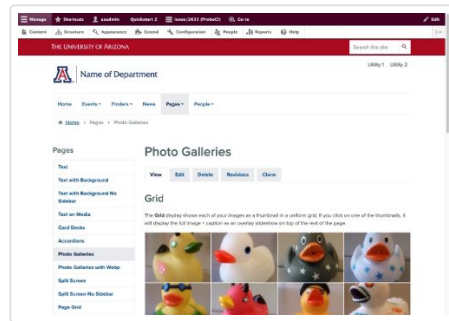


Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The [performance score is calculated](#) directly from these metrics. [See calculator.](#)

- ▲ 0-49
- 50-89
- 90-100



METRICS

[Expand view](#)

▲ First Contentful Paint
2.7 s

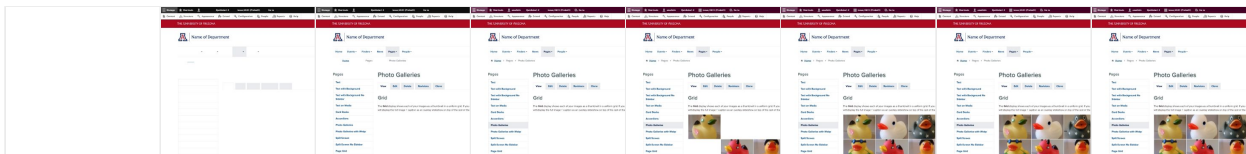
▲ Largest Contentful Paint
2.8 s

● Total Blocking Time
0 ms

● Cumulative Layout Shift
0.003

▲ Speed Index
3.9 s

[View Treemap](#)



Show audits relevant to: [All](#) [FCP](#) [LCP](#) [TBT](#) [CLS](#)

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 1,090 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. [Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources.](#) FCP LCP



Consider using a module to inline critical CSS and JavaScript, and use the defer attribute for non-critical CSS or JavaScript.

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
probo.build 1st Party	27.3 KiB	5,080 ms
...css/css_xtvp2...css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	18.9 KiB	1,240 ms
...css/css_pvZd8...css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	3.7 KiB	1,280 ms
...css/css_2Nvgl...css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	3.5 KiB	1,280 ms
...js/js_XuBUo0...js?scope=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	1.3 KiB	1,280 ms
Adobe TypeKit Cdn	2.5 KiB	260 ms
/emv3zbo.css (use.typekit.net)	2.5 KiB	260 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	0.5 KiB	260 ms
/css?family=Material+Icons+Sharp (fonts.googleapis.com)	0.5 KiB	260 ms
arizona.edu	53.3 KiB	540 ms
...1.0.2/az-icons-styles.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	1.0 KiB	300 ms
...css/arizona-bootstrap.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	52.3 KiB	240 ms

▲ Use HTTP/2 — 38 requests not served via HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. [Learn more about HTTP/2.](#)

URL	Protocol
probo.build 1st Party	

URL	Protocol
/pages/photo-galleries (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...css/css_xtvp2....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...css/css_pvZd8....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...css/css_2Nvgl....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...js/js_XuBUo0....js?scope=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...images/logo.png (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck01.jpg.webp?itok=Olcv8PWJ (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck02.jpg.webp?itok=HYBnYxMh (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck03.jpg.webp?itok=yqbFR4-7 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck04.jpg.webp?itok=BL5OnLuv (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck05.jpg.webp?itok=qmxxxBsA (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck06.jpg.webp?itok=hkorL_s8 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck07.jpg.webp?itok=_hVNDmvg (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck08.jpg.webp?itok=OjyLRRKv (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck09.jpg.webp?itok=YyVWwu9M (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck10.jpg.webp?itok=V4f0qla7 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck11.jpg.webp?itok=ODhEd6OG (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/earth_solid.jpg.webp?itok=8eWN74J4 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1

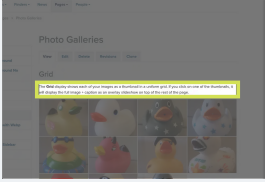
URL	Protocol
...public/earth_solid_2.jpg.webp?itok=HG7UVTxu (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...js/js_VY0Yh3....js?scope=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...js/js_i6-MnG....js?scope=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...css/css_lsjop....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...images/env-bebebe.svg (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...bebebe/coffee.svg (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck01.jpg.webp?itok=TOowfVG2 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck02.jpg.webp?itok=DWVRYU3I (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck03.jpg.webp?itok=t1aBLECO (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck04.jpg.webp?itok=id6YaC7q (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck05.jpg.webp?itok=Zsk4ElyH (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck06.jpg.webp?itok=rffa2-Tk (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck07.jpg.webp?itok=mTYpyFDf (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck08.jpg.webp?itok=yu_8fTid (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck09.jpg.webp?itok=Mlkbrkw7 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck10.jpg.webp?itok=mq-A6S7F (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...public/placeduck11.jpg.webp?itok=-G0wy9t2 (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...coffee/get-data (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1

URL	Protocol
...az_barrio/favicon.ico (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1
...23/read (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	http/1.1

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 2,820 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. [Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element](#) LCP

Element



p

Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	46%	1,300 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	54%	1,520 ms

▲ Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 57 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. [Learn how to reduce unused CSS.](#) FCP LCP

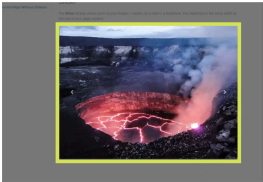
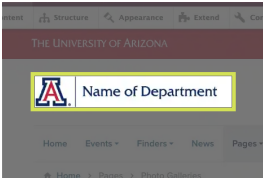
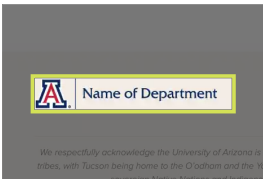
Consider removing unused CSS rules and only attach the needed Drupal libraries to the relevant page or component in a page. See the [Drupal documentation link](#) for details. To identify attached libraries that are adding extraneous CSS, try running [code coverage](#) in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/module responsible from the URL of the stylesheet when CSS aggregation is disabled in your Drupal site. Look out for themes/modules that have many stylesheets in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A theme/module should only enqueue a stylesheet if it is actually used on the page.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	45.4 KiB	42.1 KiB
:root { font-size: 100%; } ...	24.1 KiB	23.6 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
#inner-shadow-companion { font-size: 100%; } ...	21.3 KiB	18.5 KiB
probo.build 1st Party	18.4 KiB	14.7 KiB
...css/css_xtvp2....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	18.4 KiB	14.7 KiB

Image elements do not have explicit [width](#) and [height](#)

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. [Learn how to set image dimensions](#) CLS

URL
probo.build 1st Party
 <p>img.d-block.w-100.img-fluid.image-style-az-large</p> <p>...public/earth_solid.jpg.webp? itok=8eWN74J4 (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)</p>
 <p>img.img-fluid</p> <p>...images/logo.png (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)</p>
 <p>img.img-fluid</p> <p>...images/logo.png (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)</p>

Minify CSS — Potential savings of 2 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. [Learn how to minify CSS](#). FCP LCP



Ensure you have enabled "Aggregate CSS files" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page. Ensure your Drupal site is running at least Drupal 10.1 for improved asset aggregation support.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
:root { font-size: 100%; } ...	24.1 KiB	2.4 KiB

■ Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 161 KiB ^

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. [Learn how to minify JavaScript.](#) FCP LCP



Ensure you have enabled "Aggregate JavaScript files" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page. Ensure your Drupal site is running at least Drupal 10.1 for improved asset aggregation support.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
chrome-extension://gcbalfbdmfieckjlnblleoemohcganoc/content_script.js	399.4 KiB	160.6 KiB

■ Enable text compression — Potential savings of 7 KiB ^

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. [Learn more about text compression.](#) FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
probo.build 1st Party	8.5 KiB	6.9 KiB
...coffee/get-data (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	8.5 KiB	6.9 KiB

■ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 5 resources found ^

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. [Learn more about efficient cache policies.](#)



Set the "Browser and proxy cache maximum age" in the "Administration » Configuration » Development" page. Read about [Drupal cache and optimizing for performance.](#)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
arizona.edu		82 KiB
...css/arizona-bootstrap.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	8d	52 KiB
...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	8d	24 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	8d	5 KiB
...1.0.2/az-icons-styles.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	8d	1 KiB
Adobe TypeKit Cdn		0 KiB
/p.css?s=... (p.typekit.net)	7d	0 KiB

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Leverage the `font-display` CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. [Learn more about font-display](#). FCP LCP



Specify `@font-display` when defining custom fonts in your theme.

URL	Potential Savings
Adobe TypeKit Cdn	340 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n7&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n5&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n6&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=i3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
...27/!/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	60 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	180 ms
...v109/oPWQ_It5n....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	180 ms
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	10 ms
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiiihnedobmlmillhodjkdmb/fonts/CircularXXWeb-Book.woff2	10 ms

Does not use passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. [Learn more about adopting passive event listeners.](#)

Source

probo.build 1st Party

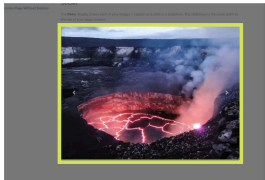
`js_VY0Yh3HjaCYbsskXJ...F7alKGqdz6imsA.js:3`

Properly size images — Potential savings of 43 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. [Learn how to size images.](#)



Ensure that you are using the native [Responsive Image Styles](#) provided from Drupal (available in Drupal 8 and above). Use the Responsive Image Styles when rendering image fields through view modes, views, or images uploaded through the WYSIWYG editor.

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
probo.build 1st Party	90.4 KiB	43.1 KiB
 img.d-block.w-100.img-fluid.image-style-az-large	...public/earth_solid.jpg.webp? itok=8eWN74J4 (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	90.4 KiB 43.1 KiB

Defer offscreen images — Potential savings of 53 KiB

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. [Learn how to defer offscreen images.](#)



Install [a Drupal module](#) that can lazy load images. Such modules provide the ability to defer any offscreen images to improve performance.

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
probo.build 1st Party	53.4 KiB	53.4 KiB
img.d-block.az-gallery-img.img-fluid.image-style-az-large	...public/placeduck01.jpg.webp? itok=Olcv8PWJ (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	27.5 KiB 27.5 KiB
img.d-block.az-gallery-img.img-fluid.image-style-az-large	...public/placeduck02.jpg.webp? itok=HYBnYxMh (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-	25.9 KiB 25.9 KiB

URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)		

■ Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 9 KiB ^

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers.

[Learn how to use modern JavaScript](#) TBT

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Potential Savings
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	8.4 KiB
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiiihnedobmlmillhodjdkmb/js/companionBubble.js	8.4 KiB
companionBubble.js:4	@babel/plugin-transform-classes
companionBubble.js:4	Object.keys
Unattributable	0.7 KiB
chrome-extension://gcba1fbdmfieckjlnblleoemohcganoc/content_script.js	0.7 KiB
content_script.js:954	@babel/plugin-transform-classes
content_script.js:1619	@babel/plugin-transform-spread
content_script.js:2407	@babel/plugin-transform-regenerator
arizona.edu	0.0 KiB
...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	0.0 KiB
arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js:6	@babel/plugin-transform-classes

■ Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 881 KiB ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network

activity. [Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript.](#) LCP



Consider removing unused JavaScript assets and only attach the needed Drupal libraries to the relevant page or component in a page. See the [Drupal documentation link](#) for details. To identify attached libraries that are adding extraneous JavaScript, try running [code coverage](#) in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/module responsible from the URL of the script when JavaScript aggregation is disabled in your Drupal site. Look out for themes/modules that have many scripts in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A theme/module should only enqueue a script if it is actually used on the page.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	988.4 KiB	573.7 KiB
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiihnedobmlmillhodjkmb/js/companionBubble.js	988.4 KiB	573.7 KiB
Unattributable	399.4 KiB	251.3 KiB
chrome-extension://gcbalfbdfieckjlnblleoemohcganoc/content_script.js	399.4 KiB	251.3 KiB
probo.build 1st Party	103.1 KiB	56.0 KiB
...js/js_VY0Yh3...js?scope=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	71.9 KiB	35.7 KiB
...js/js_i6-MnG...js?scope=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	31.3 KiB	20.3 KiB

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 350 ms ^

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. [Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric.](#) FCP LCP



Themes, modules, and server specifications all contribute to server response time. Consider finding a more optimized theme, carefully selecting an optimization module, and/or upgrading your server. Your hosting servers should make use of PHP opcode caching, memory-caching to reduce database query times such as Redis or Memcached, as well as optimized application logic to prepare pages faster.

URL	Time Spent
probo.build 1st Party	350 ms
/pages/photo-galleries (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	350 ms

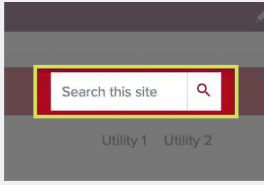
Avoid large layout shifts — 2 layout shifts found ^

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout

shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to [windowing](#). [Learn how to improve CLS](#) CLS

Element

L
shift



div#block-az-barrio-search.search-block-form.contextual-region.az-search-block.block.block-search.block-search-form-block

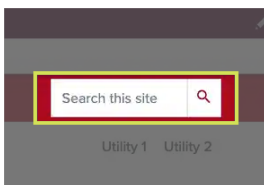
...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

...css/css_xtvp2....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

...css/css_2Nxgl....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

...js/js_XuBUo0....js?scope=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

...css/css_pvZd8....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)



div#block-az-barrio-search.search-block-form.contextual-region.az-search-block.block.block-search.block-search-form-block

...v109/oPWQ_lt5n....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)

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...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

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...css/css_xtvp2....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

A k
net
req
adj
the
lay

...css/css_2Nxgl....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

A k
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...js/js_XuBUo0....js?scope=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

A k
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lay

...css/css_pvZd8....css?delta=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)

A k
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Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 1,162 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. [Learn how to reduce payload sizes.](#) LCP



Consider using [Responsive Image Styles](#) to reduce the size of images loaded on your page. If you are using Views to show multiple content items on a page, consider implementing pagination to limit the number of content items shown on a given page.

Show 3rd-party resources (5)

URL	Transfer Size
probo.build 1st Party	275.8 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
...public/earth_solid.jpg.webp?itok=8eWN74J4 (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	90.8 KiB
...js/js_VY0Yh3...js?scope=... (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	72.3 KiB
...public/placeduck08.jpg.webp?itok=OjyLRRKv (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	38.9 KiB
...public/earth_solid_2.jpg.webp?itok=HG7UVTxu (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	38.2 KiB
...public/placeduck11.jpg.webp?itok=ODhEd6OG (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	35.5 KiB
Google Fonts Cdn	132.9 KiB
...v109/oPWQ_lIt5n...woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	132.9 KiB
Adobe TypeKit Cdn	103.7 KiB
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=i3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	36.0 KiB
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	34.0 KiB
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n7&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	33.7 KiB
arizona.edu	52.3 KiB
...css/arizona-bootstrap.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	52.3 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 564 elements ^

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer [style calculations](#), and produce costly [layout reflows](#). [Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size.](#) TBT

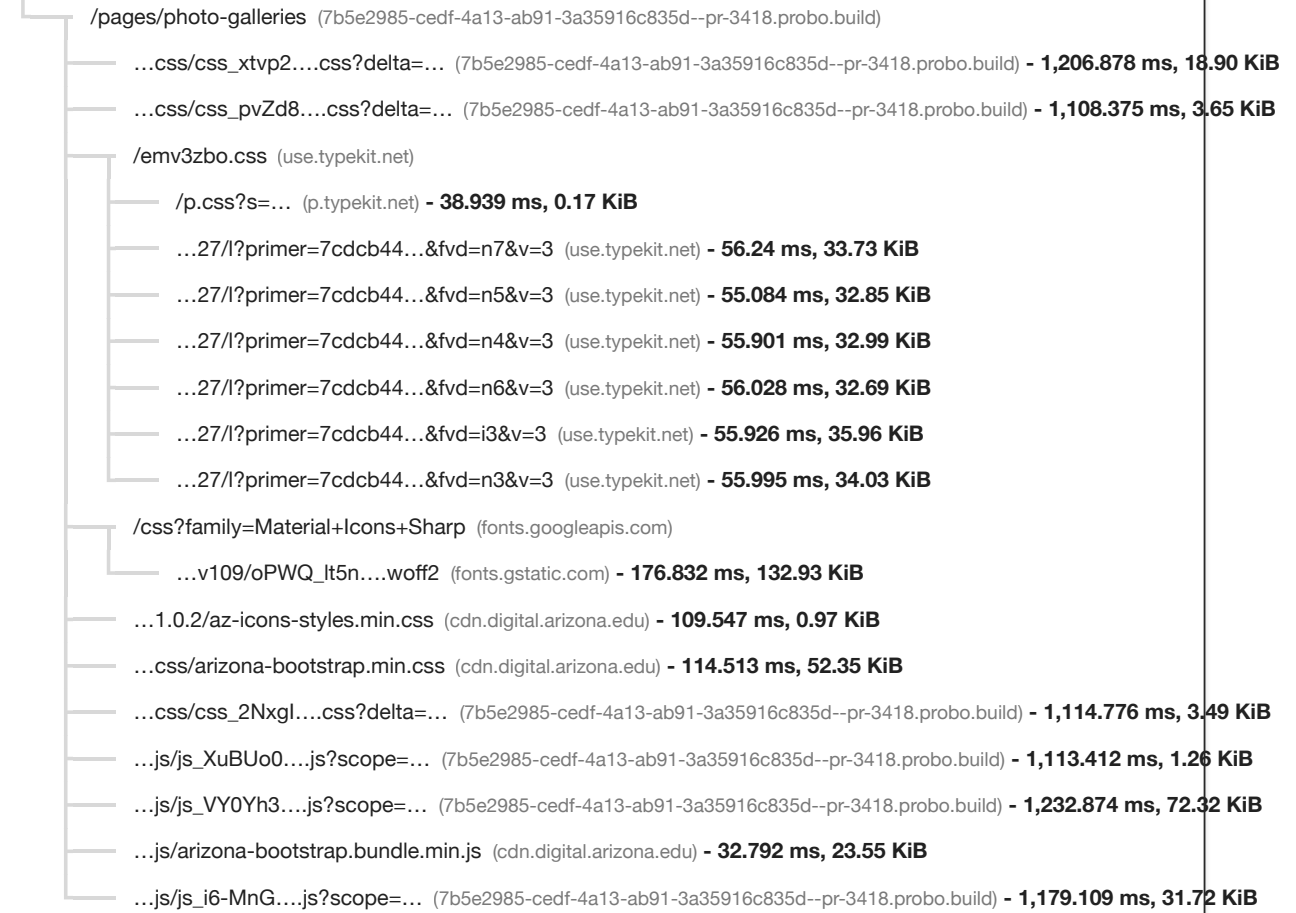
Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		564
Maximum DOM Depth	img.d-block.az-gallery-img.img-fluid.image-style-az-large	25
Maximum Child Elements	div.dropdown-menu	19

○ Avoid chaining critical requests — 17 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. [Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.](#) FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: **2,819.878 ms**

Initial Navigation



○ JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time.](#) TBT

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
probo.build 1st Party	309 ms	71 ms	34 ms
/pages/photo-galleries (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	249 ms	32 ms	32 ms
...js/js_i6-MnG...js?scope=... (7b5e2985-ceedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	60 ms	39 ms	2 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	143 ms	70 ms	61 ms
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiiihnedobmlmillhodjdkmb/js/companionBubble.js	143 ms	70 ms	61 ms
Unattributable	104 ms	1 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	104 ms	1 ms	0 ms

○ Minimizes main-thread work — 0.6 s ^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn how to minimize main-thread work](#) TBT

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	165 ms
Style & Layout	157 ms
Other	139 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	101 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	20 ms
Rendering	13 ms
Garbage Collection	6 ms

○ Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms ^

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. [Learn how to minimize third-party impact.](#) TBT

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Adobe TypeKit Cdn	205 KiB	0 ms
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=i3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	36 KiB	0 ms
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n3&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	34 KiB	0 ms

	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Third-Party		
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n7&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	34 KiB	0 ms
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n4&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	33 KiB	0 ms
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n5&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	33 KiB	0 ms
...27/?primer=7cdcb44...&fvd=n6&v=3 (use.typekit.net)	33 KiB	0 ms
/emv3zbo.css (use.typekit.net)	2 KiB	0 ms
/p.css?s=... (p.typekit.net)	0 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	133 KiB	0 ms
...v109/oPWQ_lT5n...woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	133 KiB	0 ms
/css?family=Material+Icons+Sharp (fonts.googleapis.com)	0 KiB	0 ms
arizona.edu	82 KiB	0 ms
...css/arizona-bootstrap.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	52 KiB	0 ms
...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	24 KiB	0 ms
...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	5 KiB	0 ms
...1.0.2/az-icons-styles.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	1 KiB	0 ms
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	67 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://liebdddmiiehnedobmlillhodjkdmb/fonts/CircularXXWeb-Book.woff2	67 KiB	0 ms
Tango: Create how-to guides with screenshots Chrome Extension	13 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lggdbpblkekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/DZQM9lQ6.js	9 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lggdbpblkekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/adY2JcPG.js	3 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lggdbpblkekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/CRTsvRaD.js	1 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://lggdbpblkekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/Cjbr4oTZ.js	0 KiB	0 ms

Avoid long main-thread tasks — 3 long tasks found ^

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. [Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks](#) TBT

Show 3rd-party resources (1)




URL	Start Time	Duration
probo.build 1st Party		135 ms
/pages/photo-galleries (7b5e2985-cedf-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	1,375 ms	68 ms

URL	Start Time	Duration
/pages/photo-galleries (7b5e2985-ceed-4a13-ab91-3a35916c835d--pr-3418.probo.build)	1,444 ms	67 ms
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension		121 ms
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiihnedobmlmillhodjkdmdb/js/companionBubble.js	1,527 ms	121 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't [directly affect](#) the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (15)

Hide

<p>● Efficiently encode images ^</p> <p>Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.</p> <p> Consider using a module that automatically optimizes and reduces the size of images uploaded through the site while retaining quality. Also, ensure you are using the native Responsive Image Styles provided from Drupal (available in Drupal 8 and above) for all images rendered on the site.</p>
<p>● Serve images in next-gen formats ^</p> <p>Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats.</p> <p> Consider configuring WebP image formats with a Convert image style on your site.</p>
<p>● Preconnect to required origins ^</p> <p>Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP</p> <p> Preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints can be added by installing and configuring a module that provides facilities for user agent resource hints.</p>
<p>● Avoid multiple page redirects ^</p> <p>Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP LCP</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Preload key requests ^</p> <p>Consider using <code><link rel=preload></code> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn how to preload key requests. FCP LCP</p>
<p>● Use video formats for animated content ^</p>

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. [Learn more about efficient video formats](#) LCP



Consider uploading your GIF to a service which will make it available to embed as an HTML5 video.

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles ^

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image ^

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. [Learn more about preloading LCP elements](#). LCP

User Timing marks and measures ^

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. [Learn more about User Timing marks](#).

Lazy load third-party resources with facades ^

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. [Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade](#). TBT

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded ^

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. [Learn more about optimal lazy loading](#). LCP

Avoids `document.write()` ^

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. [Learn how to avoid document.write\(\)](#).

Avoid non-composited animations ^

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. [Learn how to avoid non-composited animations](#) CLS

Has a `<meta name="viewport">` tag with `width` or `initial-scale` ^

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents [a 300 millisecond delay to user input](#). [Learn more about using the viewport meta tag](#). TBT

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration ^

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. [Learn more about the bfcache](#)

100

Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to [improve the accessibility of your web app](#). Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so [manual testing](#) is also encouraged.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

<input type="radio"/> Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable .	
<input type="radio"/> Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints .	
<input type="radio"/> The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering .	
<input type="radio"/> Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual ordering .	
<input type="radio"/> User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus traps .	
<input type="radio"/> The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content .	

<input type="radio"/> HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.	
<input type="radio"/> Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
<input type="radio"/> Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels.	
<input type="radio"/> Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.	

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on [conducting an accessibility review.](#)

PASSED AUDITS (23)

Hide

<input checked="" type="radio"/> [aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes.	

<p>● Buttons have an accessible name ^</p>
<p>When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.</p>
<p>● Image elements have <code>[alt]</code> attributes ^</p>
<p>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.</p>
<p>● <code>[user-scalable="no"]</code> is not used in the <code><meta name="viewport"></code> element and the <code>[maximum-scale]</code> attribute is not less than 5. ^</p>
<p>Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</p>
<p>● <code>[aria-hidden="true"]</code> elements do not contain focusable descendents ^</p>
<p>Focusable descendents within an <code>[aria-hidden="true"]</code> element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.</p>
<p>● <code>[role]</code> values are valid ^</p>
<p>ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles.</p>
<p>● Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio ^</p>
<p>Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.</p>
<p>● Document has a <code><title></code> element ^</p>
<p>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.</p>
<p>● <code>[id]</code> attributes on active, focusable elements are unique ^</p>
<p>All focusable elements must have a unique <code>id</code> to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids.</p>
<p>● <code><html></code> element has a <code>[lang]</code> attribute ^</p>
<p>If a page doesn't specify a <code>lang</code> attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.</p>

<p>● <code><html></code> element has a valid value for its <code>[lang]</code> attribute ^</p>
<p>Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute.</p>
<p>● Form elements have associated labels ^</p>
<p>Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels.</p>
<p>● Links are distinguishable without relying on color. ^</p>
<p>Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.</p>
<p>● Links have a discernible name ^</p>
<p>Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.</p>
<p>● Lists contain only <code></code> elements and script supporting elements (<code><script></code> and <code><template></code>). ^</p>
<p>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure.</p>
<p>● List items (<code></code>) are contained within <code></code>, <code></code> or <code><menu></code> parent elements ^</p>
<p>Screen readers require list items (<code></code>) to be contained within a parent <code></code>, <code></code> or <code><menu></code> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure.</p>
<p>● Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order ^</p>
<p>Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.</p>
<p>● Values assigned to <code>role=""</code> are valid ARIA roles. ^</p>
<p>ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about ARIA roles.</p>
<p>● Image elements do not have <code>[alt]</code> attributes that are redundant text. ^</p>
<p>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.</p>

<input type="radio"/> [accesskey] values are unique ^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.
<input type="radio"/> button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names ^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.
<input type="radio"/> Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names. ^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA input fields have accessible names ^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input field labels.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA meter elements have accessible names ^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name meter elements.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names ^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements.
<input type="radio"/> Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. ^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about roles and required children elements.
<input type="radio"/> [role]s are contained by their required parent element ^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.
<input type="radio"/> Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents. ^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.

<input type="radio"/> ARIA toggle fields have accessible names ^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA <code>tooltip</code> elements have accessible names ^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA <code>treeitem</code> elements have accessible names ^
When a <code>treeitem</code> element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.
<input type="radio"/> The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region ^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more about bypass blocks.
<input type="radio"/> <code><dl></code> 's contain only properly-ordered <code><dt></code> and <code><dd></code> groups, <code><script></code> , <code><template></code> or <code><div></code> elements. ^
When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.
<input type="radio"/> Definition list items are wrapped in <code><dl></code> elements ^
Definition list items (<code><dt></code> and <code><dd></code>) must be wrapped in a parent <code><dl></code> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.
<input type="radio"/> ARIA IDs are unique ^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.
<input type="radio"/> No form fields have multiple labels ^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.
<input type="radio"/> <code><frame></code> or <code><iframe></code> elements have a title ^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.
<input type="radio"/> <code><html></code> element has an <code>[xml:lang]</code> attribute with the same base language as the <code>[lang]</code> attribute. ^

<p>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Input buttons have discernible text. ^</p>
<p>Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> <code><input type="image"></code> elements have <code>[alt]</code> text ^</p>
<p>When an image is being used as an <code><input></code> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> The document does not use <code><meta http-equiv="refresh"></code> ^</p>
<p>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> <code><object></code> elements have alternate text ^</p>
<p>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <code><object></code> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Select elements have associated label elements. ^</p>
<p>Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Skip links are focusable. ^</p>
<p>Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> No element has a <code>[tabindex]</code> value greater than 0 ^</p>
<p>A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <code><caption></code>. ^</p>
<p>The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <code><caption></code> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</p>
<p><input type="radio"/> Cells in a <code><table></code> element that use the <code>[headers]</code> attribute refer to table cells within the same table. ^</p>
<p>Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring <code><td></code> cells using the <code>[headers]</code> attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.</p>

- `<th>` elements and elements with `[role="columnheader"/"rowheader"]` have data cells they describe. ^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about table headers.](#)

- `[lang]` attributes have a valid value ^

Specifying a valid [BCP 47 language](#) on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. [Learn how to use the lang attribute.](#)

- `<video>` elements contain a `<track>` element with `[kind="captions"]` ^

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. [Learn more about video captions.](#)

- All heading elements contain content. ^

A heading with no content or inaccessible text prevent screen reader users from accessing information on the page's structure. [Learn more about headings.](#)

- Identical links have the same purpose. ^

Links with the same destination should have the same description, to help users understand the link's purpose and decide whether to follow it. [Learn more about identical links.](#)

- Document has a main landmark. ^

One main landmark helps screen reader users navigate a web page. [Learn more about landmarks.](#)

- Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. ^

Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. [Learn more about touch targets.](#)

- Elements with visible text labels have matching accessible names. ^

Visible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about accessible names.](#)

- Tables use `<caption>` instead of cells with the `[colspan]` attribute to indicate a caption. ^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element instead of cells with the `[colspan]` attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about captions.](#)

- `<td>` elements in a large `<table>` have one or more table headers. ^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that <td> elements in a large table (3 or more cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more about table headers.](#)



Best Practices

GENERAL

▲ Uses third-party cookies — 6 cookies found ^

Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. [Learn more about phasing out third-party cookies.](#)

Name	URL
arizona.edu	
_hjSessionUser_1884950	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
_hjSessionUser_2500228	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
fpestid	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
_hjSessionUser_1912249	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
_hjSessionUser_3379200	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
_hjSessionUser_2091036	...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

▲ Issues were logged in the **Issues** panel in Chrome Devtools ^

Issues logged to the **Issues** panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the **Issues** panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Issue type
Cookie
...v1.0.0/ua_wordmark_line_logo_white_rgb.min.svg (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
...1.0.2/az-icons-styles.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

Issue type

...css/arizona-bootstrap.min.css (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)

Detected JavaScript libraries ^

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. [Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.](#)

Name	Version
jQuery	3.7.1
jQuery UI	1.13.2
Backbone	1.5.0
Underscore	1.13.6
Drupal	

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks ^

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. [Learn how to use a CSP to prevent XSS](#)

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

PASSED AUDITS (12)

Hide

Uses HTTPS ^

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding [mixed content](#), where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. [Learn more about HTTPS.](#)

Avoids deprecated APIs ^

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. [Learn more about deprecated APIs.](#)

<p>● Allows users to paste into input fields ^</p>
<p>Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields.</p>
<p>● Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load ^</p>
<p>Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.</p>
<p>● Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load ^</p>
<p>Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.</p>
<p>● Displays images with correct aspect ratio ^</p>
<p>Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.</p>
<p>● Serves images with appropriate resolution ^</p>
<p>Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images.</p>
<p>● Page has the HTML doctype ^</p>
<p>Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.</p>
<p>● Properly defines charset ^</p>
<p>A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <code><meta></code> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.</p>
<p>● Avoids <code>unload</code> event listeners ^</p>
<p>The <code>unload</code> event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use <code>pagehide</code> or <code>visibilitychange</code> events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners</p>
<p>● No browser errors logged to the console ^</p>
<p>Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</p>
<p>● Page has valid source maps ^</p>
<p>Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn</p>

[more about source maps.](#)

Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Map URL
Loom – Screen Recorder & Screen Capture Chrome Extension	
chrome-extension://liecbddmkiihnedobmlmillhodjdkmb/js/companionBubble.js	chrome-extension://liecbddmkiihnedobmlmillhodjdkmb/js/companionBubble.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
Tango: Create how-to guides with screenshots Chrome Extension	
chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/DZQM9lQ6.js	chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/DZQM9lQ6.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/CRTsvRaD.js	chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/CRTsvRaD.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/Cjbr4oTZ.js	chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/Cjbr4oTZ.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/adY2JcPG.js	chrome-extension://lggdbpbblekjjbobadliahffoabaknh/assets/adY2JcPG.js.map
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
arizona.edu	
...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)	...js/arizona-bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (cdn.digital.arizona.edu)
Unattributable	
chrome-extension://gcba1fbdmfieckjlnblleoemohcganoc/content_script.js	

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

Hide

Fonts with `font-display: optional` are preloaded ^

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. [Learn more about preloading fonts](#)



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on [Core Web Vitals](#). [Learn more about Google Search Essentials](#).

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description ^

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. [Learn more about the meta description](#).

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid ^

Run the [Structured Data Testing Tool](#) and the [Structured Data Linter](#) to validate structured data. [Learn more about Structured Data](#).

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (10)

Hide

● Has a `<meta name="viewport">` tag with `width` or `initial-scale` ^

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents [a 300 millisecond delay to user input](#). [Learn more about using the viewport meta tag](#). TBT

● Document has a `<title>` element ^

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. [Learn more about document titles](#).

● Page has successful HTTP status code ^

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Links have descriptive text	^
Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more about avoiding plugins.	

NOT APPLICABLE (3)

Hide

<input type="radio"/> robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.	
<input type="radio"/> Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to “pinch to zoom” in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.	

○ Tap targets are sized appropriately ^

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. [Learn more about tap targets.](#)

As per [Chrome's updated Installability Criteria](#), Lighthouse will be deprecating the PWA category in a future release. Please refer to the [updated PWA documentation](#) for future PWA testing.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. [Learn what makes a good Progressive Web App.](#)

+ INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason ^

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. [Learn more about manifest installability requirements.](#)

Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

★ PWA OPTIMIZED

Is not configured for a custom splash screen

▲ Failures: Manifest does not have a PNG icon of at least 512px, Manifest does not have `background_color`, Manifest does not have `theme_color`, Manifest does not have `name`. ^

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. [Learn more about splash screens.](#)

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

▲ Failures: Manifest does not have `theme_color`, No `^

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. [Learn more about theming the address bar.](#)

<input type="radio"/>	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^
If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.		
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input . Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT		
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon	^
A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons.		

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Hide

<input type="radio"/>	Site works cross-browser	^
To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility.		
<input type="radio"/>	Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more about page transitions.		
<input type="radio"/>	Each page has a URL	^
Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more about providing deep links.		

These checks are required by the baseline [PWA Checklist](#) but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at May 17, 2024, 10:26 AM MST	Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 11.6.0	Single page session
Initial page load	Custom throttling	Using Chromium 124.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse 11.6.0** | [File an issue](#)