>Lx_Data_copy_payload(pmix_data_buffer_t *dest,</pre>
IN	dest
	Pointer to the destination pmix_data_buffer_t (handle)
IN	src
	Pointer to the source <pre>pmix_data_buffer_t (handle)</pre>
Ret	urns one of the following:
PN	IX_SUCCESS The data has been copied as requested
PN	IIX_ERR_BAD_PARAM The src and dest pmix_data_buffer_t types do not ma
PN	IX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED The PMIx implementation does not support this function
De	scription
	s function will append a copy of the payload in one buffer into another buffer. Note the
	a destructive procedure — the source buffer's payload will remain intact, as will any pr

not a destructive procedure — the source buffer's payload will remain intact, as will any pre-existing
 payload in the destination's buffer. Only the unpacked portion of the source payload will be copied.

CHAPTER 10 Security

1 2 3 4	PMIx utilizes a multi-layered approach toward security that differs for client versus tool processes. <i>Client</i> processes (i.e., processes started by the host environment) must be preregistered with the PMIx server library via the PMIx_server_register_client API before they are spawned. This API requires that you pass the expected uid/gid of the client process.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	When the client attempts to connect to the PMIx server, the server uses available standard Operating System (OS) methods to determine the effective uid/gid of the process requesting the connection. PMIx implementations shall not rely on any values reported by the client process itself as that would be unsafe. The effective uid/gid reported by the OS is compared to the values provided by the host during registration - if they don't match, the PMIx server is required to drop the connection request. This ensures that the PMIx server does not allow connection from a client that doesn't at least meet some minimal security requirement.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Once the requesting client passes the initial test, the PMIx server can, at the choice of the implementor, perform additional security checks. This may involve a variety of methods such as exchange of a system-provided key or credential. At the conclusion of that process, the PMIx server reports the client connection request to the host via the pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t interface. The host may then perform any additional checks and operations before responding with either PMIX_SUCCESS to indicate that the connection is approved, or a PMIx error constant indicating that the connection request is refused. In this latter case, the PMIx server is required to drop the connection.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Tools started by the host environment are classed as a subgroup of client processes and follow the client process procedure. However, tools that are not started by the host environment must be handled differently as registration information is not available prior to the connection request. In these cases, the PMIx server library is required to use available standard OS methods to get the effective uid/gid and report them upwards as part of invoking the pmix_server_tool_connection_fn_t interface, deferring initial security screening to the host. It is recognized that this may represent a security risk - for this reason, PMIx server libraries must not enable tool connections by default. Instead, the host has to explicitly enable them via the PMIX_SERVER_TOOL_SUPPORT attribute, thus recognizing the associated risk. Once the host has completed its authentication procedure, it again informs the PMIx server of the result.
30 31 32 33 34	Applications and tools often interact with the host environment in ways that require security beyond just verifying the user's identity - e.g., access to that user's relevant authorizations. This is particularly important when tools connect directly to a system-level PMIx server that may be operating at a privileged level. A variety of system management software packages provide authorization services, but the lack of standardized interfaces makes portability problematic.

This section defines two PMIx client-side APIs for this purpose. These are most likely to be used
 by user-space applications/tools, but are not restricted to that realm.

3 10.1 Obtaining Credentials

The API for obtaining a credential is a non-blocking operation since the host environment may have to contact a remote credential service. The definition takes into account the potential that the returned credential could be sent via some mechanism to another application that resides in an environment using a different security mechanism. Thus, provision is made for the system to return additional information (e.g., the identity of the issuing agent) outside of the credential itself and visible to the application.

10 10.1.1 PMIx_Get_credential

11		Summary
12		Request a credential from the PMIx server library or the host environment
13 <i>PMI</i> x	x v3.0	Format C
14		pmix_status_t
15		PMIx_Get_credential(const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,
16		<pre>pmix_credential_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
		C
17		IN info
18		Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
19		N ninfo
20		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)
21		N cbfunc
22		Callback function to return credential (pmix_credential_cbfunc_t function
23		reference)
24		IN cbdata
25		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
26		Returns one of the following:
27 28		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request has been communicated to the local PMIx server - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>
29 30		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request is unsupported - the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called

	Required Attributes
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PMIx libraries that choose not to support this operation *must* return **PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED** when the function is called.

There are no required attributes for this API. Note that implementations may choose to internally execute integration for some security environments (e.g., directly contacting a *munge* server).

Implementations that support the operation but cannot directly process the client's request must pass any attributes that are provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the *info* array passed from the PMIx library to the host environment:

```
PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
Effective user id.
```

```
PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)
```

Effective group id.

Optional Attributes

13 The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:

14 PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)

Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.

— Advice to PMIx library implementers ———

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

24 Description

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Request a credential from the PMIx server library or the host environment

1 10.2 Validating Credentials

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The API for validating a credential is a non-blocking operation since the host environment may have to contact a remote credential service. Provision is made for the system to return additional information regarding possible authorization limitations beyond simple authentication.

5 10.2.1 PMIx_Validate_credential

6 7	Summary Request validation of a credential by the PMIx server library or the host environment
8 <i>PM</i>	Format C
9	
-	pmix_status_t
10 11	PMIx_Validate_credential(const pmix_byte_object_t *cred,
	const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,
12	<pre>pmix_validation_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
13	void *cbdata)
	U
14	IN cred
15	Pointer to pmix_byte_object_t containing the credential (handle)
16	IN info
17	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
18	IN ninfo
19	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)
20	IN cbfunc
21	Callback function to return result (pmix_validation_cbfunc_t function reference)
22	IN cbdata
23	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
24	Returns one of the following:
25	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request has been communicated to the local PMIx server -
26	result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>
27	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request is unsupported -
28	the <i>cbfunc</i> will <i>not</i> be called

.	Required Attributes
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PMIx libraries that choose not to support this operation *must* return **PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED** when the function is called.

There are no required attributes for this API. Note that implementations may choose to internally execute integration for some security environments (e.g., directly contacting a *munge* server).

Implementations that support the operation but cannot directly process the client's request must pass any attributes that are provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the *info* array passed from the PMIx library to the host environment:

```
PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
Effective user id.
```

```
PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)
```

Effective group id.

Optional Attributes

13 The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:

14 PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)

Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.

— Advice to PMIx library implementers ———

We recommend that implementation of the **PMIX_TIMEOUT** attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support **PMIX_TIMEOUT** directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing **PMIX_TIMEOUT** to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.

24 Description

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Request validation of a credential by the PMIx server library or the host environment.

CHAPTER 11 Server-Specific Interfaces

The RM daemon that hosts the PMIx server library interacts with that library in two distinct 2 manners. First, PMIx provides a set of APIs by which the host can request specific services from its 3 library. This includes generating regular expressions, registering information to be passed to client 4 processes, and requesting information on behalf of a remote process. Note that the host always has 5 access to all PMIx client APIs - the functions listed below are in addition to those available to a PMIx client. 6

7 Second, the host can provide a set of callback functions by which the PMIx server library can pass 8 requests upward for servicing by the host. These include notifications of client connection and 9 finalize, as well as requests by clients for information and/or services that the PMIx server library 10 does not itself provide.

Server Support Functions 11.1 11

The following APIs allow the RM daemon that hosts the PMIx server library to request specific 12 13 services from the PMIx library.

11.1.1 PMIx generate regex 14

15 Summary

1

16 Generate a compressed representation of the input string.

17	Format
PMIx v1.0	U
18	pmix_status_t
19	<pre>PMIx_generate_regex(const char *input, char **output)</pre>
20	IN input
21	String to process (string)
22	OUT output
23	Compressed representation of <i>input</i> (array of bytes)
24	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1	Description
2	Given a comma-separated list of <i>input</i> values, generate a reduced size representation of the input
3	that can be passed down to the PMIx server library's PMIx_server_register_nspace API
4	for parsing. The order of the individual values in the <i>input</i> string is preserved across the operation.
5	The caller is responsible for releasing the returned data.
6	The precise compressed representations will be implementation specific. However, all PMIx
7	implementations are required to include a NULL -terminated string in the output representation that
8	can be printed for diagnostic purposes.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
9	The returned representation may be an arbitrary array of bytes as opposed to a valid
10	NULL-terminated string. However, the method used to generate the representation shall be
11	identified with a colon-delimited string at the beginning of the output. For example, an output
12	starting with " pmix :\0" might indicate that the representation is a PMIx-defined regular
13	expression represented as a NULL -terminated string following the " pmix :\0" prefix. In contrast,
14	an output starting with "blob:\0" might indicate a compressed binary array follows the prefix.
15	Communicating the resulting output should be done by first packing the returned expression using
16	the PMIx_Data_pack , declaring the input to be of type PMIX_REGEX , and then obtaining the
17	resulting blob to be communicated using the PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_UNLOAD macro. The
18	reciprocal method can be used on the remote end prior to passing the regex into
19	PMIx_server_register_nspace . The pack/unpack routines will ensure proper handling of
20	the data based on the regex prefix.

21 11.1.2 PMIx_generate_ppn

Summary

22

Generate a compressed representation of the input identifying the processes on each node. 23 Format 24 _____ C -PMIx v1.0pmix_status_t PMIx_generate_ppn(const char *input, char **ppn) 25 C IN input 26 27 String to process (string) OUT ppn 28 Compressed representation of *input* (array of bytes) 29 30 Returns **PMIX_SUCCESS** or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.

1 2 3 4 5 6	Description The input shall consist of a semicolon-separated list of ranges representing the ranks of processes on each node of the job - e.g., "1-4;2-5;8,10,11,12;6,7,9". Each field of the input must correspond to the node name provided at that position in the input to PMIx_generate_regex . Thus, in the example, ranks 1-4 would be located on the first node of the comma-separated list of names provided to PMIx_generate_regex , and ranks 2-5 would be on the second name in the list.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
7	The returned representation may be an arbitrary array of bytes as opposed to a valid
8	NULL-terminated string. However, the method used to generate the representation shall be
9	identified with a colon-delimited string at the beginning of the output. For example, an output
10	starting with " pmix :" indicates that the representation is a PMIx-defined regular expression
11	represented as a NULL-terminated string. In contrast, an output starting with
12	"blob:\0size=1234:" is a compressed binary array.
13	Communicating the resulting output should be done by first packing the returned expression using
14	the PMIx_Data_pack , declaring the input to be of type PMIX_REGEX , and then obtaining the
15	blob to be communicated using the PMIX_DATA_BUFFER_UNLOAD macro. The pack/unpack
16	routines will ensure proper handling of the data based on the regex prefix.

11.1.3 PMIx_server_register_nspace

18	Summary
19	Setup the data about a particular namespace.
20	Format
PMIx v1.0	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
21	pmix_status_t
22	<pre>PMIx_server_register_nspace(const pmix_nspace_t nspace,</pre>
23	int nlocalprocs,
24	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
25	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
	C
26	IN nspace
27	namespace (string)
28	IN nlocalprocs
29	number of local processes (integer)
30	IN info
31	Array of info structures (array of handles)
32	IN ninfo
33	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)

1 2 3 4	 IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
5	Returns one of the following:
6 7 8	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
9 10	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
11 12	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
13	The following attributes are required to be supported by all PMIx libraries:
14 15 16	<pre>PMIX_REGISTER_NODATA "pmix.reg.nodata" (bool) Registration is for this namespace only, do not copy job data - this attribute is not accessed using the PMIx_Get</pre>
17	
18	Host environments are required to provide the following attributes:
19	• for the session containing the given namespace:
20 21 22 23 24	 PMIX_UNIV_SIZE "pmix.univ.size" (uint32_t) Number of allocated slots in a session - each slot may or may not be occupied by an executing process. Note that this attribute is the equivalent to the combination of PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY with the PMIX_MAX_PROCS entry in the array - it is included in the Standard for historical reasons.
25	• for the given namespace:
26 27	– PMIX_JOBID "pmix.jobid" (char*) Job identifier assigned by the scheduler.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 - PMIX_JOB_SIZE "pmix.job.size" (uint32_t) Total number of processes in this job across all contained applications. Note that this value can be different from PMIX_MAX_PROCS. For example, users may choose to subdivide an allocation (running several jobs in parallel within it), and dynamic programming models may support adding and removing processes from a running job on-they-fly. In the latter case, PMIx events must be used to notify processes within the job that the job size has changed.
35	<pre>- PMIX_MAX_PROCS "pmix.max.size" (uint32_t)</pre>

1 2 3	Maximum number of processes that can be executed in this context (session, namespace, application, or node). Typically, this is a constraint imposed by a scheduler or by user settings in a hostfile or other resource description.
4 5	 - PMIX_NODE_MAP "pmix.nmap" (char*) Regular expression of nodes - see 11.1.3.1 for an explanation of its generation.
6 7 8	 - PMIX_PROC_MAP "pmix.pmap" (char*) Regular expression describing processes on each node - see 11.1.3.1 for an explanation of its generation.
9	• for its own node:
10 11	 - PMIX_LOCAL_SIZE "pmix.local.size" (uint32_t) Number of processes in this job or application on this node.
12 13 14	 PMIX_LOCAL_PEERS "pmix.lpeers" (char*) Comma-delimited list of ranks on this node within the specified namespace - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
15 16 17	 - PMIX_LOCAL_CPUSETS "pmix.lcpus" (char*) Colon-delimited cpusets of local peers within the specified namespace - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
18	• for each process in the given namespace:
19 20	- PMIX_RANK "pmix.rank" (pmix_rank_t) Process rank within the job.
21 22	- PMIX_LOCAL_RANK "pmix.lrank" (uint16_t) Local rank on this node within this job.
23 24	 - PMIX_NODE_RANK "pmix.nrank" (uint16_t) Process rank on this node spanning all jobs.
25 26 27 28	 - PMIX_NODEID "pmix.nodeid" (uint32_t) Node identifier where the specified process is located, expressed as the node's index (beginning at zero) in the array resulting from expansion of the PMIX_NODE_MAP regular expression for the job
29 30	If more than one application is included in the namespace, then the host environment is also required to provide the following attributes:
31	• for each application:
32 33	- PMIX_APPNUM "pmix.appnum" (uint32_t) Application number within the job.
34 35 36	 - PMIX_APPLDR "pmix.aldr" (pmix_rank_t) Lowest rank in this application within this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.

1 2	- PMIX_APP_SIZE "pmix.app.size" (uint32_t) Number of processes in this application.
3	• for each process:
4 5	 - PMIX_APP_RANK "pmix.apprank" (pmix_rank_t) Process rank within this application.
6 7	 - PMIX_APPNUM "pmix.appnum" (uint32_t) Application number within the job.
	Optional Attributes
8	The following attributes may be provided by host environments:
9	• for the session containing the given namespace:
10 11	 - PMIX_SESSION_ID "pmix.session.id" (uint32_t) Session identifier - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
12	• for the given namespace:
13 14	- PMIX_SERVER_NSPACE "pmix.srv.nspace" (char*) Name of the namespace to use for this PMIx server.
15 16	- PMIX_SERVER_RANK "pmix.srv.rank" (pmix_rank_t) Rank of this PMIx server
17 18	 - PMIX_NPROC_OFFSET "pmix.offset" (pmix_rank_t) Starting global rank of this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
19 20 21	 PMIX_ALLOCATED_NODELIST "pmix.alist" (char*) Comma-delimited list of all nodes in this allocation regardless of whether or not they currently host processes - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
22 23	 - PMIX_JOB_NUM_APPS "pmix.job.napps" (uint32_t) Number of applications in this job.
24 25 26 27	 - PMIX_MAPBY "pmix.mapby" (char*) Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the provided namespace
28 29 30 31	 PMIX_RANKBY "pmix.rankby" (char*) Process ranking policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the ranking algorithm used for the provided namespace
32	- PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*)

1 2 3	Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace
4	• for its own node:
5 6	 - PMIX_AVAIL_PHYS_MEMORY "pmix.pmem" (uint64_t) Total available physical memory on this node.
7 8	– PMIX_HWLOC_XML_V1 "pmix.hwlocxml1" (char*) XML representation of local topology using HWLOC's v1.x format.
9 10	– PMIX_HWLOC_XML_V2 "pmix.hwlocxml2" (char*) XML representation of local topology using HWLOC's v2.x format.
11 12	– PMIX_LOCALLDR "pmix.lldr" (pmix_rank_t) Lowest rank on this node within this job - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
13 14	 - PMIX_NODE_SIZE "pmix.node.size" (uint32_t) Number of processes across all jobs on this node.
15 16 17	 - PMIX_LOCAL_PROCS "pmix.lprocs" (pmix_proc_t array) Array of pmix_proc_t of all processes on the specified node - referenced using PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD.
18	• for each process in the given namespace:
19 20	- PMIX_PROCID "pmix.procid" (pmix_proc_t) Process identifier
21 22	 - PMIX_GLOBAL_RANK "pmix.grank" (pmix_rank_t) Process rank spanning across all jobs in this session.
23 24	 - PMIX_HOSTNAME "pmix.hname" (char*) Name of the host where the specified process is running.
25 26 27	Attributes not directly provided by the host environment may be derived by the PMIx server library from other required information and included in the data made available to the server library's clients.

Description

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Pass job-related information to the PMIx server library for distribution to local client processes.

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

Host environments are required to execute this operation prior to starting any local application process within the given namespace.

The PMIx server must register all namespaces that will participate in collective operations with local processes. This means that the server must register a namespace even if it will not host any local processes from within that namespace if any local process of another namespace might at some point perform an operation involving one or more processes from the new namespace. This is necessary so that the collective operation can identify the participants and know when it is locally complete.

The caller must also provide the number of local processes that will be launched within this namespace. This is required for the PMIx server library to correctly handle collectives as a collective operation call can occur before all the local processes have been started.

Advice to users —

14The number of local processes for any given namespace is generally fixed at the time of application15launch. Calls to **PMIx_Spawn** result in processes launched in their own namespace, not that of16their parent. However, it is possible for processes to *migrate* to another node via a call to17**PMIx_Job_control_nb**, thus resulting in a change to the number of local processes on both18the initial node and the node to which the process moved. It is therefore critical that applications19not migrate processes without first ensuring that PMIx-based collective operations are not in20progress, and that no such operations be initiated until process migration has completed.

1 11.1.3.1 Assembling the registration information

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The following description is not intended to represent the actual layout of information in a given PMIx library. Instead, it is describes how information provided in the *info* parameter of the **PMIx_server_register_nspace** shall be organized for proper processing by a PMIx server library. The ordering of the various information elements is arbitrary - they are presented in a top-down hierarchical form solely for clarity in reading.

Creating the *info* array of data requires knowing in advance the number of elements required for the array. This can be difficult to compute and somewhat fragile in practice. One method for resolving the problem is to create a linked list of objects, each containing a single **pmix_info_t** structure. Allocation and manipulation of the list can then be accomplished using existing standard methods. Upon completion, the final *info* array can be allocated based on the number of elements on the list, and then the values in the list object **pmix_info_t** structures transferred to the corresponding array element utilizing the **PMIX_INFO_XFER** macro.

Advice to PMIx server hosts

14A common building block used in several areas is the construction of a regular expression15identifying the nodes involved in that area - e.g., the nodes in a session or job. PMIx provides16several tools to facilitate this operation, beginning by constructing an argv-like array of node17names. This array is then passed to the PMIx_generate_regex function to create a regular18expression parseable by the PMIx server library, as shown below:

С

```
19
            char **nodes = NULL;
20
            char *nodelist;
21
            char *regex;
22
            size_t n;
23
            pmix status t rc;
24
            pmix info t info;
25
26
            /* loop over an array of nodes, adding each
             * name to the array */
27
28
            for (n=0; n < num_nodes; n++)
29
                /* filter the nodes to ignore those not included
                 * in the target range (session, job, etc.). In
30
                 * this example, all nodes are accepted */
31
32
                PMIX_ARGV_APPEND(&nodes, node[n]->name);
33
34
            /* join into a comma-delimited string */
35
            nodelist = PMIX ARGV JOIN(nodes, ',');
36
37
```

```
1
             /* release the array */
2
             PMIX ARGV FREE (nodes);
3
4
             /* generate regex */
5
             rc = PMIx_generate_regex(nodelist, &regex);
6
7
             /* release list */
8
             free(nodelist);
9
             /* pass the regex as the value to the PMIX_NODE_MAP key */
10
             PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info, PMIX_NODE_MAP, regex, PMIX_STRING);
11
             /* release the regex */
12
13
             free(regex);
14
15
             Changing the filter criteria allows the construction of node maps for any level of information.
16
             A similar method is used to construct the map of processes on each node from the namespace being
17
             registered. This may be done for each information level of interest (e.g., to identify the process map
             for the entire job or for each application in the job) by changing the search criteria. An
18
             example is shown below for the case of creating the process map for a job:
19
                                                    С
20
             char **ndppn;
             char rank[30];
21
22
             char **ppnarray = NULL;
23
             char *ppn;
24
             char *localranks;
             char *regex;
25
26
             size t n, m;
             pmix_status_t rc;
27
             pmix_info_t info;
28
29
             /* loop over an array of nodes */
30
             for (n=0; n < num_nodes; n++)
31
                  /* for each node, construct an array of ranks on that node */
32
                  ndppn = NULL;
33
                  for (m=0; m < node[n]->num_procs; m++)
34
35
                       /* ignore processes that are not part of the target job */
                       if (!PMIX_CHECK_NSPACE(targetjob, node[n]->proc[m].nspace))
36
37
                           continue;
38
39
                       snprintf(rank, 30, "%d", node[n]->proc[m].rank);
40
                       PMIX ARGV APPEND (&ndppn, rank);
```

```
1
2
                  /* convert the array into a comma-delimited string of ranks */
3
                  localranks = PMIX ARGV JOIN(ndppn, ',');
4
                  /* release the local array */
5
                  PMIX ARGV FREE (ndppn);
6
                  /* add this node's contribution to the overall array */
7
                  PMIX ARGV APPEND(&ppnarray, localranks);
8
                  /* release the local list */
9
                  free(localranks);
10
11
             /* join into a semicolon-delimited string */
12
13
             ppn = PMIX_ARGV_JOIN(ppnarray, ';');
14
15
             /* release the array */
             PMIX_ARGV_FREE (ppnarray) ;
16
17
18
             /* generate ppn regex */
19
             rc = PMIx generate ppn(ppn, &regex);
20
21
             /* release list */
22
             free(ppn);
23
24
             /* pass the regex as the value to the PMIX PROC MAP key */
25
             PMIX INFO LOAD (& info, PMIX PROC MAP, reqex, PMIX STRING);
26
             /* release the regex */
27
             free(regex);
28
                                                    С
29
             Note that the PMIX NODE MAP and PMIX PROC MAP attributes are linked in that the order of
30
             entries in the process map must match the ordering of nodes in the node map - i.e., there is no
             provision in the PMIx process map regular expression generator/parser pair supporting an
31
             out-of-order node or a node that has no corresponding process map entry (e.g., a node with no
32
             processes on it). Armed with these tools, the registration info array can be constructed as follows:
33
```

Session-level information includes all session-specific values. In many cases, only two values
 (PMIX_SESSION_ID and PMIX_UNIV_SIZE) are included in the registration array. Since
 both of these values are session-specific, they can be specified independently - i.e., in their own
 pmix_info_t elements of the *info* array. Alternatively, they can be provided as a
 pmix_data_array_t array of pmix_info_t using the PMIX_SESSION_INFO_ARRAY
 attribute and identifed by including the PMIX_SESSION_ID attribute in the array - this is must
 in cases where non-specific attributes (e.g., PMIX_NUM_NODES or PMIX_NODE_MAP) are

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passed to describe aspects of the session. Note that the node map can include nodes not used by the job being registered as no corresponding process map is specified.

The *info* array at this point might look like (where the labels identify the corresponding attribute - e.g., "Session ID" corresponds to the **PMIX_SESSION_ID** attribute):

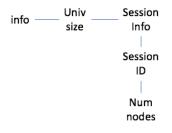


Figure 11.1.: Session-level information elements

- Job-level information includes all job-specific values such as PMIX_JOB_SIZE, PMIX_JOB_NUM_APPS, and PMIX_JOBID. Since each invocation of PMIx_server_register_nspace describes a single job, job-specific values can be specified independently - i.e., in their own pmix_info_t elements of the *info* array. Alternatively, they can be provided as a pmix_data_array_t array of pmix_info_t identified by the PMIX_JOB_INFO_ARRAY attribute - this is must in cases where non-specific attributes (e.g., PMIX_NODE_MAP) are passed to describe aspects of the job. Note that since the invocation only involves a single namespace, there is no need to include the PMIX_NSPACE attribute in the array.
- 14 Upon conclusion of this step, the *info* array might look like:

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28 29 Note that in this example, **PMIX_NUM_NODES** is not required as that information is contained in the **PMIX_NODE_MAP** attribute. Similarly, **PMIX_JOB_SIZE** is not technically required as that information is contained in the **PMIX_PROC_MAP** when combined with the corresponding node map - however, there is no issue with including the job size as a separate entry.

The example also illustrates the hierarchical use of the **PMIX_NODE_INFO_ARRAY** attribute. In this case, we have chosen to pass several job-related values for each node - since those values are non-unique across the job, they must be passed in a node-info container. Note that the choice of what information to pass into the PMIx server library versus what information to derive from other values at time of request is left to the host environment. PMIx implementors in turn may, if they choose, pre-parse registration data to create expanded views (thus enabling faster response to requests at the expense of memory footprint) or to compress views into tighter representations (thus trading minimized footprint for longer response times).

• Application-level information includes all application-specific values such as **PMIX_APP_SIZE** and **PMIX_APPLDR**. If the job contains only a single **application**, then the application-specific values can be specified independently - i.e., in their own **pmix_info_t**

info	Univ	Session	Job
inio	size	Info	info
		Session	Job
		ID	ID
		Num	Node
		nodes	map
			Proc
	Max	Max	map
	Procs	Procs	
			Job
	Local	Local	size
	Ldr	Ldr	
			Max
I	Hostname	Hostname	procs
	Node2 —	– Node1 –	_ Node Info

Figure 11.2.: Job-level information elements

elements of the <i>info</i> array - or as a pmix_data_array_t array of pmix_info_t using the
PMIX_APP_INFO_ARRAY attribute and identifed by including the PMIX_APPNUM attribute in
the array. Use of the array format is must in cases where non-specific attributes (e.g.,
PMIX_NODE_MAP) are passed to describe aspects of the application.
However, in the case of a job consisting of multiple applications, all application-specific values
for each application must be provided using the PMIX_APP_INFO_ARRAY format, each
identified by its PMIX APPNUM value.

- 8 Upon conclusion of this step, the *info* array might look like that shown in 11.3, assuming there 9 are two applications in the job being registered:
 - Process-level information includes an entry for each process in the job being registered, each entry marked with the **PMIX_PROC_DATA** attribute. The **rank** of the process must be the first entry in the array this provides efficiency when storing the data. Upon conclusion of this step, the *info* array might look like the diagram in 11.4:
 - For purposes of this example, node-level information only includes values describing the local node i.e., it does not include information about other nodes in the job or session. In many cases,

info — ^{Univ}	Session	Job	Арр	Арр
size	Info	info	info	info
	Session	Job	Арр	Арр
	ID	ID	num	num
	Num	Node	Арр	Арр
	nodes	map	size	size
		Proc	Арр	Арр
Max	Max	map	ldr	ldr
Procs	Procs			
		Job		
Local	Local	size		
Ldr	Ldr			
		Max		
Hostname	Hostname	procs		
		Node		
Node2 –	— Node1 —	Info		

Figure 11.3.: Application-level information elements

info	Univ	Session	Job	Арр	Арр	Proc	Proc
inio	size	Info	info	info	info	data	data
				1			
		Session	Job	Арр	Арр	Rank	Rank
		ID	ID	num	num	Natik	Marik
				1			
		Num	Node	Арр	Арр	Local	Local
		nodes	map	size	size	rank	rank
			Proc	Арр	Арр	Node	Node
	Max	Max	map	ldr	ldr	rank	rank
	Procs	Procs					
			Job			Node	Node
	Local	Local	size			ID	ID
	Ldr	Ldr					
			Max			Арр	Арр
н	lostname	Hostname	procs			num	num
		1					
	Node2 —	– Node1 –	Node			Арр	Арр
			Info			rank	rank

Figure 11.4.: Process-level information elements

the values included in this level are unique to it and can be specified independently - i.e., in their own pmix_info_t elements of the *info* array. Alternatively, they can be provided as a pmix_data_array_t array of pmix_info_t using the PMIX_NODE_INFO_ARRAY

attribute - this is must in cases where non-specific attributes are passed to describe aspects of the node, or where values for multiple nodes are being provided.

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33 34

35

The node-level information requires two elements that must be constructed in a manner similar to that used for the node map. The **PMIX_LOCAL_PEERS** value is computed based on the processes on the local node, filtered to select those from the job being registered, as shown below using the tools provided by PMIx:

```
С _____
char **ndppn = NULL;
char rank[30];
char *localranks;
size t m;
pmix info t info;
for (m=0; m < mynode->num_procs; m++)
    /* ignore processes that are not part of the target job */
    if (!PMIX_CHECK_NSPACE(targetjob,mynode->proc[m].nspace))
       continue;
    snprintf(rank, 30, "%d", mynode->proc[m].rank);
    PMIX_ARGV_APPEND(&ndppn, rank);
/* convert the array into a comma-delimited string of ranks */
localranks = PMIX_ARGV_JOIN(ndppn, ',');
/* release the local array */
PMIX ARGV FREE (ndppn);
/* pass the string as the value to the PMIX_LOCAL_PEERS key */
PMIX INFO LOAD (&info, PMIX LOCAL PEERS, localranks, PMIX STRING);
/* release the list */
free(localranks);
                   _____ C _____
```

The **PMIX_LOCAL_CPUSETS** value is constructed in a similar manner. In the provided example, it is assumed that the Hardware Locality (HWLOC) cpuset representation (a comma-delimited string of processor IDs) of the processors assigned to each process has previously been generated and stored on the process description. Thus, the value can be constructed as shown below:

	• C•
1	char **ndcpus = NULL;
2	char *localcpus;
3	size_t m;
4	<pre>pmix_info_t info;</pre>
5	
6	<pre>for (m=0; m < mynode->num_procs; m++)</pre>
7	<pre>/* ignore processes that are not part of the target job */</pre>
8	<pre>if (!PMIX_CHECK_NSPACE(targetjob,mynode->proc[m].nspace))</pre>
9	continue;
10	
11	<pre>PMIX_ARGV_APPEND(&ndcpus, mynode->proc[m].cpuset);</pre>
12	
13	/* convert the array into a colon-delimited string */
14	<pre>localcpus = PMIX_ARGV_JOIN(ndcpus, ':');</pre>
15	/* release the local array */
16	PMIX_ARGV_FREE (ndcpus) ;
17	
18	/* pass the string as the value to the PMIX_LOCAL_CPUSETS key */
19	<pre>PMIX_INFO_LOAD(&info, PMIX_LOCAL_CPUSETS, localcpus, PMIX_STRING);</pre>
20	/* release the list */
21	<pre>free(localcpus);</pre>
22	• C
23	Note that for efficiency, these two values can be computed at the same time.
24	The final <i>info</i> array might therefore look like the diagram in 11.5:
25 11.1.4	<pre>PMIx_server_deregister_nspace</pre>
00	Cumment.

26 Summary

27 Deregister a namespace.

28 Format

PMIx v1.0

info	Univ	Session	Job	Арр	Арр	Proc	Proc	
IIIIO	size	Info	info	info	info	data	data	
							1	Local
		Session	Job	Арр	Арр	Rank	Rank	size
		ID	ID	num	num	Ndlik	Natik	
								Local
		Num	Node	Арр	Арр	Local	Local	Peers
		nodes	map	size	size	rank	rank	
								Local
			Proc	Арр	Арр	Node	Node	cpusets
	Max	Max	map	ldr	ldr	rank	rank	
	Procs	Procs						
			Job			Node	Node	
	Local	Local	size			ID	ID	
	Ldr	Ldr					1	
			Max			Арр	Арр	
	Hostname	Hostname	procs			num	num	
		1						
	Node2 —	– Node1 –	Node			Арр	Арр	
			Info			rank	rank	

Figure 11.5.: Final information array

	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1	<pre>void PMIx_server_deregister_nspace(const pmix_nspace_t nspace,</pre>
2	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
	• C
3	IN nspace
4	Namespace (string)
5	IN cbfunc
6	Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
7	IN cbdata
8	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
9	Description
10	Deregister the specified <i>nspace</i> and purge all objects relating to it, including any client information

Deregister the specified *nspace* and purge all objects relating to it, including any client information from that namespace. This is intended to support persistent PMIx servers by providing an opportunity for the host RM to tell the PMIx server library to release all memory for a completed job. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.

11 12

11.1.5 PMIx_server_register_client 1 Summarv 2 Register a client process with the PMIx server library. 3 Format 4 С PMIx v1.0 5 pmix status t 6 PMIx_server_register_client(const pmix_proc_t *proc, 7 uid_t uid, gid_t gid, 8 void *server object, 9 pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata) С 10 IN proc pmix_proc_t structure (handle) 11 IN uid 12 user id (integer) 13 14 IN qid 15 group id (integer) IN server_object 16 (memory reference) 17 IN cbfunc 18 19 Callback function **pmix_op_cbfunc_t** (function reference) 20 IN cbdata 21 Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) 22 Returns one of the following: 23 • **PMIX_SUCCESS**, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided *cbfunc*. Note that the library must not invoke the callback 24 function prior to returning from the API. 25 26 • **PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED**, indicating that the request was immediately processed and 27 returned success - the cbfunc will not be called 28 • a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately 29 processed and failed - the *cbfunc* will not be called Description 30 Register a client process with the PMIx server library. 31 32 The host server can also, if it desires, provide an object it wishes to be returned when a server 33 function is called that relates to a specific process. For example, the host server may have an object 34 that tracks the specific client. Passing the object to the library allows the library to provide that

object to the host server during subsequent calls related to that client, such as a

1 2	<pre>pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t function. This allows the host server to access the object without performing a lookup based on the client's namespace and rank. Advice to PMIx server hosts</pre>
3 4 5 6 7	Host environments are required to execute this operation prior to starting the client process. The expected user ID and group ID of the child process allows the server library to properly authenticate clients as they connect by requiring the two values to match. Accordingly, the detected user and group ID's of the connecting process are not included in the pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t server module function.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
8 9 10	For security purposes, the PMIx server library should check the user and group ID's of a connecting process against those provided for the declared client process identifier via the PMIx_server_register_client prior to completing the connection.
11 11.1.	6 PMIx_server_deregister_client

12	Summary
13	Deregister a client and purge all data relating to it.
14	Format
PMIx v1.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15	void
16	<pre>PMIx_server_deregister_client(const pmix_proc_t *proc,</pre>
17	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata)</pre>
	C
18	IN proc
19	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure (handle)</pre>
20	IN cbfunc
21	Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
22	IN cbdata
23	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
24	Description
25	The PMIx_server_deregister_nspace API will delete all client information for that
26	namespace. The PMIx server library will automatically perform that operation upon disconnect of
27	all local clients. This API is therefore intended primarily for use in exception cases, but can be
28	called in non-exception cases if desired. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function
29	prior to returning from the API.

1 11.1.7 PMIx_server_setup_fork

2		Summary
3		Setup the environment of a child process to be forked by the host.
4	PMIx v1.0	Format C
5		pmix status t
6		- PMIx_server_setup_fork(const pmix_proc_t *proc,
7		char ***env)
		C
8		IN proc
9		<pre>pmix_proc_t structure (handle)</pre>
10		IN env
11		Environment array (array of strings)
12		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant.
13		Description
14		Setup the environment of a child process to be forked by the host so it can correctly interact with
15		the PMIx server.
		Advice to PMIx server hosts
16		Host environments are required to execute this operation prior to starting the client process.
17		The PMIx client needs some setup information so it can properly connect back to the server. This
18		function will set appropriate environmental variables for this purpose, and will also provide any
19 20		environmental variables that were specified in the launch command (e.g., via PMIx_Spawn) plus other values (e.g., variables required to properly initialize the client's fabric library).
20		onici values (e.g., variables required to property initialize the chefit's fabric fibrally).

21 11.1.8 PMIx_server_dmodex_request

22 Summary

23 Define a function by which the host server can request modex data from the local PMIx server.

1 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format
2	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_server_dmodex_request(const pmix_proc_t *proc,</pre>
3 4	void *cbdata)
4	
5	IN proc
6	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure (handle)</pre>
7	IN cbfunc
8	Callback function pmix_dmodex_response_fn_t (function reference)
9	IN cbdata
10	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
11	Returns one of the following:
12	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
13	will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback
14	function prior to returning from the API.
15	• a PMIx error constant indicating an error in the input - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
16	Description
17	Define a function by which the host server can request modex data from the local PMIx server.
18	Traditional wireup procedures revolve around the per-process posting of data (e.g., location and
19	endpoint information) via the PMIx_Put and PMIx_Commit functions followed by a
20	PMIx_Fence barrier that globally exchanges the posted information. However, the barrier
21	operation represents a significant time impact at large scale.
22	PMIx supports an alternative wireup method known as Direct Modex that replaces the
23	barrier-based exchange of all process-posted information with on-demand fetch of a peer's data. In
24	place of the barrier operation, data posted by each process is cached on the local PMIx server.
25	When a process requests the information posted by a particular peer, it first checks the local cache
26 27	to see if the data is already available. If not, then the request is passed to the local PMIx server, which subsequently requests that its RM host request the data from the RM daemon on the node
28	where the specified peer process is located. Upon receiving the request, the RM daemon passes the
29	request into its PMIx server library using the PMIx_server_dmodex_request function,
30	receiving the response in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> once the indicated process has posted its information.
31	The RM daemon then returns the data to the requesting daemon, who subsequently passes the data
32	to its PMIx server library for transfer to the requesting client.
	Advice to users
33	While direct modex allows for faster launch times by eliminating the barrier operation, per-peer
34	retrieval of posted information is less efficient. Optimizations can be implemented - e.g., by
35	returning posted information from all processes on a node upon first request - but in general direct

returning posted information from all processes on a node upon first request - but in general direct modex remains best suited for sparsely connected applications. 36

1 11.1.9 PMIx_server_setup_application

2 3 4	Summary Provide a function by which the resource manager can request application-specific setup data prior to launch of a job.
5 <i>PMIx v2.0</i>	Format C
6 7 8 9 10	<pre>pmix_status_t PMIx_server_setup_application(const pmix_nspace_t nspace,</pre>
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 IN nspace namespace (string) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_setup_application_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the <i>cbfunc</i> callback function (memory reference)
21 22 23 24 25	 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called Required Attributes
26 27 28	PMIx libraries that support this operation are required to support the following: PMIX_SETUP_APP_ENVARS " pmix.setup.env " (bool) Harvest and include relevant environmental variables
29 30 31	<pre>PMIX_SETUP_APP_NONENVARS ""pmix.setup.nenv" (bool) Include all relevant data other than environmental variables PMIX_SETUP_APP_ALL "pmix.setup.all" (bool)</pre>

Include all relevant data

2	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK "pmix.alloc.net" (array)</pre>
3	Array of pmix_info_t describing requested network resources. This must include at
4 5	<pre>least: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID, PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE, and PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS, plus whatever other descriptors are desired.</pre>
6	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID "pmix.alloc.netid" (char*)
7 8	The key to be used when accessing this requested network allocation. The allocation will be returned/stored as a pmix_data_array_t of pmix_info_t indexed by this key and
9	containing at least one entry with the same key and the allocated resource description. The
10	type of the included value depends upon the network support. For example, a TCP allocation
11	might consist of a comma-delimited string of socket ranges such as
12	"32000-32100,33005,38123-38146". Additional entries will consist of any provided
13	resource request directives, along with their assigned values. Examples include:
14	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE - the type of resources provided;
15 16	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE - if applicable, what plane the resources were assigned from; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS - the assigned QoS; PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH -
17	the allocated bandwidth; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY - a security key for the
18	requested network allocation. NOTE: the assigned values may differ from those requested,
19	especially if PMIX_INFO_REQD was not set in the request.
20	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY "pmix.alloc.nsec" (pmix_byte_object_t)
21	Network security key
22	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE "pmix.alloc.nettype" (char*)
23	Type of desired transport (e.g., "tcp", "udp")
24	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE "pmix.alloc.netplane" (char*)
25	ID string for the NIC (aka <i>plane</i>) to be used for this allocation (e.g., CIDR for Ethernet)
26	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS "pmix.alloc.endpts" (size_t)
27	Number of endpoints to allocate per process
28	PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS_NODE "pmix.alloc.endpts.nd" (size_t)
29	Number of endpoints to allocate per node
	A
	✓ Optional Attributes
30	PMIx libraries that support this operation may support the following:
31	PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH "pmix.alloc.bw" (float)
32	Mbits/sec.
33	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS "pmix.alloc.netqos" (char*)</pre>
34	Quality of service level.
35	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_TIME "pmix.alloc.time" (uint32_t)</pre>

Time in seconds.

2 3 4 5	Description Provide a function by which the RM can request application-specific setup data (e.g., environmental variables, fabric configuration and security credentials) from supporting PMIx server library subsystems prior to initiating launch of a job. Advice to PMIx server hosts
6 7 8	Host environments are required to execute this operation prior to launching a job. In addition to supported directives, the <i>info</i> array must include a description of the job using the PMIX_NODE_MAP and PMIX_PROC_MAP attributes.
9 10 11 12	This is defined as a non-blocking operation in case contributing subsystems need to perform some potentially time consuming action (e.g., query a remote service) before responding. The returned data must be distributed by the RM and subsequently delivered to the local PMIx server on each node where application processes will execute, prior to initiating execution of those processes.
13 14	Support for harvesting of environmental variables and providing of local configuration information by the PMIx implementation is optional.

15 11.1.10 PMIx_server_setup_local_support

16 Summary

1

Provide a function by which the local PMIx server can perform any application-specific operationsprior to spawning local clients of a given application.

1		Format		
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
2		pmix_status_t		
3				
4 5		<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo, pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>		
6		void *cbdata);		
U				
7		IN nspace		
8		Namespace (string)		
9		IN info		
10		Array of info structures (array of handles)		
11		IN ninfo		
12		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)		
13		IN cbfunc		
14		Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)		
15		IN cbdata		
16		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)		
17		Returns one of the following:		
18		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result		
19		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback		
20		function prior to returning from the API.		
21		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and		
22		returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called		
23		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately		
24		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called		
25		Description		
26		Provide a function by which the local PMIx server can perform any application-specific operations		
27		prior to spawning local clients of a given application. For example, a network library might need to		
28		setup the local driver for "instant on" addressing. The data provided in the <i>info</i> array is the data		
29		returned to the host RM by the callback function executed as a result of a call to		
30		PMIx_server_setup_application.		
		 Advice to PMIx server hosts 		
31		Host environments are required to execute this operation prior to starting any local application		
32		processes from the specified namespace.		

1 11.1.11 PMIx_server_IOF_deliver

2 3 4	Pı	Summary Provide a function by which the host environment can pass forwarded IO to the PMIx server library for distribution to its clients.		
5	F	ormat		
PMIx	c v3.0 🔻	C		
6	p	mix_status_t		
7	-	MIx_server_IOF_deliver(const pmix_proc_t *source,		
8		<pre>pmix_iof_channel_t channel,</pre>		
9		<pre>const pmix_byte_object_t *bo,</pre>		
10		<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>		
11		<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata);</pre>		
		C		
12	IN	source		
13		Pointer to pmix_proc_t identifying source of the IO (handle)		
14	IN	IN channel		
15		IO channel of the data (pmix_iof_channel_t)		
16	IN	IN bo		
17		Pointer to pmix_byte_object_t containing the payload to be delivered (handle)		
18	IN			
19		Array of pmix_info_t metadata describing the data (array of handles)		
20	IN	ninfo		
21		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t)		
22	IN	cbfunc		
23		Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)		
24	IN			
25		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)		
26	R	eturns one of the following:		
27	•	PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result		
28		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback		
29		function prior to returning from the API.		
30	•	PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and		
31	-	returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called		
32	-	a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately		
33	·	processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called		

Description

1

Provide a function by which the host environment can pass forwarded IO to the PMIx server library
for distribution to its clients. The PMIx server library is responsible for determining which of its
clients have actually registered for the provided data and delivering it. The *cbfunc* callback function
will be called once the PMIx server library no longer requires access to the provided data.

6 11.1.12 PMIx_server_collect_inventory

7	Summary		
8	Collect inventory of resources on a node		
9	Format		
PMIx v.			
10	pmix_status_t		
11	<pre>PMIx_server_collect_inventory(const pmix_info_t directives[],</pre>		
12	<pre>size_t ndirs,</pre>		
13	<pre>pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>		
14	void *cbdata);		
	U		
15	IN directives		
16	Array of pmix_info_t directing the request (array of handles)		
17	IN ndirs		
18	Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (size_t)		
19	IN cbfunc		
20	Callback function to return collected data (pmix_info_cbfunc_t function reference)		
21	IN cbdata		
22	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)		
23	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. In the event		
24	the function returns an error, the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called.		
25	Description		
26	Provide a function by which the host environment can request its PMIx server library collect an		
27	inventory of local resources. Supported resources depends upon the PMIx implementation, but may		
28	include the local node topology and network interfaces.		
	Advice to PMIx server hosts ———————————————————————————————————		
29	This is a non-blocking API as it may involve somewhat lengthy operations to obtain the requested		
30	information. Inventory collection is expected to be a rare event – at system startup and upon		
31	command from a system administrator. Inventory updates are expected to initiate a smaller		
32	operation involving only the changed information. For example, replacement of a node would		
33	generate an event to notify the scheduler with an inventory update without invoking a global		
34	inventory operation.		

1 11.1.13 PMIx_server_deliver_inventory

2		Summary	
3		Pass	s collected inventory to the PMIx server library for storage
4	PMIx v3.0	For	rmat C
5	1 1/11/ 10.0	nmi	x_status_t
6		-	<pre>[x_server_deliver_inventory(const pmix_info_t info[],</pre>
7			size_t ninfo,
8			const pmix_info_t directives[],
9			size_t ndirs,
10			pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,
11			void *cbdata);
			C
12		IN	info
13		INI	Array of pmix_info_t containing the inventory (array of handles)
14 15		IN	ninfo
16		IN	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (size_t) directives
17			Array of pmix_info_t directing the request (array of handles)
18		IN	ndirs
19			Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (size_t)
20		IN	cbfunc
21			Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
22		IN	cbdata
23			Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
24		Retu	urns one of the following:
25		• P	MIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
26			<i>i</i> be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the library must not invoke the callback
27			unction prior to returning from the API.
28		• P	MIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
29			eturned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
30 31			PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
51		p	rocessed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called

Description

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

Provide a function by which the host environment can pass inventory information obtained from a node to the PMIx server library for storage. Inventory data is subsequently used by the PMIx server library for allocations in response to **PMIx_server_setup_application**, and may be available to the library's host via the **PMIx_Get** API (depending upon PMIx implementation). The *cbfunc* callback function will be called once the PMIx server library no longer requires access to the provided data.

8 11.2 Server Function Pointers

- 9 PMIx utilizes a "function-shipping" approach to support for implementing the server-side of the
 10 protocol. This method allows RMs to implement the server without being burdened with PMIx
 11 internal details. When a request is received from the client, the corresponding server function will
 12 be called with the information.
- Any functions not supported by the RM can be indicated by a NULL for the function pointer. Client
 calls to such functions will return a PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED status.
- 15 The host RM will provide the function pointers in a **pmix_server_module_t** structure passed 16 to **PMIx_server_init**. That module structure and associated function references are defined in 17 this section.

Advice to PMIx server hosts

- For performance purposes, the host server is required to return as quickly as possible from all
 functions. Execution of the function is thus to be done asynchronously so as to allow the PMIx
 server support library to handle multiple client requests as quickly and scalably as possible.
- All data passed to the host server functions is "owned" by the PMIX server support library and must not be free'd. Data returned by the host server via callback function is owned by the host server, which is free to release it upon return from the callback

24 11.2.1 pmix_server_module_t Module

25 Summary

26 List of function pointers that a PMIx server passes to **PMIx_server_init** during startup.

Format

1

	•	
2	typedef struct pmix_server_module_3_0_0	_t
3	<pre>/* v1x interfaces */</pre>	
4	<pre>pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t</pre>	client_connected;
5	<pre>pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t</pre>	client_finalized;
6	<pre>pmix_server_abort_fn_t</pre>	abort;
7	<pre>pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t</pre>	fence_nb;
8	<pre>pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t</pre>	direct_modex;
9	<pre>pmix_server_publish_fn_t</pre>	publish;
10	<pre>pmix_server_lookup_fn_t</pre>	lookup;
11	<pre>pmix_server_unpublish_fn_t</pre>	unpublish;
12	<pre>pmix_server_spawn_fn_t</pre>	spawn;
13	<pre>pmix_server_connect_fn_t</pre>	connect;
14	<pre>pmix_server_disconnect_fn_t</pre>	disconnect;
15	<pre>pmix_server_register_events_fn_t</pre>	register_events;
16	<pre>pmix_server_deregister_events_fn_t</pre>	deregister_events;
17	<pre>pmix_server_listener_fn_t</pre>	listener;
18	<pre>/* v2x interfaces */</pre>	
19	<pre>pmix_server_notify_event_fn_t</pre>	<pre>notify_event;</pre>
20	pmix_server_query_fn_t	query;
21	<pre>pmix_server_tool_connection_fn_t</pre>	<pre>tool_connected;</pre>
22	pmix_server_log_fn_t	log;
23	<pre>pmix_server_alloc_fn_t</pre>	allocate;
24	pmix_server_job_control_fn_t	job_control;
25	<pre>pmix_server_monitor_fn_t</pre>	monitor;
26	<pre>/* v3x interfaces */</pre>	
27	<pre>pmix_server_get_cred_fn_t</pre>	<pre>get_credential;</pre>
28	<pre>pmix_server_validate_cred_fn_t</pre>	<pre>validate_credential;</pre>
29	<pre>pmix_server_iof_fn_t</pre>	iof_pull;
30	<pre>pmix_server_stdin_fn_t</pre>	<pre>push_stdin;</pre>
31	<pre>pmix_server_module_t;</pre>	

С

32 11.2.2 pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t

33 Summary

34 Notify the host server that a client connected to this server.

1		Format
	PMIx v1.0	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2 3 4 5 6		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t) (</pre>
7 8		IN proc pmix_proc_t structure (handle)
9		IN server_object
10		object reference (memory reference)
11 12		IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
13		IN cbdata
14		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
15		Returns one of the following:
16 17 18		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
19 20		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
21 22		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		Description Notify the host environment that a client has called PMIx_Init . Note that the client will be in a blocked state until the host server executes the callback function, thus allowing the PMIx server support library to release the client. The server_object parameter will be the value of the server_object parameter passed to PMIx_server_register_client by the host server when registering the connecting client. If provided, an implementation of pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t is only required to call the callback function designated. A host server can choose to not be notified when clients connect by setting pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t to NULL .
32 33 34 35 36 37		It is possible that only a subset of the clients in a namespace call PMIx_Init . The server's pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t implementation should not depend on being called once per rank in a namespace or delay calling the callback function until all ranks have connected. However, if a rank makes any PMIx calls, it must first call PMIx_Init and therefore the server's pmix_server_client_connected_fn_t will be called before any other server functions specific to the rank.

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

This operation is an opportunity for a host environment to update the status of the ranks it manages.
 It is also a convenient and well defined time to perform initialization necessary to support further
 calls into the server related to that rank.

4 11.2.3 pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t

Summary

6		Notify the host environment that a client called PMIx_Finalize .	
7	PMIx v1.0	Format C	
8 9 10 11 12		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t)(</pre>	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		 IN proc pmix_proc_t structure (handle) IN server_object object reference (memory reference) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) 	
21 22 23 24		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. 	
25 26		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called	
27 28		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called	

Description

1

2	Notify the host environment that a client called PMIx_Finalize . Note that the client will be in a
3	blocked state until the host server executes the callback function, thus allowing the PMIx server
4	support library to release the client. The server_object parameter will be the value of the
5	server_object parameter passed to PMIx_server_register_client by the host server when
6	registering the connecting client. If provided, an implementation of
7	<pre>pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t is only required to call the callback function</pre>
8	designated. A host server can choose to not be notified when clients finalize by setting
9	<pre>pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t to NULL.</pre>
10	Note that the host server is only being informed that the client has called PMIx_Finalize . The
11	client might not have exited. If a client exits without calling PMIx_Finalize , the server support
12	library will not call the pmix_server_client_finalized_fn_t implementation.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
13	This operation is an opportunity for a host server to update the status of the tasks it manages. It is
14	also a convenient and well defined time to release resources used to support that client.

15 **11.2.4 pmix_server_abort_fn_t**

16 17	Summary Notify the host environment that a local clie	ent called PMIx_Abort .
18 <i>PMI</i> ::::1.0	Format	— C ———
PMIx v1.0	•	•
19	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_</pre>	server_abort_fn_t) (
20		const pmix proc t *proc,
21		void *server object,
22		int status,
23		const char msg[],
24		pmix proc t procs[],
25		size t nprocs,
26		pmix op cbfunc t cbfunc,
27		void *cbdata)

		• C •
1		IN proc
2		pmix_proc_t structure identifying the process requesting the abort (handle)
3		IN server_object
4		object reference (memory reference)
5		IN status
6		exit status (integer)
7		IN msg
8		exit status message (string)
9		IN procs
10		Array of pmix_proc_t structures identifying the processes to be terminated (array of
11		handles)
12		IN nprocs
13		Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)
14		IN cbfunc
15		Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
16		IN cbdata
17		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
18		Returns one of the following:
19 20 21		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
22 23		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
24 25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
26		Description
27		A local client called PMIx_Abort . Note that the client will be in a blocked state until the host
28		server executes the callback function, thus allowing the PMIx server library to release the client.
29		The array of <i>procs</i> indicates which processes are to be terminated. A NULL indicates that all
30		processes in the client's namespace are to be terminated.
31	11.2.5	<pre>pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t</pre>

32 Summary

33 At least one client called either **PMIx_Fence** or **PMIx_Fence_nb**.

1		Format
-	PMIx v1.0	
2		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t)(</pre>
3		<pre>const pmix_proc_t procs[],</pre>
4 5		<pre>size_t nprocs, const pmix_info_t info[],</pre>
6		size_t ninfo,
7		char *data, size_t ndata,
8		pmix_modex_cbfunc_t cbfunc,
9		void *cbdata)
-		C
10		IN procs
11		Array of pmix_proc_t structures identifying operation participants(array of handles)
12		IN nprocs
13		Number of elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)
14		IN info
15		Array of info structures (array of handles)
16		IN ninfo
17		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
18		IN data
19		(string)
20		IN ndata
21		(integer)
22		IN cbfunc
23		Callback function pmix_modex_cbfunc_t (function reference)
24		IN cbdata
25		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
26		Returns one of the following:
27		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
28		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function
29		prior to returning from the API.
30		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
31		returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
32		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
33		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called

1	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing.
2	
3	The following attributes are required to be supported by all host environments:
4 5	<pre>PMIX_COLLECT_DATA "pmix.collect" (bool) Collect data and return it at the end of the operation.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
6	The following attributes are optional for host environments:
7 8 9 10	PMIX_TIMEOUT " pmix.timeout " (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.
11 12 13 14 15	<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*) Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values.</pre>
16 17	<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool)</pre>
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
18 19 20	Host environment are required to return PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED if passed an attributed marked as PMIX_INFO_REQD that they do not support, even if support for that attribute is optional.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Description All local clients in the provided array of <i>procs</i> called either PMIx_Fence or PMIx_Fence_nb. In either case, the host server will be called via a non-blocking function to execute the specified operation once all participating local processes have contributed. All processes in the specified <i>procs</i> array are required to participate in the PMIx_Fence/PMIx_Fence_nb operation. The callback is to be executed once every daemon hosting at least one participant has called the host server's pmix_server_fencenb_fn_t function.
8 9	The PMIx server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request to the host environment once all local participants have executed the API.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
10 11 12 13 14	The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective. Data received from each node must be simply concatenated to form an aggregated unit, as shown in the following example:
	• C •
15 16 17	uint8_t *blob1, *blob2, *total; size_t sz_blob1, sz_blob2, sz_total;
18 19 20 21	<pre>sz_total = sz_blob1 + sz_blob2; total = (uint8_t*)malloc(sz_total); memcpy(total, blob1, sz_blob1); memcpy(&total[sz_blob1], blob2, sz_blob2);</pre>
22	Note that the ordering of the data blobs does not matter.
23 24 25	The provided data is to be collectively shared with all PMIx servers involved in the fence operation, and returned in the modex <i>cbfunc</i> . A NULL data value indicates that the local processes had no data to contribute.
26 27	The array of <i>info</i> structs is used to pass user-requested options to the server. This can include directives as to the algorithm to be used to execute the fence operation. The directives are optional

directives as to the algorithm to be used to execute the fence operation. The directives are optional unless the **PMIX_INFO_REQD** flag has been set - in such cases, the host RM is required to return an error if the directive cannot be met.

28

1 11.2.6 pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t

2 3 4	Summary Used by the PMIx server to request its local host contact the PMIx server on the remote node that hosts the specified proc to obtain and return a direct modex blob for that proc.
5 <i>PMIx v1.0</i>	Format C
6 7 8 9 10 11	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_dmodex_req_fn_t) (</pre>
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 IN proc pmix_proc_t structure identifying the process whose data is being requested (handle) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_modex_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
22 23	 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
24 25	will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
26 27	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
28	► Required Attributes · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	✓ Optional Attributes
1	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
2 3 4 5	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
6 7 8 9	Description Used by the PMIx server to request its local host contact the PMIx server on the remote node that hosts the specified proc to obtain and return any information that process posted via calls to PMIx_Put and PMIx_Commit .
10 11 12 13	The array of <i>info</i> structs is used to pass user-requested options to the server. This can include a timeout to preclude an indefinite wait for data that may never become available. The directives are optional unless the <i>mandatory</i> flag has been set - in such cases, the host RM is required to return an error if the directive cannot be met.

14 **11.2.7** pmix_server_publish_fn_t

15 16	Summary Publish data per the PMIx API specification.
17 <i>PMIx v1</i> .	Pormat
18	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_publish_fn_t) (</pre>
19 20	<pre>const pmix_proc_t *proc, const pmix_info t info[]</pre>
20	<pre>const pmix_info_t info[], circ t pinfo</pre>
21	size_t ninfo,
22	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
23	void *cbdata)
24	IN proc
25	pmix_proc_t structure of the process publishing the data (handle)
26	IN info
27	Array of info structures (array of handles)
28	IN ninfo
29	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
30	IN cbfunc
31	Callback function pmix op cbfunc t (function reference)
	• - • · · · · · · ·

1 2	IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
3	Returns one of the following:
4 5 6	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
7 8	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
9 10	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
11 12	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
13 14	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t) Effective user id.
15 16	PMIX_GRPID " pmix.egid " (uint32_t) Effective group id.
17	
18	Host environments that implement this entry point are required to support the following attributes:
19 20	PMIX_RANGE " pmix.range " (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
21 22	<pre>PMIX_PERSISTENCE "pmix.persist" (pmix_persistence_t) Value for calls to PMIx_Publish.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
23	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
24 25 26 27	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>

1 2 3 4 5	Description Publish data per the PMIx_Publish specification. The callback is to be executed upon completion of the operation. The default data range is left to the host environment, but expected to be PMIX_RANGE_SESSION , and the default persistence PMIX_PERSIST_SESSION or their equivalent. These values can be specified by including the respective attributed in the <i>info</i> array.
6	The persistence indicates how long the server should retain the data. Advice to PMIx server hosts
7 8 9 10 11 12	The host environment is not required to guarantee support for any specific range - i.e., the environment does not need to return an error if the data store doesn't support a specified range so long as it is covered by some internally defined range. However, the server must return an error (a) if the key is duplicative within the storage range, and (b) if the server does not allow overwriting of published info by the original publisher - it is left to the discretion of the host environment to allow info-key-based flags to modify this behavior.
13 14 15	The PMIX_USERID and PMIX_GRPID of the publishing process will be provided to support authorization-based access to published information and must be returned on any subsequent lookup request.

16 11.2.8 pmix_server_lookup_fn_t

Summary 17 Lookup published data. 18 Format 19 С PMIx v1.0 typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_lookup_fn_t)(20 const pmix_proc_t *proc, 21 22 char **keys, 23 const pmix_info_t info[], 24 size_t ninfo, pmix_lookup_cbfunc_t cbfunc, 25 void *cbdata) 26

	• C
1	IN proc
2 3	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of the process seeking the data (handle) IN keys</pre>
3 4	IN keys (array of strings)
5	IN info
6	Array of info structures (array of handles)
7 8	IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
9	IN cbfunc
10	Callback function pmix_lookup_cbfunc_t (function reference)
11 12	IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
13	Returns one of the following:
14 15 16	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
17 18	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
19 20	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
21 22	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
23 24	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t) Effective user id.
25 26	PMIX_GRPID " pmix.egid " (uint32_t) Effective group id.
27	
28	Host environments that implement this entry point are required to support the following attributes:
29 30	PMIX_RANGE " pmix.range " (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
31	PMIX_WAIT "pmix.wait" (int)
32 33	Caller requests that the PMIx server wait until at least the specified number of values are found (0 indicates all and is the default).

	✓ Optional Attributes
1	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
2 3 4 5	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
6 7 8	Description Lookup published data. The host server will be passed a NULL -terminated array of string keys identifying the data being requested.
9 10 11 12 13 14	The array of <i>info</i> structs is used to pass user-requested options to the server. The default data range is left to the host environment, but expected to be PMIX_RANGE_SESSION . This can include a wait flag to indicate that the server should wait for all data to become available before executing the callback function, or should immediately callback with whatever data is available. In addition, a timeout can be specified on the wait to preclude an indefinite wait for data that may never be published.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
15 16 17 18 19	The PMIX_USERID and PMIX_GRPID of the requesting process will be provided to support authorization-based access to published information. The host environment is not required to guarantee support for any specific range - i.e., the environment does not need to return an error if the data store doesn't support a specified range so long as it is covered by some internally defined range.

20 11.2.9 pmix_server_unpublish_fn_t

- 21 Summary
- 22 Delete data from the data store.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 1111 11.0	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_unpublish_fn_t) (</pre>
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		 IN proc pmix_proc_t structure identifying the process making the request (handle) IN keys (array of strings) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
21 22 23 24 25		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API. PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and
26 27 28		 a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called Required Attributes
29 30 31 32		PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array: PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) Effective user id.
33 34		PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.

1	
2	Host environments that implement this entry point are required to support the following attributes:
3	PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t)
4	Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.
	✓ Optional Attributes
5	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
6	PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)
7	Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in
8	error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
9	the target process from ever exposing its data.
10	Description
11	Delete data from the data store. The host server will be passed a NULL-terminated array of string
12	keys, plus potential directives such as the data range within which the keys should be deleted. The
13	default data range is left to the host environment, but expected to be PMIX_RANGE_SESSION .
14	The callback is to be executed upon completion of the delete procedure.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
15	The PMIX_USERID and PMIX_GRPID of the requesting process will be provided to support
16	authorization-based access to published information. The host environment is not required to
17	guarantee support for any specific range - i.e., the environment does not need to return an error if
18	the data store doesn't support a specified range so long as it is covered by some internally defined
19	range.
	·

20 11.2.10 pmix_server_spawn_fn_t

21 Summary

22 Spawn a set of applications/processes as per the **PMIx_Spawn** API.

1		Format
	PMIx v1.0	•
2		typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_spawn_fn_t)(
3 4		const pmix_proc_t *proc, const pmix_info_t job_info[],
4 5		size_t ninfo,
6		const pmix_app_t apps[],
7		size_t napps,
8		pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t cbfunc,
9		void *cbdata)
		C
10		IN proc
11		<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of the process making the request (handle)</pre>
12		IN job_info
13		Array of info structures (array of handles)
14 15		IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>jobinfo</i> array (integer)
16		IN apps
17		Array of pmix_app_t structures (array of handles)
18		IN napps
19		Number of elements in the <i>apps</i> array (integer)
20		IN cbfunc
21		Callback function pmix_spawn_cbfunc_t (function reference)
22		IN cbdata
23		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
24		Returns one of the following:
25		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
26		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function
27		prior to returning from the API.
28		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
29		returned success - the cbfunc will not be called
30		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
31		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
32		PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing.
33		In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
34 35		PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) Effective user id.
55		Encerve user Id.

PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)

Effective group id.

1

4 5 6 7 8	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to pass the PMIX_SPAWNED and PMIX_PARENT_ID attributes to all PMIx servers launching new child processes so those values can be returned to clients upon connection to the PMIx server. In addition, they are required to support the following attributes when present in either the <i>job_info</i> or the <i>info</i> array of an element of the <i>apps</i> array:
9	PMIX_WDIR " pmix.wdir " (char *)
10	Working directory for spawned processes.
11 12 13 14	<pre>PMIX_SET_SESSION_CWD "pmix.ssncwd" (bool) Set the application's current working directory to the session working directory assigned by the RM - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the session working directory assigned to the provided namespace</pre>
15	PMIX_PREFIX "pmix.prefix" (char*)
16	Prefix to use for starting spawned processes.
17	PMIX_HOST "pmix.host" (char*)
18	Comma-delimited list of hosts to use for spawned processes.
19 20	<pre>PMIX_HOSTFILE "pmix.hostfile" (char*) Hostfile to use for spawned processes.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
21	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
22	PMIX_ADD_HOSTFILE " pmix.addhostfile " (char*)
23	Hostfile listing hosts to add to existing allocation.
24	PMIX_ADD_HOST " pmix.addhost " (char *)
25	Comma-delimited list of hosts to add to the allocation.
26	PMIX_PRELOAD_BIN "pmix.preloadbin" (bool)
27	Preload binaries onto nodes.
28	PMIX_PRELOAD_FILES "pmix.preloadfiles" (char *)
29	Comma-delimited list of files to pre-position on nodes.
30	PMIX_PERSONALITY " pmix.pers " (char *)
31	Name of personality to use.
32	PMIX_MAPPER "pmix.mapper" (char*)

1 2 3	Mapping mechanism to use for placing spawned processes - when accessed using PMIx_Get , use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping mechanism used for the provided namespace.
4	PMIX_DISPLAY_MAP " pmix.dispmap " (bool)
5	Display process mapping upon spawn.
6	PMIX_PPR "pmix.ppr" (char*)
7	Number of processes to spawn on each identified resource.
8 9 10 11	<pre>PMIX_MAPBY "pmix.mapby" (char*) Process mapping policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the mapping policy used for the provided namespace</pre>
12 13 14 15	<pre>PMIX_RANKBY "pmix.rankby" (char*) Process ranking policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the ranking algorithm used for the provided namespace</pre>
16 17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_BINDTO "pmix.bindto" (char*) Process binding policy - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the binding policy used for the provided namespace</pre>
20	PMIX_NON_PMI "pmix.nonpmi" (bool)
21	Spawned processes will not call PMIx_Init.
22	PMIX_STDIN_TGT " pmix.stdin " (uint32_t)
23	Spawned process rank that is to receive stdin .
24	PMIX_FWD_STDIN " pmix.fwd.stdin " (bool)
25	Forward this process's stdin to the designated process.
26	PMIX_FWD_STDOUT " pmix.fwd.stdout " (bool)
27	Forward stdout from spawned processes to this process.
28	PMIX_FWD_STDERR " pmix.fwd.stderr " (bool)
29	Forward stderr from spawned processes to this process.
30	PMIX_DEBUGGER_DAEMONS " pmix.debugger " (bool)
31	Spawned application consists of debugger daemons.
32	PMIX_TAG_OUTPUT " pmix.tagout " (bool)
33	Tag application output with the identity of the source process.
34	PMIX_TIMESTAMP_OUTPUT " pmix.tsout " (bool)
35	Timestamp output from applications.
36	PMIX_MERGE_STDERR_STDOUT "pmix.mergeerrout" (bool)

1	Merge stdout and stderr streams from application processes.
2	PMIX_OUTPUT_TO_FILE " pmix.outfile " (char*)
3	Output application output to the specified file.
4	PMIX_INDEX_ARGV "pmix.indxargv" (bool)
5	Mark the argv with the rank of the process.
6 7 8 9	<pre>PMIX_CPUS_PER_PROC "pmix.cpuperproc" (uint32_t) Number of cpus to assign to each rank - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpus/process assigned to the provided namespace</pre>
10	PMIX_NO_PROCS_ON_HEAD " pmix.nolocal " (bool)
11	Do not place processes on the head node.
12	PMIX_NO_OVERSUBSCRIBE " pmix.noover " (bool)
13	Do not oversubscribe the cpus.
14	PMIX_REPORT_BINDINGS " pmix.repbind " (bool)
15	Report bindings of the individual processes.
16 17 18 19	<pre>PMIX_CPU_LIST "pmix.cpulist" (char*) List of cpus to use for this job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the cpu list used for the provided namespace</pre>
20	PMIX_JOB_RECOVERABLE " pmix.recover " (bool)
21	Application supports recoverable operations.
22	PMIX_JOB_CONTINUOUS " pmix.continuous " (bool)
23	Application is continuous, all failed processes should be immediately restarted.
24 25 26 27	<pre>PMIX_MAX_RESTARTS "pmix.maxrestarts" (uint32_t) Maximum number of times to restart a job - when accessed using PMIx_Get, use the PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD value for the rank to discover the max restarts for the provided namespace</pre>
28	PMIX_TIMEOUT " pmix.timeout " (int)
29	Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in
30	error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
31	the target process from ever exposing its data.

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Description

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- 2 Spawn a set of applications/processes as per the **PMIx** Spawn API. Note that applications are not 3 required to be MPI or any other programming model. Thus, the host server cannot make any 4 assumptions as to their required support. The callback function is to be executed once all processes 5 have been started. An error in starting any application or process in this request shall cause all 6 applications and processes in the request to be terminated, and an error returned to the originating 7 caller.
- 8 Note that a timeout can be specified in the job_info array to indicate that failure to start the 9 requested job within the given time should result in termination to avoid hangs.

11.2.11 pmix_server_connect_fn_t 10

- Summary 11 Record the specified processes as connected.
- 12

C
ix_status_t (*pmix_server_connect_fn_t)(
const pmix_proc_t procs[],
size_t nprocs,
const pmix_info_t info[],
size_t ninfo,
<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
void *cbdata)
C
<pre>pmix_proc_t structures identifying participants (array of handles)</pre>
f elements in the <i>procs</i> array (integer)
nfo structures (array of handles)
f elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
e passed to the callback function (memory reference)
i i f

- Returns one of the following:
- **PMIX_SUCCESS**, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment result will be returned in the provided *cbfunc*. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.

1 2	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
3 4	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
5	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing.
	✓ Optional Attributes
6	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
7 8 9 10	PMIX_TIMEOUT " pmix.timeout " (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (<i>0</i> indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.
11 12 13 14 15	<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO "pmix.calgo" (char*) Comma-delimited list of algorithms to use for the collective operation. PMIx does not impose any requirements on a host environment's collective algorithms. Thus, the acceptable values for this attribute will be environment-dependent - users are encouraged to check their host environment for supported values.</pre>
16 17	<pre>PMIX_COLLECTIVE_ALGO_REQD "pmix.calreqd" (bool) If true, indicates that the requested choice of algorithm is mandatory.</pre>
18 19 20 21	Description Record the processes specified by the <i>procs</i> array as <i>connected</i> as per the PMIx definition. The callback is to be executed once every daemon hosting at least one participant has called the host server's pmix_server_connect_fn_t function, and the host environment has completed any
22	supporting operations required to meet the terms of the PMIx definition of <i>connected</i> processes.
23 24	The PMIx server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request to the host environment once all local participants have executed the API.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
25 26 27	The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective.

11.2.12 pmix_server_disconnect_fn_t 1 2 Summarv Disconnect a previously connected set of processes. 3 Format 4 С PMIx v1.0 5 typedef pmix status t (*pmix server disconnect fn t) (6 const pmix proc t procs[], 7 size t nprocs, const pmix_info_t info[], 8 9 size t ninfo, 10 pmix op cbfunc t cbfunc, void *cbdata) 11 C 12 IN procs Array of **pmix_proc_t** structures identifying participants (array of handles) 13 IN 14 nprocs Number of elements in the *procs* array (integer) 15 16 IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) 17 ninfo 18 IN Number of elements in the *info* array (integer) 19 IN cbfunc 20 21 Callback function **pmix** op **cbfunc** t (function reference) IN cbdata 22 23 Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) Returns one of the following: 24 25 • **PMIX_SUCCESS**, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided *cbfunc*. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function 26 prior to returning from the API. 27 28 • PMIX OPERATION SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned success - the cbfunc will not be called 29 30 • a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the cbfunc will not be called 31 Required Attributes _____ 32 PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. **A**

	✓ Optional Attributes
1	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
2	PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)
3	Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (θ indicating infinite) in
4	error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
5	the target process from ever exposing its data.
	Description
6	Description
7	Disconnect a previously connected set of processes. The callback is to be executed once every
8	daemon hosting at least one participant has called the host server's has called the
9 10	pmix_server_disconnect_fn_t function, and the host environment has completed any required supporting operations.
10	
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
11	The PMIx server library is required to aggregate participation by local clients, passing the request
12	to the host environment once all local participants have executed the API.
	▲ ▲
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
13	The host will receive a single call for each collective operation. It is the responsibility of the host to
14	identify the nodes containing participating processes, execute the collective across all participating
15	nodes, and notify the local PMIx server library upon completion of the global collective.
16	A PMIX_ERR_INVALID_OPERATION error must be returned if the specified set of <i>procs</i> was
17	not previously <i>connected</i> via a call to the pmix_server_connect_fn_t function.

18 11.2.13 pmix_server_register_events_fn_t

19	Summary
20	Register to receive notifications for the specified

Register to receive notifications for the specified events.

1	PMIx v1.0	Format
2 3 4 5 7 8	FMIX VI.0	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_register_events_fn_t) (</pre>
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		 IN codes Array of pmix_status_t values (array of handles) IN ncodes Number of elements in the <i>codes</i> array (integer) IN info Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ninfo Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
21 22 23 24		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
25 26 27 28		 PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called Required Attributes
29 30 31 32 33 34		PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array: PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t) Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.

1 2 3	Description Register to receive notifications for the specified status codes. The <i>info</i> array included in this API is reserved for possible future directives to further steer notification.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
4 5	The PMIx server library must track all client registrations for subsequent notification. This module function shall only be called when:
6 7	• the client has requested notification of an environmental code or a code that lies outside the defined PMIx range of constants; and
8 9	 the PMIx server library has not previously requested notification of that code - i.e., the host environment is to be contacted only once a given unique code value
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
10 11 12	The host environment is must to pass to its PMIx server library all non-environmental events that directly relate to a registered namespace without the PMIx server library explicitly requesting them. Environmental events are to be translated to their nearest PMIx equivalent code.

13 11.2.14 pmix_server_deregister_events_fn_t

14 Summary

15 Deregister to receive notifications for the specified events.

1		Format
2 3 4 5 6	PMIx v1.0	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_deregister_events_fn_t) (</pre>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		 IN codes Array of pmix_status_t values (array of handles) IN ncodes Number of elements in the <i>codes</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
15 16 17 18		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
19 20 21 22		 PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
23 24 25		Description Deregister to receive notifications for the specified events to which the PMIx server has previously registered. Advice to PMIx library implementers
26 27		The PMIx server library must track all client registrations. This module function shall only be called when:
28 29		• the library is deregistering an environmental code or a code that lies outside the defined PMIx range of constants; and
30 31 32		• no client (including the server library itself) remains registered for notifications on any included code - i.e., a code should be included in this call only when no registered notifications against it remain.

1 11.2.15 pmix_server_notify_event_fn_t

2 Summary

3

Notify the specified processes of an event.

4 <i>PMIx v2.</i> 0	Format C
5	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_notify_event_fn_t)(pmix_status_t code,</pre>
6	const pmix_proc_t *source,
7	<pre>pmix_data_range_t range,</pre>
8	pmix_info_t info[],
9	size_t ninfo,
10	<pre>pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
11	<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>
	• C • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
12	IN code
13	The pmix_status_t event code being referenced structure (handle)
14	IN source
15	pmix_proc_t of process that generated the event (handle)
16	IN range
17	pmix_data_range_t range over which the event is to be distributed (handle)
18	IN info
19	Optional array of pmix_info_t structures containing additional information on the event
20	(array of handles)
21	IN ninfo
22	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
23	IN cbfunc
24	Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
25	IN cbdata
26	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
27	Returns one of the following:
28	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
29	will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function
30	prior to returning from the API.
31	• DMTX ODERATION SUCCEEDED indicating that the request was immediately processed and
32	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
52	
33	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
34	processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called

----- Required Attributes

1	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing.
2	
3 4	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to support the following attributes:
5 6	<pre>PMIX_RANGE "pmix.range" (pmix_data_range_t) Value for calls to publish/lookup/unpublish or for monitoring event notifications.</pre>
7	Description
8	Notify the specified processes (described through a combination of <i>range</i> and attributes provided in
9	the <i>info</i> array) of an event generated either by the PMIx server itself or by one of its local clients.
10	The process generating the event is provided in the source parameter, and any further descriptive
11	information is included in the <i>info</i> array.
	Advice to PMIx server hosts
12	The callback function is to be executed once the host environment no longer requires that the PMIx
13	server library maintain the provided data structures. It does not necessarily indicate that the event
14	has been delivered to any process, nor that the event has been distributed for delivery

15 **11.2.16** pmix_server_listener_fn_t

16	Summary
17	Register a socket the host server can monitor for connection requests.
18	Format
PMIx v1.0	• C•
19	typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_listener_fn_t)(
20	<pre>int listening_sd,</pre>
21	<pre>pmix_connection_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
22	void *cbdata)
	• C
23	IN incoming_sd
24	(integer)
25	IN cbfunc
26	Callback function pmix_connection_cbfunc_t (function reference)
27	IN cbdata
28	(memory reference)
29	Returns PMIX_SUCCESS indicating that the request is accepted, or a negative value corresponding
30	to a PMIx error constant indicating that the request has been rejected.

1

Register a socket the host environment can monitor for connection requests, harvest them, and then call the PMIx server library's internal callback function for further processing. A listener thread is essential to efficiently harvesting connection requests from large numbers of local clients such as occur when running on large SMPs. The host server listener is required to call accept on the incoming connection request, and then pass the resulting socket to the provided cbfunc. A **NULL** for this function will cause the internal PMIx server to spawn its own listener thread.

8 11.2.17 pmix_server_query_fn_t

9 **Summary** 10 Ouery informa

Query information from the resource manager.

11	Format
PMIx v2.0	C
12	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_query_fn_t)(</pre>
13	pmix_proc_t *proct,
14	pmix_query_t *queries, size_t nqueries
15	pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc,
16	void *cbdata)
	C
17	IN proct
18	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of the requesting process (handle)</pre>
19	IN queries
20	Array of pmix_query_t structures (array of handles)
21	IN nqueries
22	Number of elements in the queries array (integer)
23	IN cbfunc
24	Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
25	IN cbdata
26	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
27	Returns one of the following:
28 29 30	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
31	
32	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
33 34	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called

Required Attributes

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PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed *info* array:

3	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t)
4	Effective user id.
5 6	<pre>PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
7	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
8	PMIX_QUERY_NAMESPACES " pmix.qry.ns " (char*)
9	Request a comma-delimited list of active namespaces.
10	PMIX_QUERY_JOB_STATUS " pmix.qry.jst " (pmix_status_t)
11	Status of a specified, currently executing job.
12	PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_LIST " pmix.qry.qlst " (char *)
13	Request a comma-delimited list of scheduler queues.
14	PMIX_QUERY_QUEUE_STATUS " pmix.qry.qst " (TBD)
15	Status of a specified scheduler queue.
16 17 18	<pre>PMIX_QUERY_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.ptable" (char*) Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns (pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t.</pre>
19 20 21 22	<pre>PMIX_QUERY_LOCAL_PROC_TABLE "pmix.qry.lptable" (char*) Input namespace of the job whose information is being requested returns (pmix_data_array_t) an array of pmix_proc_info_t for processes in job on same node.</pre>
23	PMIX_QUERY_SPAWN_SUPPORT " pmix.qry.spawn " (bool)
24	Return a comma-delimited list of supported spawn attributes.
25	PMIX_QUERY_DEBUG_SUPPORT " pmix.qry.debug " (bool)
26	Return a comma-delimited list of supported debug attributes.
27	PMIX_QUERY_MEMORY_USAGE " pmix.qry.mem " (bool)
28	Return information on memory usage for the processes indicated in the qualifiers.
29	PMIX_QUERY_LOCAL_ONLY " pmix.qry.local " (bool)
30	Constrain the query to local information only.
31	PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_AVG " pmix . qry . avg " (bool)
32	Report only average values for sampled information.

1 2	PMIX_QUERY_REPORT_MINMAX " pmix.qry.minmax " (bool) Report minimum and maximum values.
3 4	PMIX_QUERY_ALLOC_STATUS " pmix.query.alloc " (char *) String identifier of the allocation whose status is being requested.
5 6 7	<pre>PMIX_TIME_REMAINING "pmix.time.remaining" (char*) Query number of seconds (uint32_t) remaining in allocation for the specified namespace.</pre>
8 9 10 11	Description Query information from the host environment. The query will include the namespace/rank of the process that is requesting the info, an array of pmix_query_t describing the request, and a callback function/data for the return. Advice to PMIx library implementers
12 13	The PMIx server library should not block in this function as the host environment may, depending upon the information being requested, require significant time to respond.

14 11.2.18 pmix_server_tool_connection_fn_t

15	Summary
16	Register that a tool has connected to the server.
17	Format
PMIx v2.0	0
18	<pre>typedef void (*pmix_server_tool_connection_fn_t)(</pre>
19	<pre>pmix_info_t info[], size_t ninfo,</pre>
20	<pre>pmix_tool_connection_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
21	void *cbdata)
	C
22	IN info
23	Array of pmix_info_t structures (array of handles)
24	IN ninfo
25	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
26	IN cbfunc
27	Callback function pmix_tool_connection_cbfunc_t (function reference)
28	IN cbdata
29	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)

1	PMIx libraries are required to pass the following attributes in the <i>info</i> array:		
2 3	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t) Effective user id.		
4 5	<pre>PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.</pre>		
	✓ Optional Attributes		
6	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:		
7 8	PMIX_FWD_STDOUT " pmix.fwd.stdout " (bool) Forward stdout from spawned processes to this process.		
9 10	PMIX_FWD_STDERR " pmix.fwd.stderr " (bool) Forward stderr from spawned processes to this process.		
11 12	<pre>PMIX_FWD_STDIN "pmix.fwd.stdin" (bool) Forward this process's stdin to the designated process.</pre>		
13	Description		
14	Register that a tool has connected to the server, and request that the tool be assigned a		
15	namespace/rank identifier for further interactions. The pmix_info_t array is used to pass		
16	aualifiers for the connection request, including the effective uid and gid of the calling tool for		

qualifiers for the connection request, including the effective uid and gid of the calling tool for authentication purposes.

Advice to PMIx server hosts —

The host environment is solely responsible for authenticating and authorizing the connection, and 18 for authorizing all subsequent tool requests. The host must not execute the callback function prior 19 20 to returning from the API.

11.2.19 pmix_server_log_fn_t 21

22	Su	mma	ary	
	_			

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Log data on behalf of a client. 23

T

1	Format
PMIx v2.0	
2 3 4 5 6	<pre>typedef void (*pmix_server_log_fn_t) (</pre>
	C
7	IN client
8	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure (handle)</pre>
9 10	IN data Array of info structures (array of handles)
10	IN ndata
12	Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (integer)
13	IN directives
14	Array of info structures (array of handles)
15	IN ndirs
16	Number of elements in the <i>directives</i> array (integer)
17	IN cbfunc
18 19	Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
20	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
20	Required Attributes
21 22	PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
23 24	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t) Effective user id.
25 26	PMIX_GRPID " pmix.egid " (uint32_t) Effective group id.
27	
28 29	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to support the following attributes:
30 31	PMIX_LOG_STDERR " pmix.log.stderr " (char*) Log string to stderr .
32 33	<pre>PMIX_LOG_STDOUT "pmix.log.stdout" (char*) Log string to stdout.</pre>
34	<pre>PMIX_LOG_SYSLOG "pmix.log.syslog" (char*)</pre>

1 2	Log data to syslog. Defaults to ERROR priority. Will log to global syslog if available, otherwise to local syslog
	Optional Attributes
3	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
4 5	PMIX_LOG_MSG " pmix.log.msg " (pmix_byte_object_t) Message blob to be sent somewhere.
6 7	PMIX_LOG_EMAIL " pmix.log.email " (pmix_data_array_t) Log via email based on pmix_info_t containing directives.
8 9	PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_ADDR " pmix.log.emaddr " (char*) Comma-delimited list of email addresses that are to receive the message.
10 11	<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_SUBJECT "pmix.log.emsub" (char*) Subject line for email.</pre>
12 13	<pre>PMIX_LOG_EMAIL_MSG "pmix.log.emmsg" (char*) Message to be included in email.</pre>

Log data on behalf of a client. This function is not intended for output of computational results, but
rather for reporting status and error messages. The host must not execute the callback function prior
to returning from the API.

18 11.2.20 pmix_server_alloc_fn_t

19 Summary

20 Request allocation operations on behalf of a client.

1		Format
	PMIx v2.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_alloc_fn_t)(</pre>
3		<pre>const pmix_proc_t *client,</pre>
4		<pre>pmix_alloc_directive_t directive,</pre>
5 6		const pmix_info_t data[], size_t ndata, pmix info cbfunc t cbfunc, void *cbdata)
0		
		e
7		IN client
8 9		<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of process making request (handle) IN directive</pre>
9 10		Specific action being requested (pmix_alloc_directive_t)
11		IN data
12		Array of info structures (array of handles)
13		IN ndata
14		Number of elements in the <i>data</i> array (integer)
15		IN cbfunc
16		Callback function pmix_info_cbfunc_t (function reference)
17 18		IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
-		-
19		Returns one of the following:
20		• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result
21		will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function
22		prior to returning from the API.
23		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
24		returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
25		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
26		processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
		✓ Required Attributes
27		PMIx libraries are required to pass any provided attributes to the host environment for processing.
28		In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
29		PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
30		Effective user id.
31		PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)
32		Effective group id.

1	
2 3	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to support the following attributes:
4 5 6	PMIX_ALLOC_ID "pmix.alloc.id" (char*) A string identifier (provided by the host environment) for the resulting allocation which can later be used to reference the allocated resources in, for example, a call to PMIx_Spawn.
7 8	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_NODES "pmix.alloc.nnodes" (uint64_t) The number of nodes.</pre>
9 10	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPUS " pmix.alloc.ncpus " (uint64_t) Number of cpus.
11 12	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_TIME "pmix.alloc.time" (uint32_t) Time in seconds.</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
13	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
14 15	PMIX_ALLOC_NODE_LIST " pmix.alloc.nlist " (char *) Regular expression of the specific nodes.
16 17	PMIX_ALLOC_NUM_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.ncpulist " (char *) Regular expression of the number of cpus for each node.
18 19	PMIX_ALLOC_CPU_LIST " pmix.alloc.cpulist " (char *) Regular expression of the specific cpus indicating the cpus involved.
20 21	PMIX_ALLOC_MEM_SIZE " pmix.alloc.msize " (float) Number of Megabytes.
22 23 24 25	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK "pmix.alloc.net" (array) Array of pmix_info_t describing requested network resources. This must include at least: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID, PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE, and PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ENDPTS, plus whatever other descriptors are desired.</pre>
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_ID "pmix.alloc.netid" (char*) The key to be used when accessing this requested network allocation. The allocation will be returned/stored as a pmix_data_array_t of pmix_info_t indexed by this key and containing at least one entry with the same key and the allocated resource description. The type of the included value depends upon the network support. For example, a TCP allocation might consist of a comma-delimited string of socket ranges such as "32000-32100,33005,38123-38146". Additional entries will consist of any provided resource request directives, along with their assigned values. Examples include: PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_TYPE - the type of resources provided; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_PLANE - if applicable, what plane the resources were assigned</pre>

1 2 3 4	from; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS - the assigned QoS; PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH - the allocated bandwidth; PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_SEC_KEY - a security key for the requested network allocation. NOTE: the assigned values may differ from those requested, especially if PMIX_INFO_REQD was not set in the request.
5 6	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_BANDWIDTH "pmix.alloc.bw" (float) Mbits/sec.</pre>
7 8	<pre>PMIX_ALLOC_NETWORK_QOS "pmix.alloc.netqos" (char*) Quality of service level.</pre>

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Request new allocation or modifications to an existing allocation on behalf of a client. Several broad categories are envisioned, including the ability to:

- Request allocation of additional resources, including memory, bandwidth, and compute for an existing allocation. Any additional allocated resources will be considered as part of the current allocation, and thus will be released at the same time.
 - Request a new allocation of resources. Note that the new allocation will be disjoint from (i.e., not affiliated with) the allocation of the requestor thus the termination of one allocation will not impact the other.
 - Extend the reservation on currently allocated resources, subject to scheduling availability and priorities.
 - Return no-longer-required resources to the scheduler. This includes the *loan* of resources back to the scheduler with a promise to return them upon subsequent request.

The callback function provides a *status* to indicate whether or not the request was granted, and to provide some information as to the reason for any denial in the **pmix_info_cbfunc_t** array of **pmix_info_t** structures.

25 11.2.21 pmix_server_job_control_fn_t

26 Summary

27 Execute a job control action on behalf of a client.

1 <i>PMI</i> r v2 0	Format
<i>PMIx v2.0</i> 2 3 4 5 6	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_job_control_fn_t)(</pre>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 IN requestor pmix_proc_t structure of requesting process (handle) IN targets Array of proc structures (array of handles) IN ntargets Number of elements in the <i>targets</i> array (integer) IN directives Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata
20 21	Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) Returns one of the following:
22 23 24	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
25 26	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
27 28	 a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called Required Attributes
29 30 31	PMIx libraries are required to pass any attributes provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array: PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t)
32 33 34	Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.

1	
2 3	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to support the following attributes:
4	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_ID " pmix.jctrl.id " (char*)
5	Provide a string identifier for this request.
6	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PAUSE " pmix.jctrl.pause " (bool)
7	Pause the specified processes.
8	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESUME " pmix.jctrl.resume " (bool)
9	Resume ("un-pause") the specified processes.
10	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_KILL " pmix.jctrl.kill " (bool)
11	Forcibly terminate the specified processes and cleanup.
12	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_SIGNAL " pmix.jctrl.sig " (int)
13	Send given signal to specified processes.
14 15	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_TERMINATE "pmix.jctrl.term" (bool) Politely terminate the specified processes.</pre>
	Optional Attributes
16	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
17	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CANCEL " pmix.jctrl.cancel " (char *)
18	Cancel the specified request (NULL implies cancel all requests from this requestor).
19	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_RESTART " pmix.jctrl.restart " (char*)
20	Restart the specified processes using the given checkpoint ID.
21	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT " pmix.jctrl.ckpt " (char *)
22	Checkpoint the specified processes and assign the given ID to it.
23	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_EVENT " pmix.jctrl.ckptev " (bool)
24	Use event notification to trigger a process checkpoint.
25	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_SIGNAL " pmix.jctrl.ckptsig " (int)
26	Use the given signal to trigger a process checkpoint.
27	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_TIMEOUT " pmix.jctrl.ckptsig " (int)
28	Time in seconds to wait for a checkpoint to complete.
29 30 31	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_CHECKPOINT_METHOD "pmix.jctrl.ckmethod" (pmix_data_array_t) Array of pmix_info_t declaring each method and value supported by this application.</pre>
32	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION "pmix.jctrl.pvn" (char*)</pre>

1	Regular expression identifying nodes that are to be provisioned.
2 3	PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PROVISION_IMAGE " pmix.jctrl.pvnimg " (char*) Name of the image that is to be provisioned.
4 5	<pre>PMIX_JOB_CTRL_PREEMPTIBLE "pmix.jctrl.preempt" (bool) Indicate that the job can be pre-empted.</pre>

Execute a job control action on behalf of a client. The *targets* array identifies the processes to
which the requested job control action is to be applied. A NULL value can be used to indicate all
processes in the caller's namespace. The use of PMIX_RANK_WILDCARD can also be used to
indicate that all processes in the given namespace are to be included.

11 The directives are provided as **pmix_info_t** structures in the *directives* array. The callback 12 function provides a *status* to indicate whether or not the request was granted, and to provide some 13 information as to the reason for any denial in the **pmix_info_cbfunc_t** array of 14 **pmix_info_t** structures.

15 **11.2.22** pmix_server_monitor_fn_t

16	Summary
17	Request that a client be monitored for activity.
18 <i>PMIx v2.0</i>	Format C
19	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_monitor_fn_t) (</pre>
20	<pre>const pmix_proc_t *requestor,</pre>
21	<pre>const pmix_info_t *monitor, pmix_status_t error</pre>
22	<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[], size_t ndirs,</pre>
23	<pre>pmix_info_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata);</pre>
24	IN requestor
25	<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of requesting process (handle)</pre>
26	IN monitor
27	<pre>pmix_info_t identifying the type of monitor being requested (handle)</pre>
28	IN error
29	Status code to use in generating event if alarm triggers (integer)
30	IN directives
31	Array of info structures (array of handles)
32	IN ndirs
33	Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)

1 2	IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference)
3 4	IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
5	Returns one of the following:
6 7 8	• PMIX_SUCCESS , indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i> . Note that the host must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
9 10	• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
11 12	• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
13 14	This entry point is only called for monitoring requests that are not directly supported by the PMIx server library itself.
15 16 17 18	If supported by the PMIx server library, then the library must not pass any supported attributes to the host environment. Any attributes provided by the client that are not directly supported by the server library must be passed to the host environment if it provides this module entry. In addition, the following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array:
19 20	PMIX_USERID " pmix.euid " (uint32_t) Effective user id.
21 22	PMIX_GRPID " pmix.egid " (uint32_t) Effective group id.
23	
24	Host environments are not required to support any specific monitoring attributes.
	✓ Optional Attributes
25	The following attributes may be implemented by a host environment.
26 27	PMIX_MONITOR_ID " pmix.monitor.id " (char *) Provide a string identifier for this request.
28 29	PMIX_MONITOR_CANCEL " pmix.monitor.cancel " (char *) Identifier to be canceled (NULL means cancel all monitoring for this process).
30 31	PMIX_MONITOR_APP_CONTROL " pmix.monitor.appctrl " (bool) The application desires to control the response to a monitoring event.
32	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT "pmix.monitor.mbeat" (void)

1	Register to have the PMIx server monitor the requestor for heartbeats.
2	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_TIME " pmix.monitor.btime " (uint32_t)
3	Time in seconds before declaring heartbeat missed.
4	PMIX_MONITOR_HEARTBEAT_DROPS " pmix.monitor.bdrop " (uint32_t)
5	Number of heartbeats that can be missed before generating the event.
6	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE " pmix.monitor.fmon " (char *)
7	Register to monitor file for signs of life.
8	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_SIZE " pmix.monitor.fsize " (bool)
9	Monitor size of given file is growing to determine if the application is running.
10	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_ACCESS " pmix.monitor.faccess " (char*)
11	Monitor time since last access of given file to determine if the application is running.
12	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_MODIFY " pmix.monitor.fmod " (char*)
13	Monitor time since last modified of given file to determine if the application is running.
14	PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_CHECK_TIME " pmix.monitor.ftime " (uint32_t)
15	Time in seconds between checking the file.
16 17	<pre>PMIX_MONITOR_FILE_DROPS "pmix.monitor.fdrop" (uint32_t) Number of file checks that can be missed before generating the event.</pre>
18 19	Description Request that a client be monitored for activity. Advice to PMIx server hosts
20 21 22	If this module entry is provided and called by the PMIx server library, then the host environment must either provide the requested services or return PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED to the provided <i>cbfunc</i> .

23 11.2.23 pmix_server_get_cred_fn_t

24	Summary
25	Request a credential from the host environment

1		Format
	PMIx v3.0	•
2		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_get_cred_fn_t) (</pre>
3		<pre>const pmix_proc_t *proc,</pre>
4		<pre>const pmix_info_t directives[],</pre>
5		size_t ndirs,
6		<pre>pmix_credential_cbfunc_t cbfunc,</pre>
7		<pre>void *cbdata);</pre>
8		IN proc
9		<pre>pmix_proc_t structure of requesting process (handle)</pre>
10		IN directives
11		Array of info structures (array of handles)
12		IN ndirs
13		Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer)
14		IN cbfunc
15		Callback function to return the credential (pmix_credential_cbfunc_t function
16		reference)
17		IN cbdata
18		Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
19		Returns PMIX_SUCCESS or a negative value corresponding to a PMIx error constant. In the event
20		the function returns an error, the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called.
		✓ Required Attributes
21		If the PMIx library does not itself provide the requested credential, then it is required to pass any
22		attributes provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, it must include
23		the following attributes in the passed <i>info</i> array:
24		PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
25		Effective user id.
26		PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t)
27		Effective group id.
		A

	✓ Optional Attributes
1	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
2 3 4 5	<pre>PMIX_CRED_TYPE "pmix.sec.ctype" (char*) When passed in PMIx_Get_credential, a prioritized, comma-delimited list of desired credential types for use in environments where multiple authentication mechanisms may be available. When returned in a callback function, a string identifier of the credential type.</pre>
6 7 8 9	<pre>PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int) Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent the target process from ever exposing its data.</pre>
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
10 11 12 13 14 15	We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid passing PMIX_TIMEOUT to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not created.
16 17	Description Request a credential from the host environment Advice to PMIx server hosts
18 19 20	If this module entry is provided and called by the PMIx server library, then the host environment must either provide the requested credential in the callback function or immediately return an error to the caller.

- 21 11.2.24 pmix_server_validate_cred_fn_t
- 22 Summary
- 23 Request validation of a credential

1	PMIx v3.0	Format C
2 3 4 5 6 7 8		<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_validate_cred_fn_t)(</pre>
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		 IN proc pmix_proc_t structure of requesting process (handle) IN cred Pointer to pmix_byte_object_t containing the credential (handle) IN directives Array of info structures (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN cbfunc Callback function to return the result (pmix_validation_cbfunc_t function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
21 22 23		 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>
24 25 26 27		 PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
28 29 30 31		Required Attributes If the PMIx library does not itself validate the credential, then it is required to pass any attributes provided by the client to the host environment for processing. In addition, it must include the following attributes in the passed <i>info</i> array: PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
32 33 34		Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID "pmix.egid" (uint32_t) Effective group id.

1	
2	Host environments are not required to support any specific attributes.
	A
	✓ Optional Attributes
3	The following attributes are optional for host environments that support this operation:
4	PMIX_TIMEOUT "pmix.timeout" (int)
5	Time in seconds before the specified operation should time out (0 indicating infinite) in
6	error. The timeout parameter can help avoid "hangs" due to programming errors that prevent
1	the target process from ever exposing its data.
	Advice to PMIx library implementers
8	We recommend that implementation of the PMIX_TIMEOUT attribute be left to the host
9	environment due to race condition considerations between completion of the operation versus
10 11	internal timeout in the PMIx server library. Implementers that choose to support PMIX_TIMEOUT directly in the PMIx server library must take care to resolve the race condition and should avoid
12	passing PMIX_TIMEOUT to the host environment so that multiple competing timeouts are not
13	created.
14	Description
15	Request validation of a credential obtained from the host environment via a prior call to the
16	pmix_server_get_cred_fn_t module entry.
17 11.2	2.25 pmix_server_iof_fn_t
	T-----

18 Summary
19 Request the specified IO channels be forwarded from the given array of processes.

1 PMIx v.	Format
2 3 4 5 6	<pre>typedef pmix_status_t (*pmix_server_iof_fn_t)(</pre>
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 IN procs Array pmix_proc_t identifiers whose IO is being requested (handle) IN nprocs Number of elements in procs (size_t) IN directives Array of pmix_info_t structures further defining the request (array of handles) IN ndirs Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) IN channels Bitmask identifying the channels to be forwarded (pmix_iof_channel_t) IN cbfunc Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) IN cbdata Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference)
21 22 23 24	 PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating that the request is being processed by the host environment - result will be returned in the provided <i>cbfunc</i>. Note that the library must not invoke the callback function prior to returning from the API.
25 26 27 28	 PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED, indicating that the request was immediately processed and returned <i>success</i> - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called
29 30	▼ Required Attributes ·····▼ The following attributes are required to be included in the passed <i>info</i> array: PMIX_USERID "pmix.euid" (uint32_t)
31 32 33	Effective user id. PMIX_GRPID " pmix.egid " (uint32_t) Effective group id.

1	
2 3	Host environments that provide this module entry point are required to support the following attributes:
4 5 6	<pre>PMIX_IOF_CACHE_SIZE "pmix.iof.csize" (uint32_t) The requested size of the server cache in bytes for each specified channel. By default, the server is allowed (but not required) to drop all bytes received beyond the max size.</pre>
7 8	PMIX_IOF_DROP_OLDEST " pmix.iof.old " (bool) In an overflow situation, drop the oldest bytes to make room in the cache.
9 10 11	<pre>PMIX_IOF_DROP_NEWEST "pmix.iof.new" (bool) In an overflow situation, drop any new bytes received until room becomes available in the cache (default).</pre>
	✓ Optional Attributes
12	The following attributes may be supported by a host environment.
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_SIZE "pmix.iof.bsize" (uint32_t) Controls grouping of IO on the specified channel(s) to avoid being called every time a bit of IO arrives. The library will execute the callback whenever the specified number of bytes becomes available. Any remaining buffered data will be "flushed" upon call to deregister the respective channel.</pre>
18 19 20 21	<pre>PMIX_IOF_BUFFERING_TIME "pmix.iof.btime" (uint32_t) Max time in seconds to buffer IO before delivering it. Used in conjunction with buffering size, this prevents IO from being held indefinitely while waiting for another payload to arrive.</pre>
22 23 24 25	Description Request the specified IO channels be forwarded from the given array of processes. An error shall be returned in the callback function if the requested service from any of the requested processes cannot be provided. Advice to PMIx library implementers
26 27 28	The forwarding of stdin is a <i>push</i> process - processes cannot request that it be <i>pulled</i> from some other source. Requests including the PMIX_FWD_STDIN_CHANNEL channel will return a PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED error.

1 11.2.26 pmix_server_stdin_fn_t

2 Summary

3

Pass standard input data to the host environment for transmission to specified recipients.

<pre>PMIx v3.0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5</pre>	4		Format
6 const pmix_proc_t *source, 7 const pmix_proc_t targets[], 8 size_t ntargets, 9 const pmix_info_t directives[], 10 size_t ndirs, 11 const pmix_byte_object_t *bo, 12 pmix_op_cbfunc_t cbfunc, void *cbdata); 13 IN source 14 pmix_proc_t structure of source process (handle) 15 IN targets 16 Array of pmix_proc_t target identifiers (handle) 17 IN ntargets 18 Number of elements in the <i>targets</i> array (integer) 19 IN directives 20 Array of info structures (array of handles) 21 IN ndirs 22 Number of elements in the <i>info</i> array (integer) 23 IN bo 24 Pointer to pmix_byte_object_t containing the payload (handle) 25 IN cbdua 26 Callback function pmix_op_cbfunc_t (function reference) 27 IN cbdata 28 Data to be passed to the callback function (memory reference) 29 Returns one of the following: 20 • PMIX_SUCCESS, indicating tha		PMIx v3.0	0
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	32		function prior to returning from the API.
	33		• PMIX_OPERATION_SUCCEEDED , indicating that the request was immediately processed and
	34		
• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately	35		• a PMIx error constant indicating either an error in the input or that the request was immediately
36 processed and failed - the <i>cbfunc</i> will not be called			

Required Attributes

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The following attributes are required to be included in the passed *info* array:

PMIX_USERID "**pmix.euid**" (**uint32_t**) Effective user id.

PMIX_GRPID "**pmix.egid**" (**uint32_t**) Effective group id.

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Description

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Passes stdin to the host environment for transmission to specified recipients. The host environment is responsible for forwarding the data to all locations that host the specified *targets* and delivering the payload to the PMIx server library connected to those clients.

— Advice to PMIx server hosts –

If this module entry is provided and called by the PMIx server library, then the host environment must either provide the requested services or return **PMIX_ERR_NOT_SUPPORTED** to the provided *cbfunc*.

APPENDIX A Acknowledgements

This document represents the work of many people who have contributed to the PMIx community.
Without the hard work and dedication of these people this document would not have been possible.
The sections below list some of the active participants and organizations in the various PMIx
standard iterations.

5 A.1 Version 3.0

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18 19 The following list includes some of the active participants in the PMIx v3 standardization process.

- Ralph H. Castain, Andrew Friedley, Brandon Yates
- Joshua Hursey
- Aurelien Bouteiller and George Bosilca
- Dirk Schubert
 - Kevin Harms
- 12 The following institutions supported this effort through time and travel support for the people listed13 above.
 - Intel Corporation
 - IBM, Inc.
 - University of Tennessee, Knoxville
 - The Exascale Computing Project, an initiative of the US Department of Energy
 - National Science Foundation
 - Argonne National Laboratory
- Allinea (ARM)

1 A.2 Version 2.0

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- The following list includes some of the active participants in the PMIx v2 standardization process.
 - Ralph H. Castain, Annapurna Dasari, Christopher A. Holguin, Andrew Friedley, Michael Klemm and Terry Wilmarth
 - Joshua Hursey, David Solt, Alexander Eichenberger, Geoff Paulsen, and Sameh Sharkawi
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 - Michael Karo

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- IBM, Inc.
- University of Tennessee, Knoxville
- The Exascale Computing Project, an initiative of the US Department of Energy
- National Science Foundation
 - Mellanox, Inc.
 - Research Organization for Information Science and Technology
 - HPE Co.

1		• Allinea (ARM)
2		• SchedMD, Inc.
3		• Fujitsu Limited
4		Los Alamos National Laboratory
5		Adaptive Solutions, Inc.
6		• INRIA
7		Oak Ridge National Laboratory
8		Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
9		Sandia National Laboratory
10		• Altair
	• •	
11	A.3	Version 1.0
12		The following list includes some of the active participants in the PMIx v1 standardization process.
13		Ralph H. Castain, Annapurna Dasari and Christopher A. Holguin
14		Joshua Hursey and David Solt
15		Aurelien Bouteiller and George Bosilca
16		Artem Polyakov, Elena Shipunova, Igor Ivanov, and Joshua Ladd
17		Gilles Gouaillardet
18		Gary Brown
19		• Moe Jette
20 21		The following institutions supported this effort through time and travel support for the people listed above.
22		Intel Corporation
23		• IBM, Inc.
24		• University of Tennessee, Knoxville
25		• Mellanox, Inc.
26		Research Organization for Information Science and Technology
27		Adaptive Solutions, Inc.
28		• SchedMD, Inc.

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 Ralph H. Castain, David Solt, Joshua Hursey, and Aurelien Bouteiller. PMIx: Process management for exascale environments. In *Proceedings of the 24th European MPI Users' Group Meeting*, EuroMPI '17, pages 14:1–14:10, New York, NY, USA, 2017. ACM.

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